











TS5A3166-Q1

SCDS357A - JULY 2014-REVISED DECEMBER 2014

## TS5A3166-Q1 0.9-Ω SPST Analog Switch

#### **Features**

- **Qualified for Automotive Applications**
- Isolation in Powered-Off Mode,  $V_{+} = 0$
- Low ON-State Resistance (0.9  $\Omega$ )
- Control Inputs are 5.5 V Tolerant
- Low Charge Injection
- Low Total Harmonic Distortion (THD)
- 1.65-V to 5.5-V Single-Supply Operation
- Latch-Up Performance Exceeds 100 mA Per JESD 78, Class II
- ESD Performance Tested Per JESD 22
  - 2000-V Human-Body Model (A114-B, Class II)
  - 1000-V Charged-Device Model (C101)

#### 2 Applications

- Cell Phones
- **PDAs**
- Radar System
- Infotainment System
- Portable Instrumentation
- Audio and Video Signal Routing
- Low-Voltage Data-Acquisition Systems
- **Communication Circuits**
- Modems
- Hard Drives
- Computer Peripherals
- Wireless Terminals and Peripherals
- Microphone Switching Notebook Docking

#### 3 Description

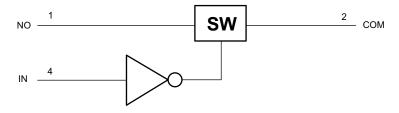
The TS5A3166-Q1 is a single-pole single-throw (SPST) analog switch that is designed to operate from 1.65 V to 5.5 V. The device offers a low ONstate resistance. The device has excellent total harmonic distortion (THD) performance consumes very low power. These features make this device suitable for portable audio applications.

#### Device Information<sup>(1)</sup>

_		<del>-</del>
PART NUMBER	PACKAGE	BODY SIZE (NOM)
TS5A3166-Q	SC70 (5)	2.00 mm × 1.25 mm

(1) For all available packages, see the orderable addendum at the end of the datasheet.

## Simplified Schematic





## **Table of Contents**

1	Features 1	9 Detailed Description	18
2	Applications 1	9.1 Overview	18
3	Description 1	9.2 Functional Block Diagram	19
4	Simplified Schematic1	9.3 Feature Description	19
5	Revision History2	9.4 Device Functional Modes	19
6	Pin Configuration and Functions	10 Application and Implementation	20
7	Specifications	10.1 Application Information	20
•	7.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings	10.2 Typical Application	21
	7.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings	11 Power Supply Recommendations	22
	7.3 Recommended Operating Conditions	12 Layout	22
	7.4 Thermal Information	12.1 Layout Guidelines	
	7.5 Electrical Characteristics for 5-V Supply	12.2 Layout Example	22
	7.6 Electrical Characteristics for 3.3-V Supply	13 Device and Documentation Support	23
	7.7 Electrical Characteristics for 2.5-V Supply9	13.1 Trademarks	
	7.8 Electrical Characteristics for 1.8-V Supply	13.2 Electrostatic Discharge Caution	23
	7.9 Typical Characteristics	13.3 Glossary	23
8	Parameter Measurement Information 15	14 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information	23

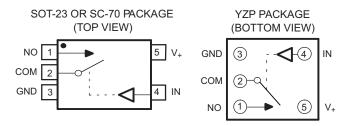
## 5 Revision History

CI	Page	
•	Initial release of full document.	1

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#### 6 Pin Configuration and Functions



#### **Pin Functions**

P	IN	I/O	DESCRIPTION
NAME	NO.	1/0	DESCRIPTION
NO 1 IO		Ю	Normally closed
COM 2 IO		Ю	Common
GND	3	GND	Digital ground
IN 4 Input		Input	Digital control pin to connect COM to NO
V <sub>+</sub> 5 P		Power	Power Supply

#### 7 Specifications

## 7.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings (1)(2)

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

			MIN	MAX	UNIT	
V <sub>+</sub>	Supply voltage range (3)		-0.5	6.5	V	
$V_{NO} \ V_{COM}$	Analog voltage range <sup>(3) (4) (5)</sup>	oltage range <sup>(3)(4)(5)</sup>				
I <sub>K</sub>	Analog port diode current	$V_{NO}$ , $V_{COM} < 0$	-50		mA	
I <sub>NO</sub>	On-state switch current	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	-200	200	mA	
I <sub>COM</sub>	On-state peak switch current (6)	$V_{NO}$ , $V_{COM} = 0$ to $V_{+}$	-400	400	IIIA	
VI	Digital input voltage range (3) (4)		-0.5	6.5	V	
I <sub>IK</sub>	Digital clamp current	V <sub>I</sub> < 0	-50		mA	
I <sub>+</sub>	Continuous current through V+			100	mA	
I <sub>GND</sub>	Continuous current through GND				mA	
T <sub>stg</sub>	Storage temperature range	-65	150	°C		

- (1) Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.
- (2) The algebraic convention, whereby the most negative value is a minimum and the most positive value is a maximum
- (3) All voltages are with respect to ground, unless otherwise specified.
- (4) The input and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output clamp-current ratings are observed.
- (5) This value is limited to 5.5 V maximum.
- (6) Pulse at 1-ms duration < 10% duty cycle.

#### 7.2 ESD Ratings

			VALUE	UNIT
V		Human-body model (HBM), per AEC Q100-002 <sup>(1)</sup>	±2000	
V <sub>(ESD)</sub>	Electrostatic discharge	Charged-device model (CDM), per AEC Q100-011	±1000	V

(1) AEC Q100-002 indicates that HBM stressing shall be in accordance with the ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001 specification.

Product Folder Links: TS5A3166-Q1



#### 7.3 Recommended Operating Conditions

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

		MIN	MAX	UNIT
$V_{I/O}$	Input/output voltage	0	5.5	V
V <sub>+</sub>	Supply voltage	0	5.5	V
VI	Control Input Voltage	0	5.5	V
T <sub>A</sub>	Operating free-air temperature	-40	125	°C

#### 7.4 Thermal Information

		TS5A3166-Q1	
	THERMAL METRIC <sup>(1)</sup>	DCK	UNIT
		5 PINS	
$R_{\theta JA}$	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance	283.1	
$R_{\theta JC(top)}$	Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance	92.2	
$R_{\theta JB}$	Junction-to-board thermal resistance	60.8	°C/W
ΨЈТ	Junction-to-top characterization parameter	1.7	
$\Psi_{JB}$	Junction-to-board characterization parameter	60.0	

<sup>(1)</sup> For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the IC Package Thermal Metrics application report, SPRA953.

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## 7.5 Electrical Characteristics for 5-V Supply<sup>(1)</sup>

 $V_{+} = 4.5 \text{ V}$  to 5.5 V,  $T_{A} = -40^{\circ}\text{C}$  to 85°C (unless otherwise noted)

DADAMETED	CVMDOL	TEST CONDITIONS		TA	V <sub>+</sub>		85°C			125°C		LINUT
PARAMETER	SYMBOL					MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Analog Switch												
Analog signal range	V <sub>COM</sub> , V <sub>NO</sub>					0		V <sub>+</sub>	0		V <sub>+</sub>	V
Peak ON	_	$0 \le V_{NO} \le V_+$	Switch ON,	25°C	4.5 V		8.0	1.1		0.8	1.1	Ω
resistance	r <sub>peak</sub>	$I_{COM} = -100 \text{ mA},$	See Figure 13	Full	4.5 V			1.2			1.44	Ω
ON-state		V <sub>NO</sub> = 2.5 V,	Switch ON,	25°C	4.5 V		0.7	0.9		0.7	0.9	Ω
resistance	r <sub>on</sub>	$I_{COM} = -100 \text{ mA},$	See Figure 13	Full	4.5 V			1			1.2	12
ON-state		$0 \le V_{NO} \le V_{+},$ $I_{COM} = -100 \text{ mA},$	Switch ON,	25°C			0.15			0.15		
resistance flatness	r <sub>on(flat)</sub>	$V_{NO} = 1 \text{ V}, 1.5 \text{ V},$	See Figure 13	25°C	4.5 V		0.09	0.15		0.09	0.15	Ω
nau iess		$I_{COM} = -100 \text{ mA},$		Full				0.15			0.18	
		V <sub>NO</sub> = 1 V,		25°C		-20	4	20	-80	4	80	
NO OFF leakage current	$I_{NO(OFF)} \begin{vmatrix} V_{COM} = 4.5 \text{ V}, \\ \text{or} \\ V_{NO} = 4.5 \text{ V}, \\ V_{COM} = 1 \text{ V}, \end{vmatrix}$	Switch OFF, See Figure 14	Full	5.5 V	-100		100	-400		400	nA	
current		$V_{NO} = 0 \text{ to } 5.5 \text{ V},$		25°C	0.17	-5	0.4	5	-5	0.4	5	^
	I <sub>NO(PWROFF)</sub>	$V_{COM} = 5.5 \text{ V to 0},$		Full	0 V	-15		15	-30		30	μΑ
		V <sub>COM</sub> = 1 V,		25°C		-20	4	20	-80	4	80	
COM OFF leakage current		Switch OFF, See Figure 14	Full	5.5 V	-100		100	-400		400	nA	
Current	I <sub>COM(PWROF</sub>	$V_{COM} = 5.5 \text{ V to } 0,$		25°C	0.17	-5	0.4	5	-5	0.4	5	
	F)	$V_{NO} = 0 \text{ to } 5.5 \text{ V},$		Full	0 V	-15		15	-30		30	μA
		$V_{NO} = 1 V$ ,		25°C		-2	0.3	2	-80	0.3	80	
NO ON leakage current	I <sub>NO(ON)</sub>	$V_{COM}$ = Open, or $V_{NO}$ = 4.5 V, $V_{COM}$ = Open,	Switch ON, See Figure 15	Full	5.5 V	-20		20	-400		400	nA
		$V_{COM} = 1 V$ ,		25°C		-2	0.3	2	-80	0.3	80	
COM ON leakage current	I <sub>COM(ON)</sub>	V <sub>NO</sub> = Open, or V <sub>COM</sub> = 4.5 V, V <sub>NO</sub> = Open,	Switch ON, See Figure 15	Full	5.5 V	-20		20	-400		400	nA
Digital Control Inp	outs (IN)											
Input logic high	V <sub>IH</sub>			Full		2.4		5.5	2.4		5.5	V
Input logic low	V <sub>IL</sub>			Full		0		8.0	0		8.0	V
Input leakage	las la			25°C	5.5 V	-2	0.3	2				nA
current	I <sub>IH</sub> , I <sub>IL</sub>			Full	J.J V	-20		20	-400		400	

<sup>(1)</sup> The algebraic convention, whereby the most negative value is a minimum and the most positive value is a maximum.

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## Electrical Characteristics for 5-V Supply<sup>(1)</sup> (continued)

 $V_{+} = 4.5 \ V$  to 5.5 V,  $T_{A} = -40 ^{\circ} C$  to 85  $^{\circ} C$  (unless otherwise noted)

242445752	OVMDO	TEST CONDITIONS		_	.,		85°C			125°C			
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	IESI CONL	DITIONS	T <sub>A</sub>	V <sub>+</sub>	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	
Dynamic		ı											
		V V	0 25 25	25°C	5 V	2.5	4.5	7	2.5	4.5	7		
Turn-on time	t <sub>ON</sub>	$V_{COM} = V_+,$ $R_L = 50 \Omega,$	C <sub>L</sub> = 35 pF, See Figure 17	Full	4.5 V to 5.5 V	1.5		7.5	1.5		7.5	ns	
		$V_{COM} = V_+,$	0 25 25	25°C	5 V	6	9	11.5	6	9	11.5		
Turn-off time	t <sub>OFF</sub>	$V_{COM} = V_+,$ $R_L = 50 \Omega,$	C <sub>L</sub> = 35 pF, See Figure 17	Full	4.5 V to 5.5 V	4		12.5	4		12.5	ns	
Charge injection	Q <sub>C</sub>	$V_{GEN} = 0,$ $R_{GEN} = 0$ ,	$C_L = 1 \text{ nF},$ See Figure 20	25°C	5 V		1			1		рС	
NO OFF capacitance	C <sub>NO(OFF)</sub>	V <sub>NO</sub> = V <sub>+</sub> or GND, Switch OFF,	See Figure 16	25°C	5 V		19			19		pF	
COM OFF capacitance	C <sub>COM(OFF)</sub>	V <sub>COM</sub> = V <sub>+</sub> or GND, Switch OFF,	See Figure 16	25°C	5 V		18			18		pF	
NO ON capacitance	C <sub>NO(ON)</sub>	V <sub>NO</sub> = V <sub>+</sub> or GND, Switch ON,	See Figure 16	25°C	5 V		35.5			35.5		pF	
COM ON capacitance	C <sub>COM(ON)</sub>	V <sub>COM</sub> = V <sub>+</sub> or GND, Switch ON,	See Figure 16	25°C	5 V		35.5			35.5		pF	
Digital input capacitance	Cı	$V_I = V_+ \text{ or GND},$	See Figure 16	25°C	5 V		2			2		pF	
Bandwidth	BW	$R_L = 50 \Omega$ , Switch ON,	See Figure 18	25°C	5 V		200			200		MHz	
OFF isolation	O <sub>ISO</sub>	$R_L = 50 \Omega$ , f = 1 MHz,	Switch OFF, See Figure 19	25°C	5 V		-64			-64		dB	
Total harmonic distortion	THD	$R_L = 600 \Omega,$ $C_L = 50 pF,$	f = 20 Hz to 20 kHz, See Figure 21	25°C	5 V		0.005			0.005		%	
Supply	•	•			•	,							
Positive supply		V V 0ND	Switch ON or	25°C	5 E V		0.01	0.1		0.01	0.1	^	
current	I <sub>+</sub>	$V_I = V_+ \text{ or GND},$	OFF	Full	5.5 V		-	0.5		-	0.8	μA	

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## 7.6 Electrical Characteristics for 3.3-V Supply<sup>(1)</sup>

 $V_{+} = 3 \text{ V}$  to 3.6 V,  $T_{A} = -40^{\circ}\text{C}$  to 85°C (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CON	PITIONS	т	V		85°C			125°C		UNIT
PARAMETER	RAMETER SYMBOL TEST CONDITIONS		T <sub>A</sub>	V <sub>+</sub>	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNII	
Analog Switch						•						
Analog signal range	$V_{COM}$ , $V_{NO}$					0		٧,	0		$V_{+}$	٧
Peak ON resistance		0 ≤ V <sub>NO</sub> ≤ V <sub>+</sub> ,	Switch ON,	25°C	3 V		1.1	1.5		1.1	1.5	Ω
Peak ON resistance	r <sub>peak</sub>	$I_{COM} = -100 \text{ mA},$	See Figure 13	Full	3 V			1.7			2.07	12
ON-state resistance	r <sub>on</sub>	V <sub>NO</sub> = 2 V,	Switch ON,	25°C	3 V		1	1.4		1	1.4	Ω
	-011	$I_{COM} = -100 \text{ mA},$	See Figure 13	Full				1.5			1.8	
ON-state resistance		$0 \le V_{NO} \le V_{+},$ $I_{COM} = -100 \text{ mA},$	Switch ON,	25°C			0.3			0.3		_
flatness	r <sub>on(flat)</sub>	V <sub>NO</sub> = 2 V, 0.8 V,	See Figure 13	25°C	3 V		0.09	0.15		0.09	0.15	Ω
		$I_{COM} = -100 \text{ mA},$		Full				0.15			0.18	
		V <sub>NO</sub> = 1 V,		25°C		-2	0.5	2	-2	0.5	2	
NO OFF leakage current	I <sub>NO(OFF)</sub>	$V_{COM} = 3 \text{ V},$ or $V_{NO} = 3 \text{ V},$ $V_{COM} = 1 \text{ V},$	Switch OFF, See Figure 14	Full	3.6 V	-20		20	-360		360	nA
		$V_{NO} = 0 \text{ to } 3.6 \text{ V},$		25°C	0 V	-1	0.1	1	-1	0.1	1	μA
	I <sub>NO(PWROFF)</sub>	$V_{COM} = 3.6 \text{ V to 0},$		Full	0 0	<b>-</b> 5		5	-27		27	μΑ
			25°C		-2	0.5	2	-72	0.5	72		
COM OFF leakage current		or V <sub>COM</sub> = 3 V,	Switch OFF, See Figure 14	Full	3.6 V	-20		20	-360		360	nA
		$V_{COM} = 3.6 \text{ V to } 0,$		25°C	0 V	-1	0.1	1	-2	0.1	2	
		$V_{NO} = 0$ to 3.6 V,		Full	0 V	<b>-</b> 5		5	-27		27	μΑ
		$V_{NO} = 1 V$ ,		25°C		-2	0.2	2	-72		72	
NO ON leakage current	I <sub>NO(ON)</sub>	$V_{COM}$ = Open, or $V_{NO}$ = 3 V, $V_{COM}$ = Open,	Switch ON, See Figure 15	Full	3.6 V	-20		20	-360		360	nA
		V <sub>COM</sub> = 1 V,		25°C		-2	0.2	2	-72		72	
COM ON leakage current	$V_{NO} = Open,$ Switch ON	Switch ON, See Figure 15	Full	3.6 V	-20		20	-360		360	nA	
Digital Control Input	s (IN)											
Input logic high	V <sub>IH</sub>			Full		2		5.5	2		5.5	V
Input logic low	V <sub>IL</sub>			Full		0		0.8	0		0.8	V
Input leakage	1 1			25°C	3.6 V	-2	0.3	2				nA
current	I <sub>IH</sub> , I <sub>IL</sub>			Full	3.0 V	-20		20	-360		360	пА

<sup>(1)</sup> The algebraic convention, whereby the most negative value is a minimum and the most positive value is a maximum



## Electrical Characteristics for 3.3-V Supply<sup>(1)</sup> (continued)

 $V_{+} = 3 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}, T_{A} = -40^{\circ}\text{C} \text{ to } 85^{\circ}\text{C} \text{ (unless otherwise noted)}$ 

DADAMETED	CVMDOL	L TEST CONDITIONS		-	V	85°C			125°C			UNIT
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONL	DITIONS	T <sub>A</sub>	V <sub>+</sub>	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNII
Dynamic		,	'									
		V V	0 25 75	25°C	3.3 V	2	5	10	2	5	10	
Turn-on time	t <sub>ON</sub>	$V_{COM} = V_+,$ $R_L = 50 \Omega,$	$C_L = 35 \text{ pF},$ See Figure 17	Full	3 V to 3.6 V	1.5		11	1.5		11	ns
		V - V	$C_1 = 35 \text{ pF},$	25°C	3.3 V	6.5	9	12	6.5	9	12	
Turn-off time	t <sub>OFF</sub>	$V_{COM} = V_+,$ $R_L = 50 \Omega,$	See Figure 17	Full	3 V to 3.6 V	4		13	4		13	ns
Charge injection	Q <sub>C</sub>	V <sub>GEN</sub> = 0, R <sub>GEN</sub> = 0,	C <sub>L</sub> = 1 nF, See Figure 21	25°C	3.3 V		1			1		рС
NO OFF capacitance	C <sub>NO(OFF)</sub>	V <sub>NO</sub> = V <sub>+</sub> or GND, Switch OFF,	See Figure 16	25°C	3.3 V		19			19		pF
COM OFF capacitance	C <sub>COM(OFF)</sub>	V <sub>COM</sub> = V <sub>+</sub> or GND, Switch OFF,	See Figure 16	25°C	3.3 V		18			18		pF
NO ON capacitance	C <sub>NO(ON)</sub>	V <sub>NO</sub> = V <sub>+</sub> or GND, Switch ON,	See Figure 16	25°C	3.3 V		36			36		pF
COM ON capacitance	C <sub>COM(ON)</sub>	V <sub>COM</sub> = V <sub>+</sub> or GND, Switch ON,	See Figure 16	25°C	3.3 V		36			36		pF
Digital input capacitance	Cı	$V_I = V_+ \text{ or GND},$	See Figure 16	25°C	3.3 V		2			2		pF
Bandwidth	BW	$R_L = 50 \Omega$ , Switch ON,	See Figure 18	25°C	3.3 V		200			200		MHz
OFF isolation	O <sub>ISO</sub>	$R_L = 50 \Omega,$ f = 1 MHz,	Switch OFF, See Figure 19	25°C	3.3 V		-64			-64		dB
Total harmonic distortion	THD	$R_L = 600 \Omega,$ $C_L = 50 \text{ pF},$	f = 20 Hz to 20 kHz, See Figure 21	25°C	3.3 V		0.01			0.01		%
Supply	· —	,						<b>'</b>			·	
Positive supply		$V_1 = V_+ \text{ or GND},$	Switch ON or	25°C	3.6 V		0.01	0.1		0.01	0.1	
current	I <sub>+</sub>		OFF	Full	3.0 V			0.25			0.7	μA

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## 7.7 Electrical Characteristics for 2.5-V Supply<sup>(1)</sup>

 $V_{+} = 2.3 \text{ V}$  to 2.7 V,  $T_{A} = -40^{\circ}\text{C}$  to 85°C (unless otherwise noted)

DADAMETED	CVMBOL	TEST COND	-	.,		85°C		125°C			UNIT	
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST COND	IIIONS	T <sub>A</sub>	V <sub>+</sub>	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNII
Analog Switch												
Analog signal range	V <sub>COM</sub> , V <sub>NO</sub>				2.3 V	0		V <sub>+</sub>	0		V <sub>+</sub>	V
Peak ON resistance	r <sub>peak</sub>	$0 \le V_{NO} \le V_+,$	Switch ON,	25°C	2.3 V		1.8	2.4		1.8	2.4	Ω
- Can Civioania	· peak	$I_{COM} = -100 \text{ mA},$	See Figure 13	Full	2.0 .			2.6			3.1	
ON-state resistance	r <sub>on</sub>	$V_{NO} = 2 V,$ $I_{COM} = -100 \text{ mA},$	Switch ON, See Figure 13	25°C Full	2.3 V		1.2	2.1		1.2	2.1	Ω
		$0 \le V_{NO} \le V_{+},$ $I_{COM} = -100 \text{ mA},$		25°C			0.7			0.7	2.00	Ω
ON-state resistance flatness	Ton/flat)		Switch ON, See Figure 13	25°C	2.3 V		0.4	0.6		0.4	0.6	
natioss		$V_{NO} = 2 \text{ V}, 0.8 \text{ V},$ $I_{COM} = -100 \text{ mA},$	Occ rigure 10	Full	_		0.4	0.6		0.4	0.72	
		V <sub>NO</sub> = 1 V,		25°C		-5	0.3	5	-64	0.3	64	
NO OFF leakage current	I <sub>NO(OFF)</sub>	$I_{NO(OFF)}$ $V_{COM} = 3 \text{ V,}$ or $V_{NO} = 3 \text{ V,}$ $V_{COM} = 1 \text{ V,}$	Switch OFF, See Figure 14	Full	2.7 V	-50		50	-320		320	nA
		$V_{NO} = 0 \text{ to } 3.6 \text{ V},$		25°C	0.17	-2	0.05	2	-2	0.05	2	
	I <sub>NO(PWROFF)</sub>	$V_{COM} = 3.6 \text{ V to } 0,$		Full	0 V	-15		15	-24		24	μΑ
		$V_{COM} = 1 V$ ,		25°C		<b>–</b> 5	0.3	5	-64	0.3	64	
COM OFF leakage current	I <sub>COM(OFF)</sub>		Switch OFF, See Figure 14	Full	2.7 V	-50		50	-320		320	nA
	I <sub>COM(PWROF</sub>	$V_{COM} = 3.6 \text{ V to } 0,$		25°C	0 V	-2	0.05	2	-320 320 -2 0.05 2			
	F)	$V_{NO} = 0$ to 3.6 V,		Full	0 V	-15		15	-24		24	μA
		V <sub>NO</sub> = 1 V,	,	25°C		-2	0.3	2	-64		64	
NO ON leakage current	I <sub>NO(ON)</sub>	$V_{COM} = Open,$ or $V_{NO} = 3 V,$ $V_{COM} = Open,$	Switch ON, See Figure 15	Full	2.7 V	-20		20	-320		320	nA
		$V_{COM} = 1 V$ ,		25°C		-2	0.3	2	-64	0.3	64	
COM ON leakage current	I <sub>COM(ON)</sub>	V <sub>NO</sub> = Open, Swit	Switch ON, See Figure 15	Full	2.7 V	-20		20	-320		320	nA
Digital Control Input	s (IN1, IN2)											
Input logic high	V <sub>IH</sub>			Full		1.8		5.5	1.8		5.5	V
Input logic low	V <sub>IL</sub>			Full		0		0.6	0		0.6	V
Input leakage	la. la	V <sub>I</sub> = 5.5 V or 0		25°C	2.7 V	-2	0.3	2				nA
current	I <sub>IH</sub> , I <sub>IL</sub>	v <sub>1</sub> = 0.0 v 01 0		Full	Z./ V	-20		20	-320		320	11/4

<sup>(1)</sup> The algebraic convention, whereby the most negative value is a minimum and the most positive value is a maximum



## Electrical Characteristics for 2.5-V Supply<sup>(1)</sup> (continued)

 $V_{+} = 2.3 \text{ V}$  to 2.7 V,  $T_{A} = -40^{\circ}\text{C}$  to 85°C (unless otherwise noted)

DADAMETED	OVMEN	TEST SOME	NITIONIO.	_	.,		85°C			125°C			
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONI	DITIONS	T <sub>A</sub>	V <sub>+</sub>	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	
Dynamic	•	1											
		W W	0 25 75	25°C	2.5 V	2	6	10	2	6	10		
Turn-on time	t <sub>ON</sub>	$V_{COM} = V_+,$ $R_L = 50 \Omega,$	C <sub>L</sub> = 35 pF, See Figure 17	Full	2.3 V to 2.7 V	1		12	1		12	ns	
		V V	0 25 75	25°C	2.5 V	4.5	8	10.5	4.5	8	10.5		
Turn-off time	t <sub>OFF</sub>	$V_{COM} = V_+,$ $R_L = 50 \Omega,$	C <sub>L</sub> = 35 pF, See Figure 17	Full	2.3 V to 2.7 V	3		15	3		15	ns	
Charge injection	$Q_{\mathbb{C}}$	$V_{GEN} = 0,$ $R_{GEN} = 0,$	$C_L = 1 \text{ nF},$ See Figure 21	25°C	2.5 V		4			4		рС	
NO OFF capacitance	C <sub>NO(OFF)</sub>	V <sub>NO</sub> = V <sub>+</sub> or GND, Switch OFF,	See Figure 16	25°C	2.5 V		19.5			19.5		pF	
COM OFF capacitance	C <sub>COM(OFF)</sub>	V <sub>COM</sub> = V <sub>+</sub> or GND, Switch OFF,	See Figure 16	25°C	2.5 V		18.5			18.5		pF	
NO ON capacitance	C <sub>NO(ON)</sub>	$V_{NO} = V_{+}$ or GND, Switch ON,	See Figure 16	25°C	2.5 V		36.5			36.5		pF	
COM ON capacitance	C <sub>COM(ON)</sub>	V <sub>COM</sub> = V <sub>+</sub> or GND, Switch ON,	See Figure 16	25°C	2.5 V		36.5			36.5		pF	
Digital input capacitance	Cı	$V_I = V_+ \text{ or GND},$	See Figure 16	25°C	2.5 V		2			2		pF	
Bandwidth	BW	$R_L = 50 \Omega$ , Switch ON,	See Figure 18	25°C	2.5 V		150			150		MHz	
OFF isolation	O <sub>ISO</sub>	$R_L = 50 \Omega$ , f = 1 MHz,	Switch OFF, See Figure 19	25°C	2.5 V		-62			-62		dB	
Total harmonic distortion	THD	$R_L = 600 \Omega,$ $C_L = 50 \text{ pF},$	f = 20 Hz to 20 kHz, See Figure 21	25°C	2.5 V		0.02			0.02		%	
Supply	·	·						<b>'</b>			•		
Positive supply	I <sub>+</sub>	$V_1 = V_{\perp}$ or GND,	Switch ON or	25°C	2.7 V		0.001	0.02		0.001	0.02		
current	1+	$v_1 = v_+$ of GND,	OFF	Full	2.1 V			0.25			0.6	μA	

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## 7.8 Electrical Characteristics for 1.8-V Supply<sup>(1)</sup>

 $V_{+} = 1.65 \text{ V}$  to 1.95 V,  $T_{A} = -40 ^{\circ}\text{C}$  to 85°C (unless otherwise noted))

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONI	OITIONS	-	V <sub>+</sub>		85°C			125°C		UNIT
PARAMETER	STIVIBUL	TEST CONL	DITIONS	T <sub>A</sub>	V <sub>+</sub>	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Analog Switch												
Analog signal range	$V_{COM}$ , $V_{NO}$					0		V <sub>+</sub>	0		$V_{+}$	٧
Peak ON resistance	r <sub>peak</sub>	$0 \le V_{NO} \le V_+,$ $I_{COM} = -100 \text{ mA},$	Switch ON, See Figure 13	25°C Full	1.65 V		4.2	25 30		4.2	25 36	Ω
				25°C			1.6	3.9		1.6	3.9	
ON-state resistance	r <sub>on</sub>	$V_{NO} = 2 V$ , $I_{COM} = -100 \text{ mA}$ ,	Switch ON, See Figure 13	Full	1.65 V		1.0	4.0		1.0	4.8	Ω
ON-state resistance		$0 \le V_{NO} \le V_{+},$ $I_{COM} = -100 \text{ mA},$	Switch ON,	25°C			2.8			2.8		
flatness	r <sub>on(flat)</sub>	V <sub>NO</sub> = 2 V, 0.8 V,	See Figure 13	25°C	1.65 V		4.1	22		4.1	22	Ω
		$I_{COM} = -100 \text{ mA},$		Full				27			32.4	
		V <sub>NO</sub> = 1 V,		25°C		<b>-</b> 5		5	-58		58	
NO OFF leakage current	I <sub>NO(OFF)</sub>	$V_{COM} = 3 \text{ V},$ or $V_{NO} = 3 \text{ V},$ $V_{COM} = 1 \text{ V},$	Switch OFF, See Figure 14	Full	1.95 V	<b>–</b> 50		50	-320		320	nA
		$V_{NO} = 0 \text{ to } 3.6 \text{ V},$		25°C	0.1/	-2		2	-2		2	
	I <sub>NO(PWROFF)</sub>	$V_{COM} = 3.6 \text{ V to } 0,$		Full	0 V	-10		10	-22		22	μΑ
		V <sub>COM</sub> = 1 V,		25°C		<b>-</b> 5		5	-58		58	
COM OFF leakage current	I <sub>COM(OFF)</sub>	$V_{NO} = 3 \text{ V},$ or $V_{COM} = 3 \text{ V},$ $V_{NO} = 1 \text{ V},$	Switch OFF, See Figure 14	Full	1.95 V	<b>–</b> 50		50	-320		320	nA
	I <sub>COM(PWROF</sub>	$V_{COM} = 0 \text{ to } 3.6 \text{ V},$		25°C	0 V	-2		2	-2		2	μA
	F)	$V_{NO} = 3.6 \text{ V to 0},$		Full	0 0	-10		10	-2 2 -22 22	μΑ		
		$V_{NO} = 1 V$		25°C		-2		2	-58		58	
NO ON leakage current	I <sub>NO(ON)</sub>	$V_{COM} = Open,$ or $V_{NO} = 3 V,$ $V_{COM} = Open,$	Switch ON, See Figure 15	Full	1.95 V	-20		20	-320		320	nA
		V <sub>COM</sub> = 1 V,		25°C		-2		2	-58		58	
COM ON leakage current	I <sub>COM(ON)</sub>	V <sub>NO</sub> = Open, or V <sub>COM</sub> = 3 V, V <sub>NO</sub> = Open,	Switch ON, See Figure 15	Full	1.95 V	-20		20	-320		320	nA
Digital Control Input	s (IN1, IN2)						-					
Input logic high	V <sub>IH</sub>			Full		1.5		5.5	1.5		5.5	V
Input logic low	V <sub>IL</sub>			Full		0		0.6	0		0.6	V
Input leakage	1 1	V 55V0		25°C	1.95 V	-2	0.3	2				A
current	I <sub>IH</sub> , I <sub>IL</sub>	$V_1 = 5.5 \text{ V or } 0$		Full	1.95 V	-20		20	-320		320	nA

<sup>(1)</sup> The algebraic convention, whereby the most negative value is a minimum and the most positive value is a maximum

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## Electrical Characteristics for 1.8-V Supply<sup>(1)</sup> (continued)

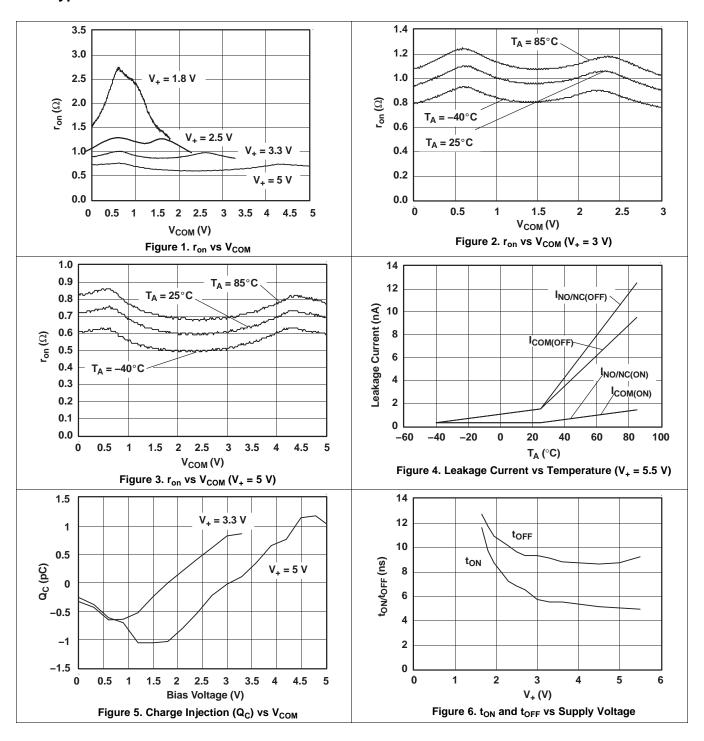
 $V_{+} = 1.65 \text{ V}$  to 1.95 V,  $T_{A} = -40 ^{\circ}\text{C}$  to 85°C (unless otherwise noted))

PARAMETER	CYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS		т	V		85°C			125°C		UNIT
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	IESI CONI	DITIONS	TA	V <sub>+</sub>	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNII
Dynamic	•	ı										
		V - V	C = 25 pE	25°C	1.8 V	3	9	18	3	9	18	
Turn-on time	t <sub>ON</sub>	$V_{COM} = V_+,$ $R_L = 50 \Omega,$	C <sub>L</sub> = 35 pF, See Figure 17	Full	1.65 V to 1.95 V	1		20	1		20	ns
		V V	$C_1 = 35 pF$ ,	25°C	1.8 V	5	10	15.5	5	10	15.5	
Turn-off time	t <sub>OFF</sub>	$V_{COM} = V_+,$ $R_L = 50 \Omega,$	See Figure 17	Full	1.65 V to 1.95 V	4		18.5	4		18.5	ns
Charge injection	Q <sub>C</sub>	$V_{GEN} = 0,$ $R_{GEN} = 0,$	C <sub>L</sub> = 1 nF, See Figure 21	25°C	1.8 V		2			2		рС
NO OFF capacitance	C <sub>NO(OFF)</sub>	V <sub>NO</sub> = V <sub>+</sub> or GND, Switch OFF,	See Figure 16	25°C	1.8 V		19.5			19.5		pF
COM OFF capacitance	C <sub>COM(OFF)</sub>	V <sub>COM</sub> = V <sub>+</sub> or GND, Switch OFF,	See Figure 16	25°C	1.8 V		18.5			18.5		pF
NO ON capacitance	C <sub>NO(ON)</sub>	V <sub>NO</sub> = V <sub>+</sub> or GND, Switch ON,	See Figure 16	25°C	1.8 V		36.5			36.5		pF
COM ON capacitance	C <sub>COM(ON)</sub>	V <sub>COM</sub> = V <sub>+</sub> or GND, Switch ON,	See Figure 16	25°C	1.8 V		36.5			36.5		pF
Digital input capacitance	Cı	$V_I = V_+ \text{ or GND},$	See Figure 16	25°C	1.8 V		2			2		pF
Bandwidth	BW	$R_L = 50 \Omega$ , Switch ON,	See Figure 18	25°C	1.8 V		150			150		MHz
OFF isolation	O <sub>ISO</sub>	$R_L = 50 \Omega$ , f = 1 MHz,	Switch OFF, See Figure 19	25°C	1.8 V		-62			-62		dB
Total harmonic distortion	THD	$R_L = 600 \Omega,$ $C_L = 50 pF,$	f = 20 Hz to 20 kHz See Figure 21	25°C	1.8 V		0.055			0.055		%
Supply											•	
Positive supply		V = V or CND	Switch ON or	25°C	1.95 V		0.001	0.01		0.001	0.01	
current	I <sub>+</sub>	$V_I = V_+ \text{ or GND},$	OFF	Full	1.95 V			0.15			0.6	μΑ

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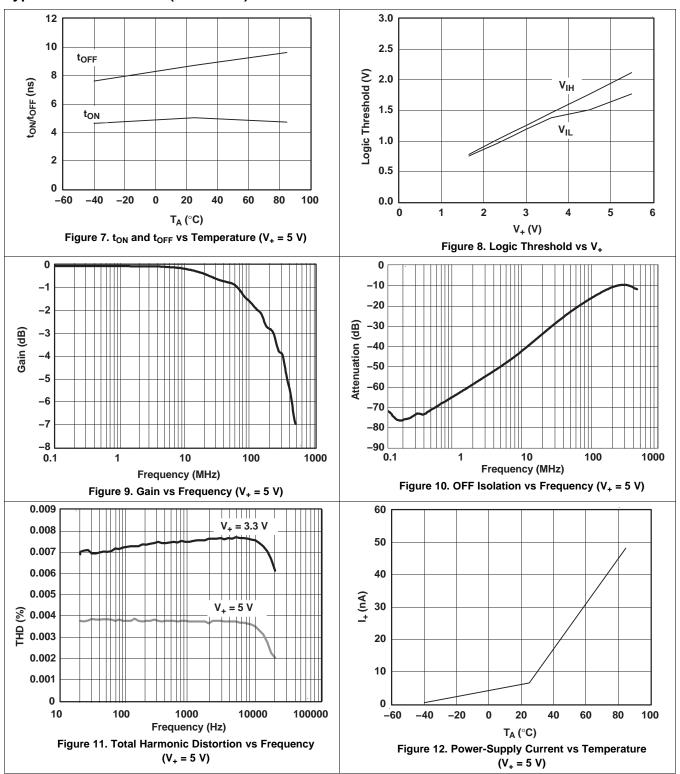
#### 7.9 Typical Characteristics



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#### **Typical Characteristics (continued)**





#### **8 Parameter Measurement Information**

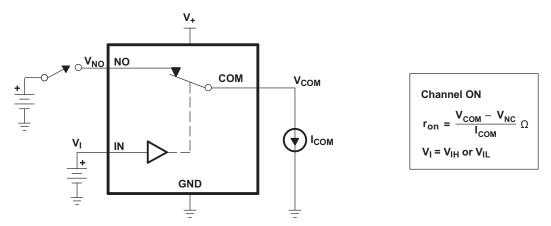


Figure 13. ON-State Resistance (ron)

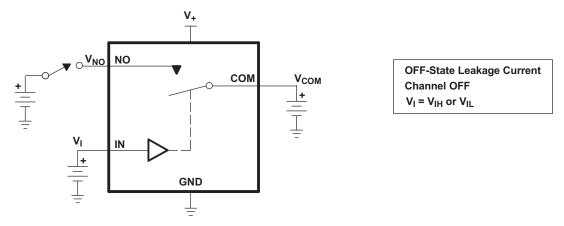


Figure 14. OFF-State Leakage Current ( $I_{COM(OFF)}$ ,  $I_{NO(OFF)}$ ,  $I_{COM(PWROFF)}$ ,  $I_{NO(PWR(FF))}$ )

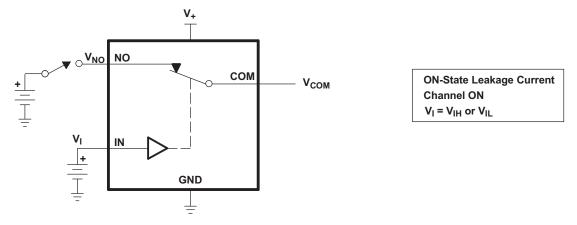


Figure 15. ON-State Leakage Current ( $I_{COM(ON)}$ ,  $I_{NO(ON)}$ )

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#### **Parameter Measurement Information (continued)**

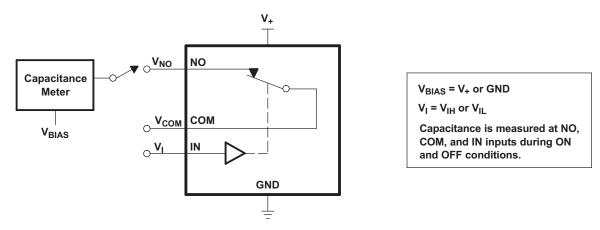
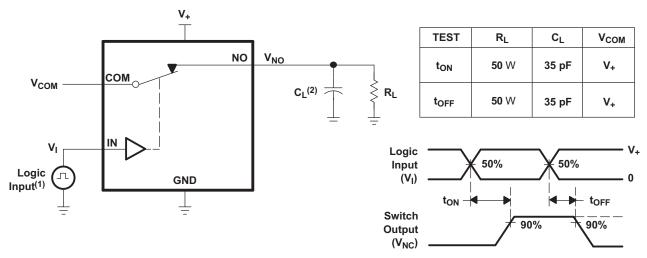


Figure 16. Capacitance (C<sub>I</sub>,  $C_{COM(OFF)}$ ,  $C_{COM(ON)}$ ,  $C_{NO(OFF)}$ ,  $C_{NO(ON)}$ )



- (1) All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: PRR  $\leq$  10 MHz,  $Z_O = 50 \Omega$ ,  $t_f < 5 \text{ ns}$ ,  $t_f < 5 \text{ ns}$ .
- (2) C<sub>L</sub> includes probe and jig capacitance.

Figure 17. Turn-On  $(t_{ON})$  and Turn-Off Time  $(t_{OFF})$ 

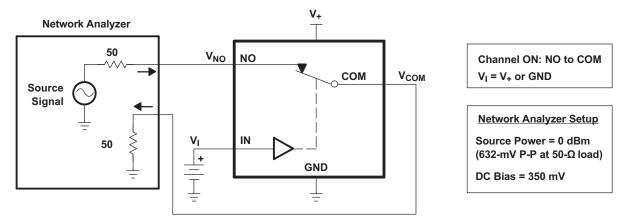


Figure 18. Bandwidth (BW)



#### **Parameter Measurement Information (continued)**

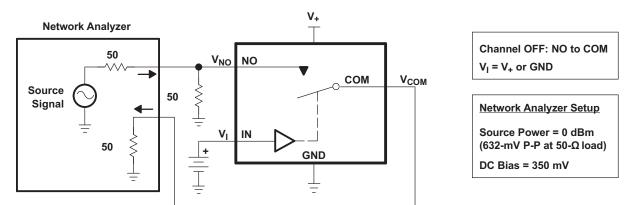
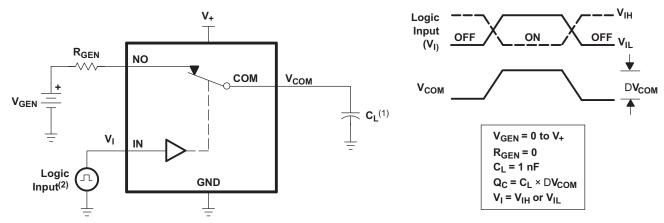
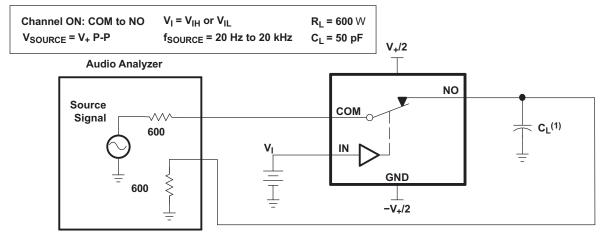


Figure 19. OFF Isolation (O<sub>ISO</sub>)



- (1) C<sub>L</sub> includes probe and jig capacitance.
- (2) All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: PRR  $\leq$  10 MHz,  $Z_O = 50 \Omega$ ,  $t_f < 5 \text{ ns}$ ,  $t_f < 5 \text{ ns}$ .

Figure 20. Charge Injection (Q<sub>C</sub>)



(1) C<sub>L</sub> includes probe and jig capacitance.

Figure 21. Total Harmonic Distortion (THD)



## 9 Detailed Description

#### 9.1 Overview

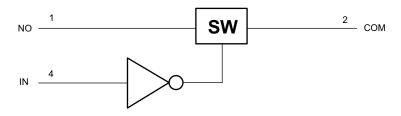
**Table 1. Parameter Description** 

SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION
V <sub>COM</sub>	Voltage at COM
V <sub>NO</sub>	Voltage at NO
r <sub>on</sub>	Resistance between COM and NO ports when the channel is ON
r <sub>peak</sub>	Peak on-state resistance over a specified voltage range
r <sub>on(flat)</sub>	Difference between the maximum and minimum value of ron in a channel over the specified range of conditions
I <sub>NO(OFF)</sub>	Leakage current measured at the NO port, with the corresponding channel (NO to COM) in the OFF state under worst-case input and output conditions
I <sub>NO(PWROFF)</sub>	Leakage current measured at the NO port during the power-down condition, $V_{+} = 0$
I <sub>COM(OFF)</sub>	Leakage current measured at the COM port, with the corresponding channel (COM to NO) in the OFF state under worst-case input and output conditions
I <sub>COM(PWROFF)</sub>	Leakage current measured at the COM port during the power-down condition, $V_{+} = 0$
I <sub>NO(ON)</sub>	Leakage current measured at the NO port, with the corresponding channel (NO to COM) in the ON state and the output (COM) open
I <sub>COM(ON)</sub>	Leakage current measured at the COM port, with the corresponding channel (COM to NO) in the ON state and the output (NO) open
V <sub>IH</sub>	Minimum input voltage for logic high for the control input (IN)
V <sub>IL</sub>	Maximum input voltage for logic low for the control input (IN)
VI	Voltage at the control input (IN)
$I_{IH}$ , $I_{IL}$	Leakage current measured at the control input (IN)
t <sub>ON</sub>	Turn-on time for the switch. This parameter is measured under the specified range of conditions and by the propagation delay between the digital control (IN) signal and analog output (COM or NO) signal when the switch is turning ON.
t <sub>OFF</sub>	Turn-off time for the switch. This parameter is measured under the specified range of conditions and by the propagation delay between the digital control (IN) signal and analog output (COM or NO) signal when the switch is turning OFF.
$Q_{\mathbb{C}}$	Charge injection is a measurement of unwanted signal coupling from the control (IN) input to the analog (NO or COM) output. This is measured in coulomb (C) and measured by the total charge induced due to switching of the control input. Charge injection, $Q_C = C_L \times \Delta V_{COM}$ , $C_L$ is the load capacitance, and $\Delta V_{COM}$ is the change in analog output voltage.
C <sub>NO(OFF)</sub>	Capacitance at the NO port when the corresponding channel (NO to COM) is OFF
C <sub>COM(OFF)</sub>	Capacitance at the COM port when the corresponding channel (COM to NO) is OFF
C <sub>NO(ON)</sub>	Capacitance at the NO port when the corresponding channel (NO to COM) is ON
C <sub>COM(ON)</sub>	Capacitance at the COM port when the corresponding channel (COM to NO) is ON
C <sub>I</sub>	Capacitance of control input (IN)
O <sub>ISO</sub>	OFF isolation of the switch is a measurement of OFF-state switch impedance. This is measured in dB in a specific frequency, with the corresponding channel (NO to COM) in the OFF state.
BW	Bandwidth of the switch. This is the frequency in which the gain of an ON channel is -3 dB below the DC gain.
THD	Total harmonic distortion describes the signal distortion caused by the analog switch. This is defined as the ratio of root mean square (RMS) value of the second, third, and higher harmonic to the absolute magnitude of the fundamental harmonic.
I <sub>+</sub>	Static power-supply current with the control (IN) pin at V <sub>+</sub> or GND

Product Folder Links: TS5A3166-Q1



## 9.2 Functional Block Diagram



#### 9.3 Feature Description

Table 2. Summary Of Characteristics<sup>(1)</sup>

Configuration	Single Pole Single Throw (SPST)
Number of channels	1
ON-state resistance (r <sub>on</sub> )	0.9 Ω
ON-state resistance flatness (r <sub>on(flat)</sub> )	0.15 Ω
Turn-on/turn-off time (t <sub>ON</sub> /t <sub>OFF</sub> )	7.5 ns/12.5 ns
Charge injection (Q <sub>C</sub> )	1 pC
Bandwidth (BW)	200 MHz
OFF isolation (O <sub>ISO</sub> )	-64 dB at 1 MHz
Total harmonic distortion (THD)	0.005%
Leakage current (I <sub>COM(OFF)</sub> )	±4 nA
Power-supply current (I <sub>+</sub> )	0.5 μΑ
Package option	5-pin DSBGA, SOT-23, or SC-70

<sup>(1)</sup>  $V_+ = 5 \text{ V}, T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ 

#### 9.4 Device Functional Modes

**Table 3. Function Table** 

IN	NO TO COM, COM TO NO
L	OFF
Н	ON

Product Folder Links: TS5A3166-Q1



#### 10 Application and Implementation

#### NOTE

Information in the following applications sections is not part of the TI component specification, and TI does not warrant its accuracy or completeness. TI's customers are responsible for determining suitability of components for their purposes. Customers should validate and test their design implementation to confirm system functionality.

#### 10.1 Application Information

SPST analog switch is a basic component that could be used in any electrical system design. The following are some basic applications that utilize the TS5A3166, more detailed applications may be found in the *Typical Application* section.

- 1. Gain-control circuit for amplifier
  - (a) Additional details are available in the *Typical Application* section.
- 2. Improve lock time of a PLL by changing the time constant
  - (a) Example Diagram:

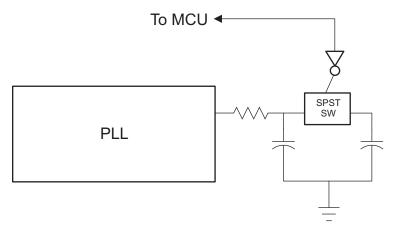


Figure 22. Improved Lock Time Circuit Simplified Block Diagram

- 1. Improve power consumption for PLL
  - (a) Example Diagram:

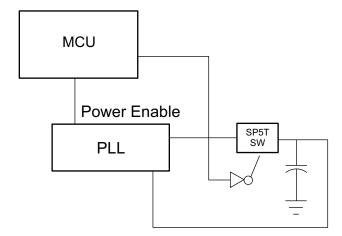


Figure 23. PLL Improved Power Consumption Simplified Block Diagram

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#### 10.2 Typical Application

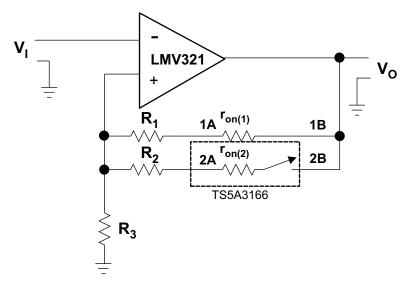


Figure 24. Gain-Control Circuit for OP Amplifier

#### 10.2.1 Design Requirements

Place a switch in series with the input of the op amp. Since the op amp input impedance is very large, a switch on  $r_{on(1)}$  is irrelevant.

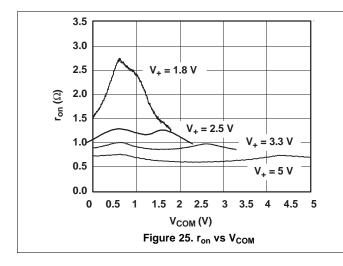
#### 10.2.2 Detailed Design Procedure

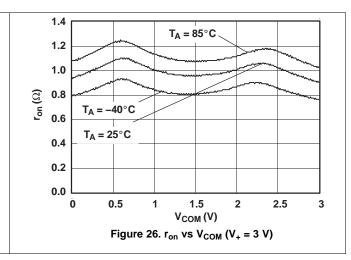
By choosing values of R1 and R2, such that  $Rx >> r_{on(x)}$ ,  $r_{on}$  of TS5A3166 can be ignored. The gain of op amp can be calculated as follow:

$$Vo / VI = 1 + R|| / R3$$

$$R|| = (R1 + r_{on(1)}) || (R2 + r_{on(2)})$$
(2)

#### 10.2.3 Application Curves

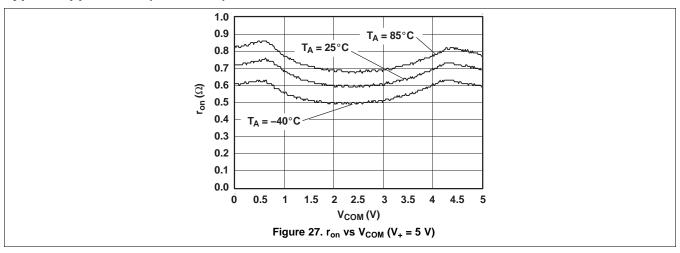




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#### **Typical Application (continued)**



#### 11 Power Supply Recommendations

The power supply can be any voltage between the minimum and maximum supply voltage rating located in the *Recommended Operating Conditions*.

Each Vcc terminal should have a good bypass capacitor to prevent power disturbance. For devices with a single supply, a 0.1  $\mu$ F bypass capacitor is recommended. If there are multiple Vcc terminals then a 0.01  $\mu$ F or 0.022  $\mu$ F capacitor is recommended for each power terminal. It is ok to parallel multiple bypass capacitors to reject different frequencies of noise. 0.1  $\mu$ F and 1  $\mu$ F capacitors are commonly used in parallel. The bypass capacitor should be installed as close to the power terminal as possible for best results

#### 12 Layout

#### 12.1 Layout Guidelines

Reflections and matching are closely related to loop antenna theory, but different enough to warrant their own discussion. When a PCB trace turns a corner at a 90° angle, a reflection can occur. This is primarily due to the change of width of the trace. At the apex of the turn, the trace width is increased to 1.414 times its width. This upsets the transmission line characteristics, especially the distributed capacitance and self–inductance of the trace — resulting in the reflection. It is a given that not all PCB traces can be straight, and so they will have to turn corners. Below figure shows progressively better techniques of rounding corners. Only the last example maintains constant trace width and minimizes reflections.

#### 12.2 Layout Example

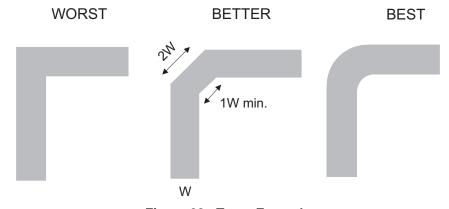


Figure 28. Trace Example

2 Submit Documentation Feedback



#### 13 Device and Documentation Support

#### 13.1 Trademarks

All trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

#### 13.2 Electrostatic Discharge Caution



These devices have limited built-in ESD protection. The leads should be shorted together or the device placed in conductive foam during storage or handling to prevent electrostatic damage to the MOS gates.

#### 13.3 Glossary

SLYZ022 — TI Glossary.

This glossary lists and explains terms, acronyms, and definitions.

#### 14 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information

The following pages include mechanical, packaging, and orderable information. This information is the most current data available for the designated devices. This data is subject to change without notice and revision of this document. For browser-based versions of this data sheet, refer to the left-hand navigation.

Product Folder Links: TS5A3166-Q1

www.ti.com 10-Nov-2025

#### PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable part number	Status (1)	Material type	Package   Pins	Package qty   Carrier	<b>RoHS</b> (3)	Lead finish/ Ball material	MSL rating/ Peak reflow	Op temp (°C)	Part marking (6)
TS5A3166QDCKRQ1	Active	Production	SC70 (DCK)   5	3000   LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	SIU
TS5A3166QDCKRQ1.B	Active	Production	SC70 (DCK)   5	3000   LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	SIU

<sup>(1)</sup> Status: For more details on status, see our product life cycle.

Multiple part markings will be inside parentheses. Only one part marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a part. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire part marking for that device.

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In no event shall TI's liability arising out of such information exceed the total purchase price of the TI part(s) at issue in this document sold by TI to Customer on an annual basis.

#### OTHER QUALIFIED VERSIONS OF TS5A3166-Q1:

Catalog: TS5A3166

<sup>(2)</sup> Material type: When designated, preproduction parts are prototypes/experimental devices, and are not yet approved or released for full production. Testing and final process, including without limitation quality assurance, reliability performance testing, and/or process qualification, may not yet be complete, and this item is subject to further changes or possible discontinuation. If available for ordering, purchases will be subject to an additional waiver at checkout, and are intended for early internal evaluation purposes only. These items are sold without warranties of any kind.

<sup>(3)</sup> RoHS values: Yes, No, RoHS Exempt. See the TI RoHS Statement for additional information and value definition.

<sup>(4)</sup> Lead finish/Ball material: Parts may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead finish/Ball material values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

<sup>(5)</sup> MSL rating/Peak reflow: The moisture sensitivity level ratings and peak solder (reflow) temperatures. In the event that a part has multiple moisture sensitivity ratings, only the lowest level per JEDEC standards is shown. Refer to the shipping label for the actual reflow temperature that will be used to mount the part to the printed circuit board.

<sup>(6)</sup> Part marking: There may be an additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category of the part.



## **PACKAGE OPTION ADDENDUM**

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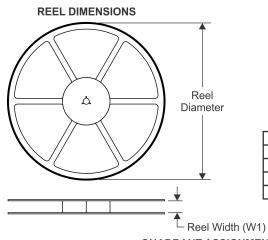
NOTE: Qualified Version Definitions:

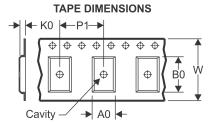
 $_{\bullet}$  Catalog - TI's standard catalog product

**PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION** 

www.ti.com 24-Apr-2020

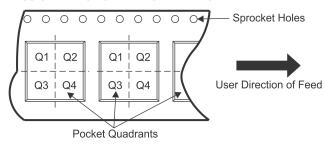
#### TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION





A0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component width
	Dimension designed to accommodate the component length
K0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component thickness
W	Overall width of the carrier tape
P1	Pitch between successive cavity centers

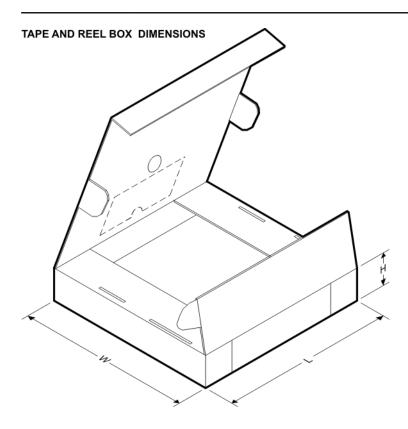
#### QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



#### \*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing			Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
TS5A3166QDCKRQ1	SC70	DCK	5	3000	178.0	9.0	2.4	2.5	1.2	4.0	8.0	Q3

www.ti.com 24-Apr-2020

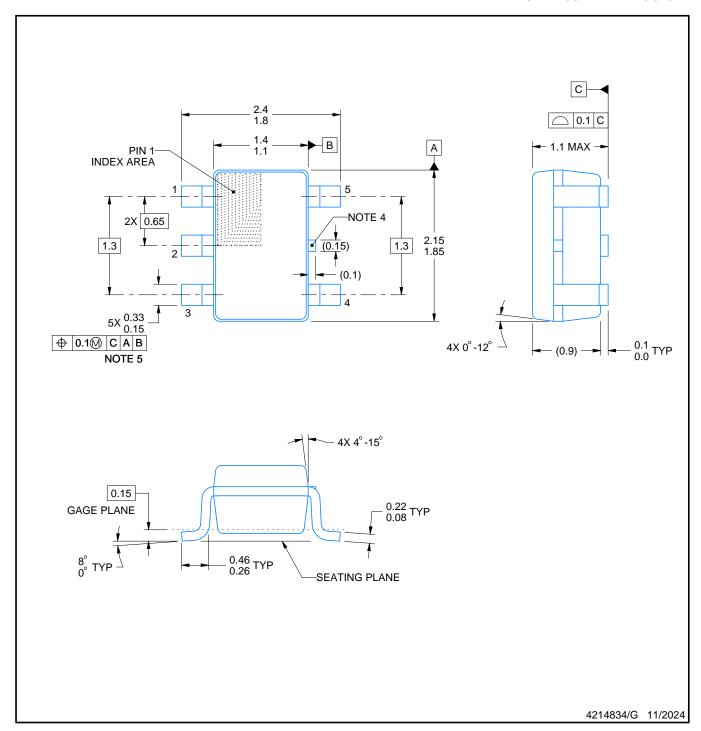


#### \*All dimensions are nominal

ĺ	Device	Device Package Type		Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)	
I	TS5A3166QDCKRQ1	SC70	DCK	5	3000	180.0	180.0	18.0	



SMALL OUTLINE TRANSISTOR



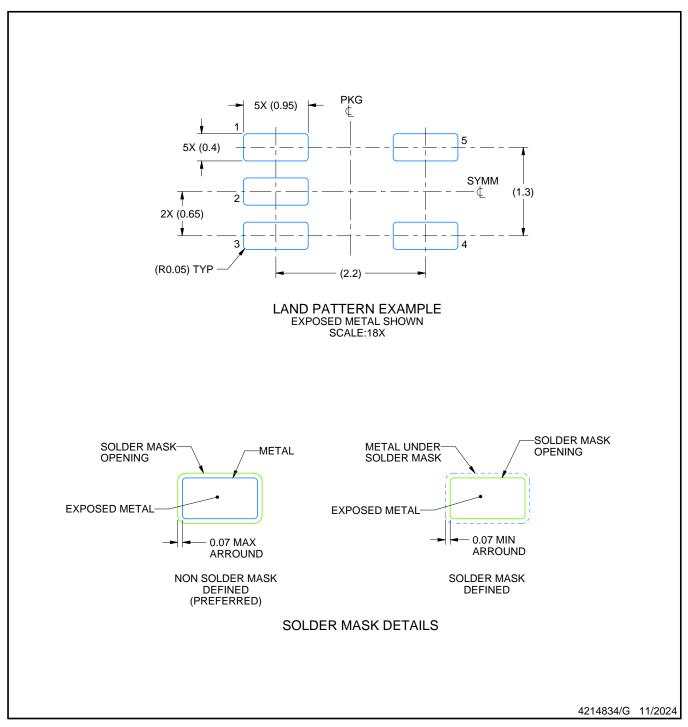
#### NOTES:

- 1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.
  2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
  3. Reference JEDEC MO-203.

- 4. Support pin may differ or may not be present.5. Lead width does not comply with JEDEC.
- 6. Body dimensions do not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed 0.25mm per side



SMALL OUTLINE TRANSISTOR

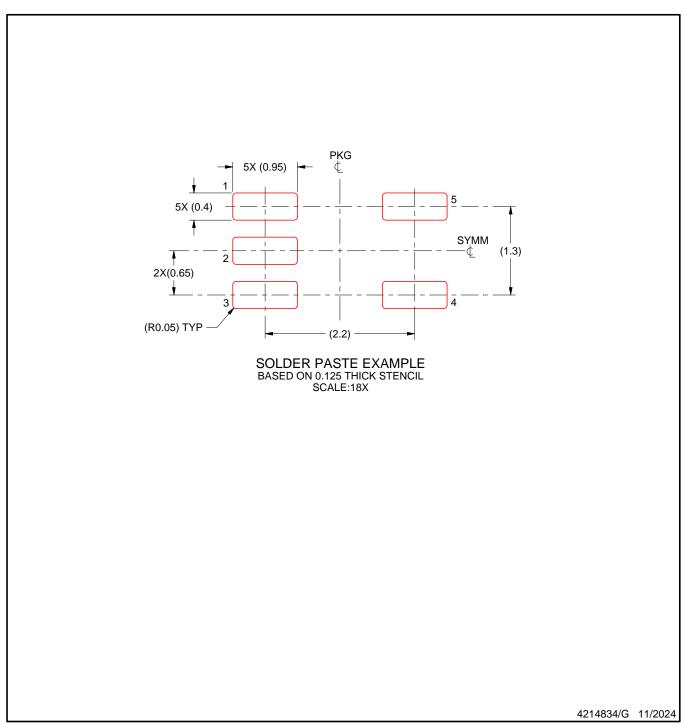


NOTES: (continued)

7. Publication IPC-7351 may have alternate designs.8. Solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads can vary based on board fabrication site.



SMALL OUTLINE TRANSISTOR



NOTES: (continued)

- 9. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.
- 10. Board assembly site may have different recommendations for stencil design.



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