SCDS232E - JUNE 2006-REVISED DECEMBER 2009

## 0.75-Ω DUAL SPDT ANALOG SWITCH WITH INPUT LOGIC TRANSLATION

Check for Samples: TS5A26542

#### **FEATURES**

- Specified Break-Before-Make Switching
- Low ON-State Resistance (0.75 Ω Max)
- Control Inputs Reference to V<sub>IO</sub>
- Low Charge Injection
- Excellent ON-State Resistance Matching
- Low Total Harmonic Distortion (THD)
- 2.25-V to 5.5-V Power Supply (V<sub>+</sub>)
- 1.65-V to 1.95-V Logic Supply (V<sub>IO</sub>)
- Latch-Up Performance Exceeds 100 mA Per JESD 78, Class II
- ESD Performance Tested Per JESD 22
  - 2000-V Human-Body Model (A114-B, Class II)
  - 1000-V Charged-Device Model (C101)
  - 300-V Machine Model (A115-A)
- COM Inputs
  - 8000-V Human-Body Model (A114-B, Class II)
  - ±15-kV Contact Discharge (IEC 61000-4-2)

#### **APPLICATIONS**

- Cell Phones
- PDAs
- Portable Instrumentation

YZT PACKAGE<sup>(1)</sup> (BOTTOM VIEW)

	Α	В		
1	3	4	9	10
3	② ①	6	7	12

(1)The GND balls are internally connected.

	Α	В	С	D		
1	IN1	NO1	COM1	NC1		
2	VIO	GND	GND	V+		
3	IN2	NO2	COM2	NC2		

### **DESCRIPTION**

The TS5A26542 is a dual single-pole double-throw (SPDT) analog switch that is designed to operate from 2.25 V to 5.5 V. The device offers a low ON-state resistance with an excellent channel-to-channel ON-state resistance matching, and the break-before-make feature to prevent signal distortion during the transferring of a signal from one path to the another. The device has excellent total harmonic distortion (THD) performance and consumes very low power. These features make this device suitable for portable audio applications.

The TS5A26542 has a separate logic supply pin ( $V_{IO}$ ) that operates from 1.65 V to 1.95 V.  $V_{IO}$  powers the control circuitry, which allows the TS5A26542 to be controlled by 1.8-V signals.

#### Table 1. ORDERING INFORMATION

T <sub>A</sub>	PACKAGE <sup>(1)</sup>		ORDERABLE PART NUMBER	TOP-SIDE MARKING (2)
-40°C to 85°	NanoFree™ – WCSP (DSBGA) 0.23-mm Large Bump – YZT (Pb-free) 0.625-mm max height	Reel of 3000	TS5A26542YZTR	JN_

<sup>(1)</sup> For the most current package and ordering information, see the Package Option Addendum at the end of this document, or see the TI website at www.ti.com.



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<sup>(2)</sup> YZT: The actual top-side marking has three preceding characters to denote year, month, and sequence code, and one following character to designate the assembly/test site. Pin 1 identifier indicates solder-bump composition (1 = SnPb, • = Pb-free).



### SUMMARY OF CHARACTERISTICS(1)

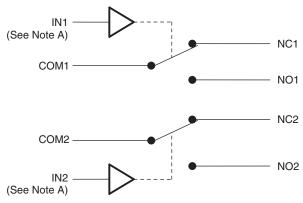
Configuration	2:1 Multiplexer/Demultiplexer (2 × SPDT)
Number of channels	2
ON-state resistance (r <sub>on</sub> )	0.75 Ω max
ON-state resistance match (Δr <sub>on</sub> )	0.1 Ω max
ON-state resistance flatness (r <sub>on(flat)</sub> )	0.1 Ω max
Turn-on/turn-off time (t <sub>ON</sub> /t <sub>OFF</sub> )	25 ns/20 ns
Charge injection (Q <sub>C</sub> )	15 pC
Bandwidth (BW)	43 MHz
OFF isolation (O <sub>ISO</sub> )	-63 dB at 1 MHz
Crosstalk (X <sub>TALK</sub> )	-63 dB at 1 MHz
Total harmonic distortion (THD)	0.004%
Leakage current (I <sub>NO(OFF)</sub> /I <sub>NC(OFF)</sub> )	20 nA
Package option	12-pin WCSP

### (1) $V_+ = 5 V$ , $T_A = 25$ °C

#### **FUNCTION TABLE**

IN	NC TO COM, COM TO NC	NO TO COM, COM TO NO
L	ON	OFF
Н	OFF	ON

#### **LOGIC DIAGRAM**



A. IN1 and IN2 are control inputs referenced to  $V_{\text{IO}}$ .

## ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS(1) (2)

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

			MIN	MAX	UNIT
$V_{+}$ $V_{IO}$	Supply voltage range (3)		-0.5	6.5	V
$V_{NC} \ V_{NO} \ V_{COM}$	Analog voltage range <sup>(3)</sup> (4) (5)	-0.5	V <sub>+</sub> + 0.5	V	
I <sub>I/OK</sub>	Analog port diode current	$V_{NO}$ , $V_{NC}$ , $V_{COM} < 0$ or $V_{NO}$ , $V_{NC}$ , $V_{COM} > V_{+}$	-50	50	mA
I <sub>NC</sub>	ON-state switch current			450	
I <sub>NO</sub> I <sub>COM</sub>	ON-state peak switch current <sup>(6)</sup>	$V_{NO, V_{NC}}$ , $V_{COM} = 0$ to $V_{+}$	-700	700	mA
$V_{I}$	Digital input voltage range (3) (4)		-0.5	6.5	V
I <sub>IK</sub>	Digital input clamp current	V <sub>I</sub> < 0	-50		mA
I <sub>+</sub> I <sub>GND</sub>	Continuous current through V <sub>+</sub> or GND		-100	100	mA
$\theta_{JA}$	Package thermal impedance (7)			102	°C/W
T <sub>stg</sub>	Storage temperature range		-65	150	°C

<sup>(1)</sup> Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

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<sup>(2)</sup> The algebraic convention, whereby the most negative value is a minimum and the most positive value is a maximum

<sup>(3)</sup> All voltages are with respect to ground, unless otherwise specified.

<sup>(4)</sup> The input and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output clamp-current ratings are observed.

<sup>(5)</sup> This value is limited to 5.5 V maximum.

<sup>(6)</sup> Pulse at 1-ms duration <10% duty cycle

<sup>(7)</sup> The package thermal impedance is calculated in accordance with JESD 51-7.



## **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS FOR 5-V SUPPLY<sup>(1)</sup>**

 $V_{+} = 4.5 \text{ V}$  to 5.5 V,  $V_{1O} = 1.65 \text{ V}$  to 1.95 V,  $T_{A} = -40 ^{\circ}\text{C}$  to 85  $^{\circ}\text{C}$  (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST COND	ITIONS	TA	V <sub>+</sub>	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Analog Switch		1			1				
Analog signal range	$V_{COM}, \ V_{NO}$					0		V <sub>+</sub>	V
ON-state resistance	_	$V_{NO}$ or $V_{NC} = 2.5 \text{ V}$ ,	Switch ON,	25°C	4.5 V		0.5	0.75	Ω
OIN-State resistance	r <sub>on</sub>	$I_{COM} = -100 \text{ mA},$	See Figure 14	Full	4.5 V			0.8	12
ON-state resistance		$V_{NO}$ or $V_{NC} = 2.5 \text{ V}$ ,	Switch ON,	25°C			0.05	0.1	
match between channels	Δr <sub>on</sub>	$I_{COM} = -100 \text{ mA},$	See Figure 14	Full	4.5 V			0.1	Ω
ON-state resistance		$0 \le (V_{NO} \text{ or } V_{NC}) \le V_+,$ $I_{COM} = -100 \text{ mA},$	Switch ON, See Figure 14	25°C			0.1		
flatness	r <sub>on(flat)</sub>	$V_{NO}$ or $V_{NC} = 1 \text{ V}, 1.5 \text{ V},$	Switch ON,	25°C	4.5 V		0.1	0.25	Ω
		$I_{COM} = -100 \text{ mA},$	See Figure 14	Full				0.25	
		V <sub>NO</sub> = 1 V, 4.5 V,		25°C		-20	2	20	
NO, NC OFF leakage current	I <sub>NO(OFF)</sub> , I <sub>NC (OFF)</sub>	$\begin{array}{l} V_{COM} = 4.5 \; \text{V, 1 V,} \\ V_{NC} = \text{Open,} \\ \text{or} \\ V_{NC} = 1 \; \text{V, 4.5 V,} \\ V_{COM} = 4.5 \; \text{V, 1 V,} \\ V_{NO} = \text{Open,} \end{array}$	Switch OFF, See Figure 15	Full	5.5 V	-100		100	nA
		V <sub>NO</sub> = 1 V, 4.5 V,		25°C		-20	2	20	
NC, NO ON leakage current	I <sub>NO(ON)</sub>	$V_{NC}$ and $V_{COM}$ = Open, or $V_{NC}$ = 1V, 4.5 V, $V_{NO}$ and $V_{COM}$ = Open,	Switch ON, See Figure 16	Full	5.5 V	-200		200	nA
		$V_{COM} = 1 V$ ,		25°C		-20	2	20	
COM ON leakage current	I <sub>COM(ON)</sub>	$\begin{aligned} &V_{NO} \text{ and } V_{NC} = \text{Open,} \\ &\text{or} \\ &V_{COM} = 4.5 \text{ V,} \\ &V_{NO} \text{ and } V_{NC} = \text{Open,} \end{aligned}$	See Figure 16	Full	5.5 V	-200		200	nA
Digital Control Input	s (IN1, IN2)	(2)							
Input logic high	V <sub>IH</sub>	V <sub>IO</sub> = 1.65 V to 1.95 V		Full		0.65 × V <sub>IO</sub>		V <sub>IO</sub>	V
Input logic low	V <sub>IL</sub>	V <sub>IO</sub> = 1.65 V to 1.95 V		Full		0		0.35 × V <sub>IO</sub>	V
Input leakage	1 1	10		25°C	E F V	-2		2	nA
current	I <sub>IH</sub> , I <sub>IL</sub>	$V_I = V_{IO} \text{ or } 0$		Full	5.5 V	-20		20	

<sup>(1)</sup> The algebraic convention, whereby the most negative value is a minimum and the most positive value is a maximum

<sup>(2)</sup> All unused digital inputs of the device must be held at V<sub>IO</sub> or GND to ensure proper device operation. Refer to the TI application report, *Implications of Slow or Floating CMOS Inputs*, literature number SCBA004.

## **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS FOR 5-V SUPPLY<sup>(1)</sup> (continued)**

 $V_{+}$  = 4.5 V to 5.5 V,  $V_{IO}$  = 1.65 V to 1.95 V,  $T_{A}$  = -40°C to 85°C (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST C	CONDITIONS	TA	V+	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Dynamic	1	1		1	1				
Turn-on time	t <sub>ON</sub>	$V_{COM} = V_+,$	C <sub>L</sub> = 35 pF,	25°C	5 V	1	12.5	25	ns
	-014	$R_L = 50 \Omega$ ,	See Figure 18	Full	4.5 V			30	
Turn-off time	t <sub>OFF</sub>	$V_{COM} = V_+,$ $R_1 = 50 \Omega,$	C <sub>L</sub> = 35 pF,	25°C	5 V	1	9.5	20	ns
		KL = 50 12,	See Figure 18	Full	4.5 V			25	
Break-before-make	t <sub>BBM</sub>	$V_{NC} = V_{NO} = V_{+}/2,$	$C_L = 35 \text{ pF},$	25°C	5 V	1	5	10	ns
time	*BBIVI	$R_L = 50 \Omega$ ,	See Figure 19	Full	4.5 V	1		12	
Charge injection	$Q_{\mathbb{C}}$	$V_{GEN} = 0,$ $R_{GEN} = 0,$	$C_L = 1 \text{ nF},$ See Figure 23	25°C	5 V		15		рС
NO OFF capacitance	C <sub>NO(OFF)</sub>	$V_{NO} = V_{+}$ or GND, Switch OFF,	See Figure 17	25°C	5 V		37		pF
NC, NO ON capacitance	C <sub>NC(ON)</sub> , C <sub>NO(ON)</sub>	$V_{NC}$ or $V_{NO} = V_{+}$ or GND, Switch ON,	See Figure 17	25°C	5 V		130		pF
COM ON capacitance	C <sub>COM(ON)</sub>	V <sub>COM</sub> = V <sub>+</sub> or GND, Switch ON,	See Figure 17	25°C	5 V		130		pF
Digital input capacitance	C <sub>I</sub>	$V_I = V_{IO}$ or GND,	See Figure 17	25°C	5 V		6.5		pF
Bandwidth	BW	$R_L = 50 \Omega$ , Switch ON,	See Figure 20	25°C	5 V		43		MHz
OFF isolation	O <sub>ISO</sub>	$R_L = 50 \Omega$ , $f = 1 MHz$ ,	See Figure 21	25°C	5 V		-63		dB
Crosstalk	X <sub>TALK</sub>	$R_L = 50 \Omega$ , f = 1 MHz,	See Figure 22	25°C	5 V		-63		dB
Total harmonic distortion	THD	$R_L = 600 \Omega,$ $C_L = 50 pF,$	f = 20 Hz to 20 kHz, See Figure 24	25°C	5 V		0.004		%
Supply	•	•		•	•				
Positive supply		., ., o., .		25°C			5.5	100	
current	I <sub>+</sub>	$V_I = V_{IO}$ or GND		Full	5.5 V			750	nA
				1		1			

<sup>(1)</sup> The algebraic convention, whereby the most negative value is a minimum and the most positive value is a maximum



# Electrical Characteristics for 3.3-V Supply<sup>(1)</sup>

 $V_{+} = 3$  V to 3.6 V,  $V_{IO} = 1.65$  V to 1.95 V,  $T_{A} = -40$  °C to 85 °C (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDI	TIONS	TA	V <sub>+</sub>	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Analog Switch									
Analog signal range	$V_{\rm COM}, \ V_{\rm NO}$					0		$V_{+}$	٧
ON-state resistance	r	$V_{NO}$ or $V_{NC} = 2 V$ ,	Switch ON,	25°C	3 V		0.75	0.9	Ω
ON-State resistance	r <sub>on</sub>	$I_{COM} = -100 \text{ mA},$	See Figure 14	Full	3 V			1.2	32
ON-state resistance		$V_{NO}$ or $V_{NC} = 2 \text{ V}, 0.8 \text{ V},$	Switch ON,	25°C	0.17		0.1	0.15	Ω
match between channels	$\Delta r_{on}$	$I_{COM} = -100 \text{ mA},$	See Figure 14	Full	3 V			0.15	
ON-state resistance		$0 \le (V_{NO} \text{ or } V_{NC}) \le V_+,$ $I_{COM} = -100 \text{ mA},$	Switch ON, See Figure 14	25°C			0.2		
flatness	r <sub>on(flat)</sub>	$V_{NO}$ or $V_{NC} = 0.8 \text{ V}, 2 \text{ V},$	Switch ON,	25°C	3 V		0.1	0.3	Ω
		$I_{COM} = -100 \text{ mA},$	See Figure 14	Full				0.3	
		$V_{NO} = 1 \text{ V}, 3 \text{ V},$		25°C		-20	2	20	
NO, NC OFF leakage current	I <sub>NO(OFF)</sub> , I <sub>NC (OFF)</sub>	$\begin{tabular}{lllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$	Switch OFF, See Figure 15	Full	3.6 V	-50		50	nA
		$V_{NO} = 1 \text{ V}, 3 \text{ V},$		25°C		-10	2	10	
NC, NO ON leakage current	I <sub>NO(ON)</sub>	$V_{NC}$ and $V_{COM}$ = Open, or $V_{NC}$ = 1 V, 3 V, $V_{NO}$ and $V_{COM}$ = Open,	Switch ON, See Figure 16	Full	3.6 V	30		30	nA
		$V_{COM} = 1 V$ ,		25°C		-10	2	10	
COM ON leakage current	$V_{NO}$ and $V_{NC}$ = Open,	3.6 V	-30		30	nA			
<b>Digital Control Inputs</b>	s (IN1, IN2) <sup>(2</sup>	2)							
Input logic high	V <sub>IH</sub>	V <sub>IO</sub> = 1.65 V to 1.95 V		Full		0.65 × V <sub>IO</sub>		V <sub>IO</sub>	V
Input logic low	$V_{IL}$	V <sub>IO</sub> = 1.65 V to 1.95 V		Full		0		0.35 × V <sub>IO</sub>	V
Input lookage ourrest		V V 0		25°C	3.6 V	-2		2	n 1
Input leakage current	$I_{IH},I_{IL}$	$V_I = V_{IO} \text{ or } 0$		Full	3.0 V	-20		20	nA

 <sup>(1)</sup> The algebraic convention, whereby the most negative value is a minimum and the most positive value is a maximum
 (2) All unused digital inputs of the device must be held at V<sub>IO</sub> or GND to ensure proper device operation. Refer to the TI application report, Implications of Slow or Floating CMOS Inputs, literature number SCBA004.

## **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS FOR 3.3-V SUPPLY<sup>(1)</sup> (continued)**

 $V_{+} = 3 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}, V_{1O} = 1.65 \text{ V to } 1.95 \text{ V}, T_{A} = -40^{\circ}\text{C} \text{ to } 85^{\circ}\text{C} \text{ (unless otherwise noted)}$ 

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST C	ONDITIONS	$T_A$	V+	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Dynamic									
T		$V_{COM} = V_+,$	$C_1 = 35 \text{ pF},$	25°C	3.3 V	5	15	30	
Turn-on time	t <sub>ON</sub>	$R_L = 50 \Omega$ ,	See Figure 18	Full	3 V	3		35	ns
Turn-off time		$V_{COM} = V_+,$	C <sub>L</sub> = 35 pF,	25°C	3.3 V	1	9	20	ns
rum-on ume	t <sub>OFF</sub>	$R_L = 50 \Omega$ ,	See Figure 18	Full	3 V	1		25	115
Break-before-make	t	$V_{NC} = V_{NO} = V_{+}/2,$	$C_L = 35 \text{ pF},$	25°C	3.3 V	1	8	13	ns
time	t <sub>BBM</sub>	$R_L = 50 \Omega$ ,	See Figure 19	Full	3 V	1		15	113
Charge injection	$Q_{C}$	$V_{GEN} = 0,$ $R_{GEN} = 0,$	C <sub>L</sub> = 1 nF, See Figure 23	25°C	3.3 V		6.5		pC
NO OFF capacitance	C <sub>NO(OFF)</sub>	$V_{NO} = V_{+}$ or GND, Switch OFF,	See Figure 17	25°C	3.3 V		38		pF
NC, NO ON capacitance	C <sub>NC(ON)</sub> , C <sub>NO(ON)</sub>	$V_{NC}$ or $V_{NO} = V_{+}$ or GND, Switch ON,	See Figure 17	25°C	3.3 V		133		pF
COM ON capacitance	C <sub>COM(ON)</sub>	$V_{COM} = V_{+}$ or GND, Switch ON,	See Figure 17	25°C	3.3 V		133		pF
Digital input capacitance	C <sub>I</sub>	$V_I = V_{IO}$ or GND,	See Figure 17	25°C	3.3 V		6.5		pF
Bandwidth	BW	$R_L = 50 \Omega$ , Switch ON,	See Figure 20	25°C	3.3 V		42		MHz
OFF isolation	O <sub>ISO</sub>	$R_L = 50 \Omega$ , f = 1 MHz,	See Figure 21	25°C	3.3 V		-63		dB
Crosstalk	X <sub>TALK</sub>	$R_L = 50 \Omega$ , $f = 1 MHz$ ,	See Figure 22	25°C	3.3 V		-63		dB
Total harmonic distortion	THD	$R_L = 600 \Omega,$ $C_L = 50 pF,$	f = 20 Hz to 20 kHz, See Figure 24	25°C	3.3 V		0.004		%
Supply									
Positive supply	l V = V = or CND	V V or CND		25°C	261/		10	50	<b>~</b> ^
current	I <sub>+</sub>	$V_I = V_{IO}$ or GND		Full	3.6 V			300	nA

<sup>(1)</sup> The algebraic convention, whereby the most negative value is a minimum and the most positive value is a maximum



## **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS FOR 2.5-V SUPPLY<sup>(1)</sup>**

 $V_+$  = 2.25 V to 2.75 V,  $V_{IO}$  = 1.65 V to 1.95 V,  $T_A$  = -40°C to 85°C (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDI	TIONS	TA	V <sub>+</sub>	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Analog Switch								,	
Analog signal range	V <sub>COM</sub> , V <sub>NO</sub>					0		V <sub>+</sub>	V
ON-state resistance	r <sub>on</sub>	$V_{NO}$ or $V_{NC} = 1.8 \text{ V}$ , $I_{COM} = -100 \text{ mA}$ ,	Switch ON, See Figure 14	25°C Full	2.25 V		1	1.3 1.6	Ω
ON-state resistance		$V_{NO}$ or $V_{NC} = 1.8 \text{ V}$ ,		25°C			0.15	0.2	
match between channels	$\Delta r_{on}$	0.8 V, I <sub>COM</sub> = -100 mA,	Switch ON, See Figure 14	Full	2.25 V		0.10	0.2	Ω
ON state registers		$0 \le (V_{NO} \text{ or } V_{NC}) \le V_+,$ $I_{COM} = -100 \text{ mA},$	Switch ON, See Figure 14	25°C			0.5		
ON-state resistance flatness	r <sub>on(flat)</sub>	$V_{NO}$ or $V_{NC} = 0.8 \text{ V}, 1 \text{ V},$	Switch ON,	25°C	2.25 V		0.25	0.5	Ω
		$I_{COM} = -100 \text{ mA},$	See Figure 14	Full				0.6	
		$V_{NO} = 0.5 \text{ V}, 2.2 \text{ V},$		25°C		-20	2	20	
NO, NC OFF leakage current	I <sub>NO(OFF)</sub> , I <sub>NC (OFF)</sub>	$\begin{split} &V_{COM} = 2.2 \text{ V}, 0.5 \text{ V}, \\ &V_{NC} = \text{Open}, \\ &\text{or} \\ &V_{NC} = 0.5 \text{ V}, 2.2 \text{ V}, \\ &V_{COM} = 2.2 \text{ V}, 0.5 \text{ V}, \\ &V_{NO} = \text{Open}, \end{split}$	Switch OFF, See Figure 15	Full	2.75 V	-50		50	nA
		V <sub>NO</sub> = 0.5 V, 2.2 V,		25°C		-10	2	10	
NC, NO ON leakage current	I <sub>NO(ON)</sub>	$V_{NC}$ and $V_{COM}$ = Open, or $V_{NC}$ = 0.5 V, 2.2 V, $V_{NO}$ and $V_{COM}$ = Open,	Switch ON, See Figure 16	Full	2.75 V	-20		20	nA
		$V_{COM} = 0.5 V,$		25°C		-10	2	10	
COM ON leakage current	I <sub>COM(ON)</sub>	$\begin{aligned} &V_{NO} \text{ and } V_{NC} = \text{Open,} \\ &\text{or} \\ &V_{COM} = 2.2 \text{ V,} \\ &V_{NO} \text{ and } V_{NC} = \text{Open,} \end{aligned}$	Switch ON, See Figure 16	Full	2.75 V	-50	,	50	nA
<b>Digital Control Inputs</b>	(IN1, IN2) <sup>(2</sup>	)							
Input logic high	V <sub>IH</sub>	$V_{IO} = 1.65 \text{ V to } 1.95 \text{ V}$		Full		$0.65 \times V_{IO}$		$V_{IO}$	V
Input logic low	$V_{IL}$	$V_{IO} = 1.65 \text{ V to } 1.95 \text{ V}$		Full		0		$0.35 \times V_{IO}$	V
Input leakage current	I <sub>IH</sub> , I <sub>IL</sub>	$V_I = V_{IO}$ or 0		25°C Full	2.75 V	-2 -20		20	nA

<sup>(1)</sup> The algebraic convention, whereby the most negative value is a minimum and the most positive value is a maximum

<sup>(2)</sup> All unused digital inputs of the device must be held at V<sub>IO</sub> or GND to ensure proper device operation. Refer to the TI application report, Implications of Slow or Floating CMOS Inputs, literature number SCBA004.

# **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS FOR 2.5-V SUPPLY<sup>(1)</sup> (continued)**

 $V_+$  = 2.25 V to 2.75 V,  $V_{IO}$  = 1.65 V to 1.95 V,  $T_A$  = -40°C to 85°C (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST C	ONDITIONS	TA	V+	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Dynamic									
Turn-on time	t <sub>ON</sub>	$V_{COM} = V_+,$ $R_1 = 50 \Omega,$	C <sub>L</sub> = 35 pF, See Figure 18	25°C	2.5 V	5	20	35	ns
		NL = 50 12,	See Figure 16	Full	2.25 V	5		40	
Turn-off time	t <sub>OFF</sub>	$V_{COM} = V_+,$ $R_L = 50 \Omega,$	$C_L = 35 \text{ pF},$ See Figure 18	25°C Full	2.5 V 2.25 V	2	10	20 25	ns
							44		
Break-before-make time	t <sub>BBM</sub>	$V_{NC} = V_{NO} = V_{+}/2,$ $R_{L} = 50 \Omega,$	C <sub>L</sub> = 35 pF, See Figure 19	25°C Full	2.5 V 2.25 V	1	11	20 25	ns
Charge injection	Q <sub>C</sub>	$V_{GEN} = 0,$ $R_{GEN} = 0,$	C <sub>L</sub> = 1 nF, See Figure 23	25°C	2.5 V		5		рС
NO OFF capacitance	C <sub>NO(OFF)</sub>	V <sub>NO</sub> = V <sub>+</sub> or GND, Switch OFF,	See Figure 17	25°C	2.5 V		38		pF
NC, NO ON capacitance	C <sub>NC(ON)</sub> , C <sub>NO(ON)</sub>	$V_{NC}$ or $V_{NO} = V_{+}$ or GND, Switch ON,	See Figure 17	25°C	2.5 V		135		pF
COM ON capacitance	C <sub>COM(ON)</sub>	V <sub>COM</sub> = V <sub>+</sub> or GND, Switch ON,	See Figure 17	25°C	2.5 V		135		pF
Digital input capacitance	Cı	$V_I = V_{IO}$ or GND,	See Figure 17	25°C	2.5 V		6.5		pF
Bandwidth	BW	$R_L = 50 \Omega$ , Switch ON,	See Figure 20	25°C	2.5 V		40		MHz
OFF isolation	O <sub>ISO</sub>	$R_L = 50 \Omega$ , f = 1 MHz,	See Figure 21	25°C	2.5 V		-63		dB
Crosstalk	X <sub>TALK</sub>	$R_L = 50 \Omega$ , f = 1 MHz,	See Figure 22	25°C	2.5 V		-63		dB
Total harmonic distortion	THD	$R_L = 600 \Omega,$ $C_L = 50 pF,$	f = 20 Hz to 20 kHz, See Figure 24	25°C	2.5 V		0.008		%
Supply									
Positive supply		V V as CND		25°C	0.75.\/		10	25	^
current	I <sub>+</sub>	$V_I = V_{IO}$ or GND		Full	2.75 V			100	nA

<sup>(1)</sup> The algebraic convention, whereby the most negative value is a minimum and the most positive value is a maximum



#### **TYPICAL PERFORMANCE**

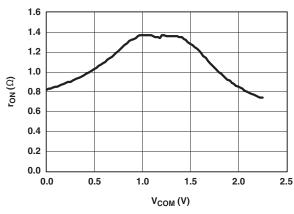


Figure 1.  $r_{on}$  vs  $V_{COM}$  ( $V_{+} = 2.5 \text{ V}$ )

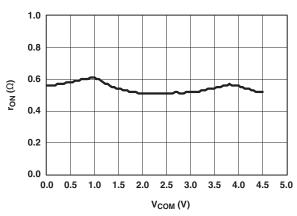


Figure 3.  $r_{on}$  vs  $V_{COM}$  ( $V_{+} = 5 V$ )

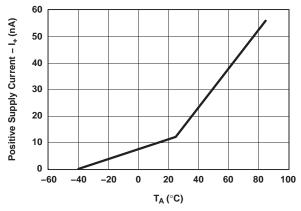


Figure 5.  $I_+$  vs Temperature ( $V_+ = 5 \text{ V}$ )

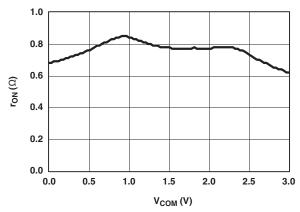


Figure 2.  $r_{on}$  vs  $V_{COM}$  ( $V_{+} = 3.3 \text{ V}$ )

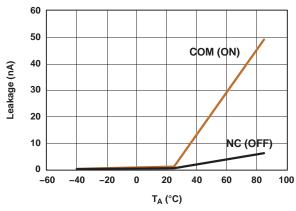


Figure 4. Leakage Current vs Temperature  $(V_+ = 5 V)$ 

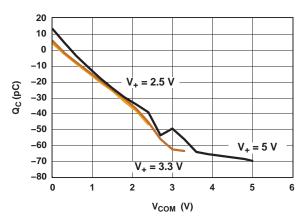


Figure 6. Charge Injection (Q<sub>C</sub>) vs V<sub>COM</sub>



### **TYPICAL PERFORMANCE (continued)**

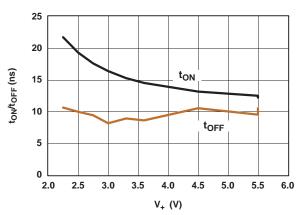


Figure 7. t<sub>ON</sub>/t<sub>OFF</sub> vs Supply Voltage

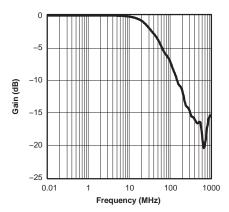


Figure 9. Gain vs Frequency  $(V_+ = 5 V)$ 

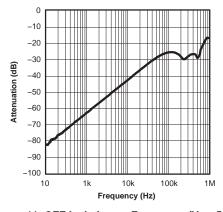


Figure 11. OFF Isolation vs Frequency  $(V_{+} = 5 V)$ 

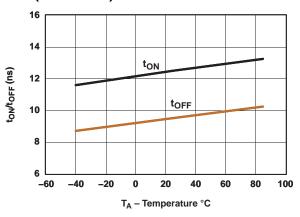


Figure 8.  $t_{ON}/t_{OFF}$  vs Temperature (V<sub>+</sub> = 5 V)

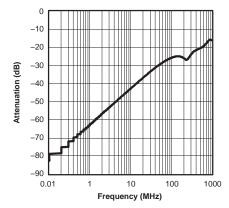


Figure 10. Crosstalk vs Frequency  $(V_+ = 5 V)$ 

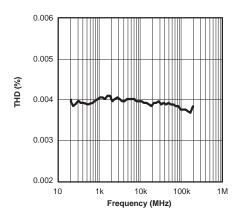
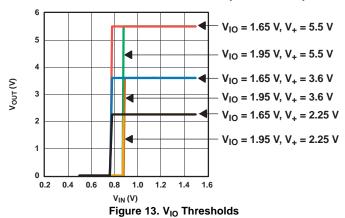


Figure 12. Total Harmonic Distortion vs Frequency  $(V_+ = 2.5 \text{ V})$ 



# **TYPICAL PERFORMANCE (continued)**





#### PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION

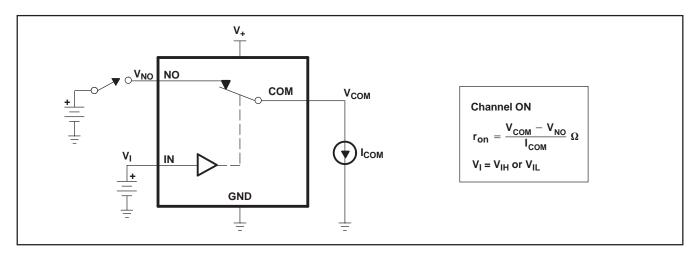


Figure 14. ON-State Resistance (ron)

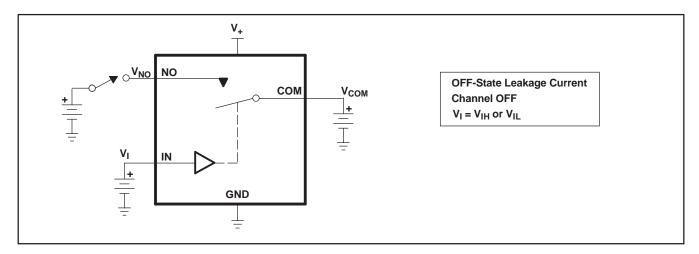


Figure 15. OFF-State Leakage Current ( $I_{COM(OFF)}$ ,  $I_{NC(OFF)}$ ,  $I_{COM(PWROFF)}$ ,  $I_{NC(PWR(FF))}$ )

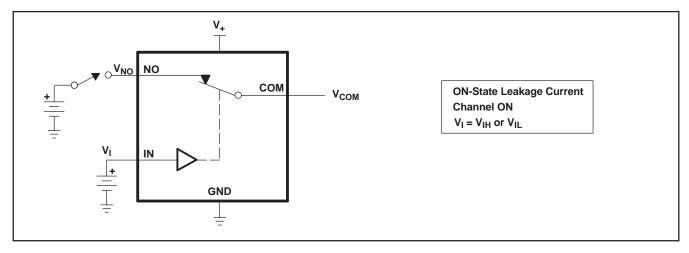


Figure 16. ON-State Leakage Current (I<sub>COM(ON)</sub>, I<sub>NC(ON)</sub>)



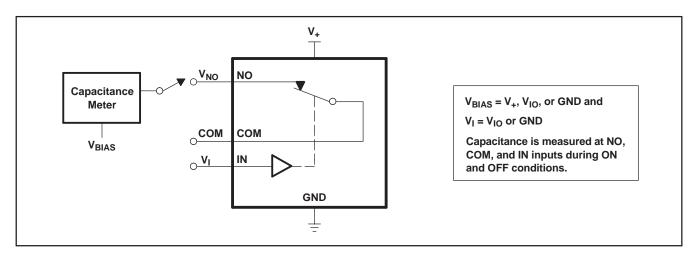
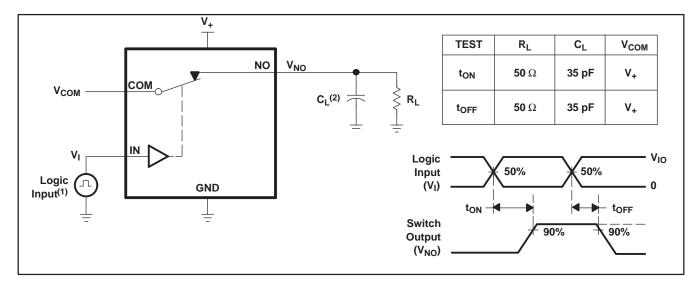


Figure 17. Capacitance (C<sub>I</sub>,  $C_{COM(OFF)}$ ,  $C_{COM(ON)}$ ,  $C_{NC(OFF)}$ ,  $C_{NC(ON)}$ )

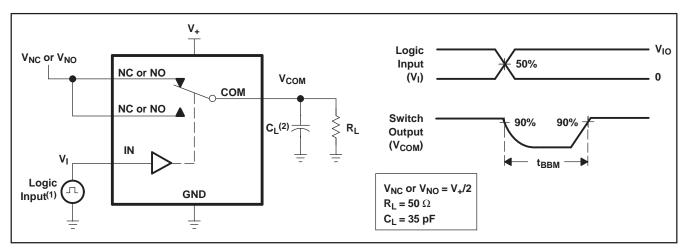


NOTES: A. All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: PRR  $\leq$  10 MHz,  $Z_0$  = 50  $\Omega$ ,  $t_f$  < 5 ns.

B. C<sub>L</sub> includes probe and jig capacitance.

Figure 18. Turn-On (t<sub>ON</sub>) and Turn-Off Time (t<sub>OFF</sub>)





- NOTES: A. All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: PRR  $\leq$  10 MHz,  $Z_Q = 50 \Omega$ ,  $t_r < 5$  ns,  $t_f < 5$  ns.
  - B.  $C_L$  includes probe and jig capacitance.

Figure 19. Break-Before-Make Time (t<sub>BBM</sub>)

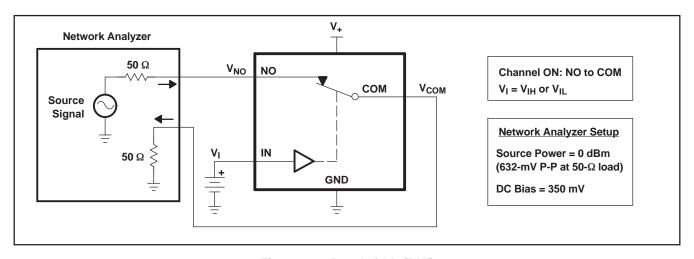


Figure 20. Bandwidth (BW)



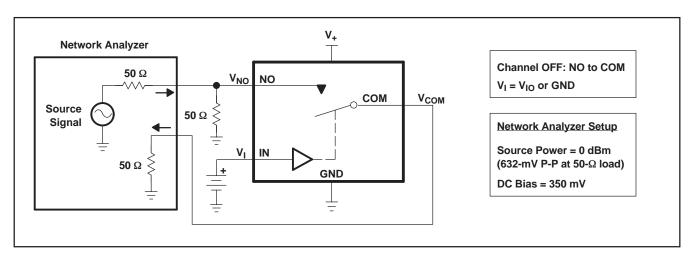


Figure 21. OFF Isolation (O<sub>ISO</sub>)

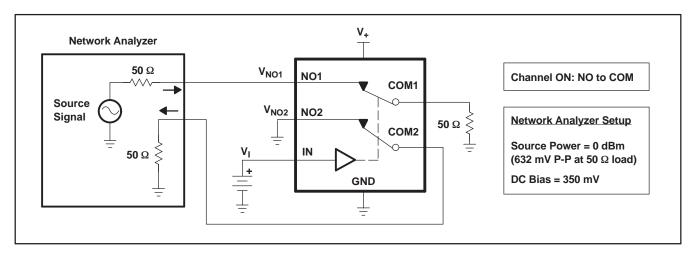
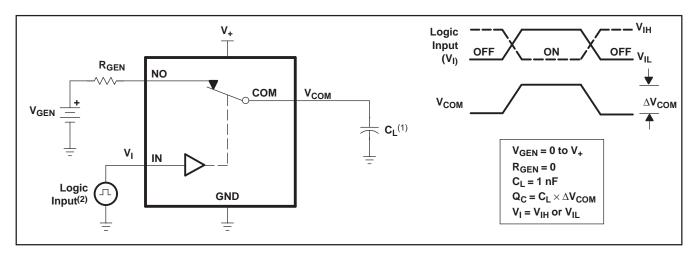


Figure 22. Crosstalk (X<sub>TALK</sub>)

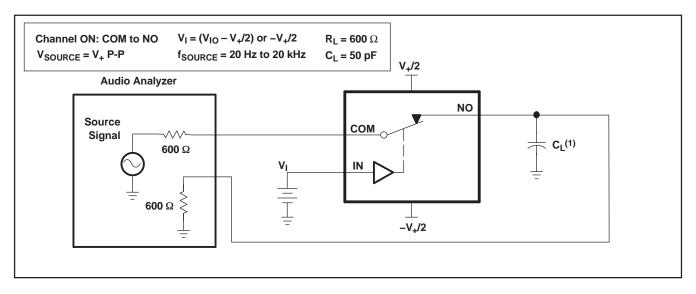




NOTES: A. C<sub>L</sub> includes probe and jig capacitance.

B. All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: PRR  $\leq$  10 MHz,  $Z_O = 50~\Omega$ ,  $t_f < 5~ns$ ,  $t_f < 5~ns$ .

Figure 23. Charge Injection (Q<sub>C</sub>)



NOTES: A. C<sub>L</sub> includes probe and jig capacitance.

Figure 24. Total Harmonic Distortion (THD)

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#### PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable part number	Status (1)	Material type	Package   Pins	Package qty   Carrier	RoHS (3)	Lead finish/ Ball material	MSL rating/ Peak reflow	Op temp (°C)	Part marking (6)
TS5A26542YZTR	Active	Production	DSBGA (YZT)   12	3000   LARGE T&R	Yes	SNAGCU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	(JN2, JN7, JNN)
TS5A26542YZTR.B	Active	Production	DSBGA (YZT)   12	3000   LARGE T&R	Yes	SNAGCU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	(JN2, JN7, JNN)

<sup>(1)</sup> Status: For more details on status, see our product life cycle.

Multiple part markings will be inside parentheses. Only one part marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a part. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire part marking for that device.

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<sup>(2)</sup> Material type: When designated, preproduction parts are prototypes/experimental devices, and are not yet approved or released for full production. Testing and final process, including without limitation quality assurance, reliability performance testing, and/or process qualification, may not yet be complete, and this item is subject to further changes or possible discontinuation. If available for ordering, purchases will be subject to an additional waiver at checkout, and are intended for early internal evaluation purposes only. These items are sold without warranties of any kind.

<sup>(3)</sup> RoHS values: Yes, No, RoHS Exempt. See the TI RoHS Statement for additional information and value definition.

<sup>(4)</sup> Lead finish/Ball material: Parts may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead finish/Ball material values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

<sup>(5)</sup> MSL rating/Peak reflow: The moisture sensitivity level ratings and peak solder (reflow) temperatures. In the event that a part has multiple moisture sensitivity ratings, only the lowest level per JEDEC standards is shown. Refer to the shipping label for the actual reflow temperature that will be used to mount the part to the printed circuit board.

<sup>(6)</sup> Part marking: There may be an additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category of the part.

# **PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION**

www.ti.com 28-Mar-2024

#### TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION





A0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component width
В0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component length
K0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component thickness
W	Overall width of the carrier tape
P1	Pitch between successive cavity centers

#### QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



#### \*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing		SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
TS5A26542YZ1	TR DSBGA	YZT	12	3000	178.0	9.2	1.49	1.99	0.75	4.0	8.0	Q2

**PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION** 

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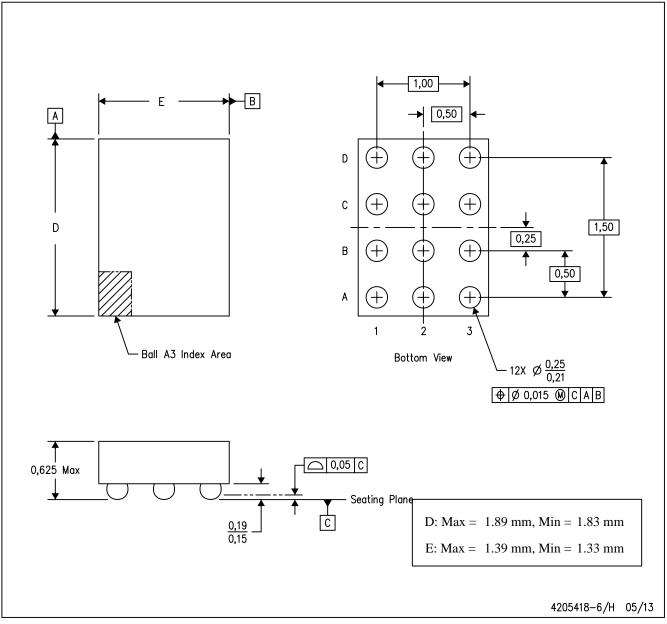


#### \*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Package Drawing Pins		Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
TS5A26542YZTR	DSBGA	YZT	12	3000	220.0	220.0	35.0

YZT (R-XBGA-N12)

(CUSTOM) DIE-SIZE BALL GRID ARRAY



NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M-1994.

- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. NanoFree™ package configuration.

NanoFree is a trademark of Texas Instruments.



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