











TPS22966

SLVSBH4F -JUNE 2012-REVISED JULY 2016

TPS22966 5.5-V, 6-A, 16-m Ω On-Resistance Dual-Channel Load Switch

Features

- Input Voltage Range: 0.8 V to 5.5 V
- Integrated Dual-Channel Load Switch
- On-Resistance
 - R_{ON} = 16 m Ω at V_{IN} = 5 V (V_{BIAS} = 5 V)
 - R_{ON} = 16 m Ω at V_{IN} = 3.6 V (V_{BIAS} = 5 V)
 - $-R_{ON} = 16 \text{ m}\Omega \text{ at } V_{IN} = 1.8 \text{ V } (V_{BIAS} = 5 \text{ V})$
- 6-A Maximum Continuous Switch Current per
- Low Quiescent Current
 - 80 µA (Both Channels)
 - 60 µA (Single Channel)
- Low Control Input Threshold Enables Use of 1.2-, 1.8-, 2.5-, and 3.3-V Logic
- Configurable Rise Time
- Quick Output Discharge (QOD) (Optional)
- SON 14-Pin Package With Thermal Pad
- ESD Performance Tested per JESD 22
 - 2-kV HBM and 1-kV CDM

Applications

- Ultrabook™
- Notebooks and Netbooks
- **Tablet PCs**
- Consumer Electronics
- Set-top Boxes and Residental Gateways
- **Telecom Systems**
- Solid-State Drives (SSD)

3 Description

The TPS22966 is a small, low R_{ON}, dual-channel load switch with controlled turnon. The device contains two N-channel MOSFETs that can operate over an input voltage range of 0.8 V to 5.5 V and can support a maximum continuous current of 6 A per channel. Each switch is independently controlled by an on and off input (ON1 and ON2), which can interface directly with low-voltage control signals. In TPS22966, a 220- Ω on-chip load resistor is added for quick-output discharge when switch is turned off.

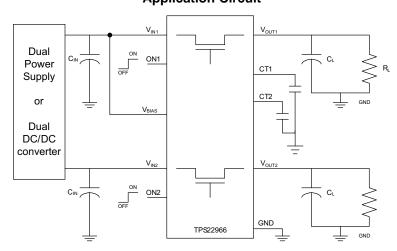
The TPS22966 is available in a small, space-saving 2-mm × 3-mm 14-SON package (DPU) with integrated thermal pad allowing for high power dissipation. The device is characterized for operation over the free-air temperature range of -40°C to +105°C.

Device Information⁽¹⁾

PART NUMBER	PACKAGE	BODY SIZE (NOM)
TPS22966	WSON (14)	3.00 mm × 2.00 mm

(1) For all available packages, see the orderable addendum at the end of the data sheet.

Application Circuit





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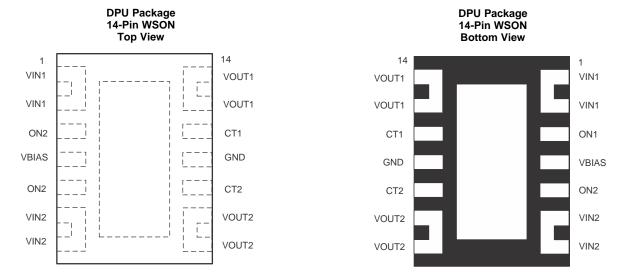
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Product Folder Links: TPS22966

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5 Pin Configuration and Functions



Pin Functions

	PIN		
NO.	NAME	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
1	VIN1	I	Switch 1 input. Recommended voltage range for this pin for optimal R _{ON} performance is 0.8 V to V _{BIAS} . Place an optional decoupling capacitor between this pin and GND for reduce VIN dip during turnon of the channel. See the <i>Application Information</i> section for more information
2	VIN1	I	Switch 1 input. Recommended voltage range for this pin for optimal R _{ON} performance is 0.8 V to V _{BIAS} . Place an optional decoupling capacitor between this pin and GND for reduce VIN dip during turnon of the channel. See the <i>Application Information</i> section for more information
3	ON1	I	Active high switch 1 control input. Do not leave floating
4	VBIAS	1	Bias voltage. Power supply to the device. Recommended voltage range for this pin is 2.5 V to 5.5 V. See the <i>Application Information</i> section
5	ON2	I	Active high switch 2 control input. Do not leave floating
6	VIN2	I	Switch 2 input. Recommended voltage range for this pin for optimal R _{ON} performance is 0.8 V to V _{BIAS} . Place an optional decoupling capacitor between this pin and GND for reduce VIN dip during turnon of the channel. See the <i>Application Information</i> section for more information
7	VIN2	I	Switch 2 input. Recommended voltage range for this pin for optimal R _{ON} performance is 0.8 V to V _{BIAS} . Place an optional decoupling capacitor between this pin and GND for reduce VIN dip during turnon of the channel. See the <i>Application Information</i> section for more information
8	VOUT2	0	Switch 2 output
9	VOUT2	0	Switch 2 output
10	CT2	0	Switch 2 slew rate control. Can be left floating. Capacitor used on this pin mudt be rated for a minimum of 25 V for desired rise time performance
11	GND	_	Ground
12	CT1	0	Switch 1 slew rate control. Can be left floating. Capacitor used on this pin must be rated for a minimum of 25 V for desired rise time performance
13	VOUT1	0	Switch 1 output
14	VOUT1	0	Switch 1 output
_	Thermal Pad		Thermal pad (exposed center pad) to alleviate thermal stress. Tie to GND. See the <i>Layout</i> section for layout guidelines



6 Specifications

6.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

Over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)⁽¹⁾

		MIN	MAX	UNIT ⁽²⁾
V _{IN1,2}	Input voltage	-0.3	6	V
V _{OUT1,2}	Output voltage	-0.3	6	V
V _{ON1,2}	ON-pin voltage	-0.3	6	V
V _{BIAS}	V _{BIAS} voltage	-0.3	6	V
I _{MAX}	Maximum continuous switch current per channel		6	Α
I _{PLS}	Maximum pulsed switch current per channel, pulse <300 μs, 2% duty cycle		8	Α
TJ	Maximum junction temperature		125	°C
T _{LEAD}	Maximum lead temperature (10-s soldering time)		300	°C
T _{stg}	Storage temperature	-65	150	°C

⁽¹⁾ Stresses beyond those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, which do not imply functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under Recommended Operating Conditions. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

2) All voltage values are with respect to network ground terminal.

6.2 ESD Ratings

			VALUE	UNIT
\/	Clastrostatia diasharas	Human body model (HBM), per ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001 (1)	±2000	V
V _(ESD) Electrostatic discharge	Charged-device model (CDM), per JEDEC specification JESD22-C101 ⁽²⁾	±1000	V	

¹⁾ JEDEC document JEP155 states that 500-V HBM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.

6.3 Recommended Operating Conditions

		-	MIN	MAX	UNIT
$V_{IN1,2}$	Input voltage		0.8	V_{BIAS}	V
V _{BIAS}	Bias voltage		2.5	5.5	V
V _{ON1,2}	ON voltage		0	5.5	V
V _{OUT1,2}	Output voltage			V _{IN}	V
V _{IH}	High-level input voltage, ON	V _{BIAS} = 2.5 V to 5.5 V	1.2	5.5	V
V _{IL}	Low-level input voltage, ON	V _{BIAS} = 2.5 V to 5.5 V	0	0.5	V
C _{IN1,2}	Input capacitor		1 ⁽¹⁾		μF
T _A	Operating free-air temperature	(2)	-40	105	°C

⁽¹⁾ See the *Input Capacitor (Optional)* section.

6.4 Thermal Information

		TPS22966	
	THERMAL METRIC (1)	DPU (WSON)	UNIT
		14 PINS	
$R_{\theta JA}$	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance	52.3	°C/W
$R_{\theta JC(top)}$	Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance	45.9	°C/W
$R_{\theta JB}$	Junction-to-board thermal resistance	11.5	°C/W
ΨЈТ	Junction-to-top characterization parameter	0.8	°C/W

 For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the Semiconductor and IC Package Thermal Metrics application report.

⁽²⁾ JEDEC document JEP157 states that 250-V CDM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.

⁽²⁾ In applications where high power dissipation and/or poor package thermal resistance is present, the maximum ambient temperature may have to be derated. Maximum ambient temperature [T_{A(max)}] is dependent on the maximum operating junction temperature [T_{J(max)}], the maximum power dissipation of the device in the application [P_{D(max)}], and the junction-to-ambient thermal resistance of the part-package in the application (θ_{JA}), as given by the following equation: TA_(max) = T_{J(max)} - (θ_{JA} × P_{D(max)}).



Thermal Information (continued)

		rization parameter 11.4	
	THERMAL METRIC (1)	DPU (WSON)	UNIT
		14 PINS	
ΨЈВ	Junction-to-board characterization parameter	11.4	°C/W
$R_{\theta JC(bot)}$	Junction-to-case (bottom) thermal resistance	6.9	°C/W

6.5 Electrical Characteristics—V_{BIAS} = 5 V

Unless otherwise noted, the specification in the following table applies where $V_{BIAS} = 5 \text{ V}$. Typical values are for $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ (unless otherwise noted)

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDIT	IONS	T _A	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
POWER SUF	PPLIES AND CURRENTS							
I _{IN(VBIAS-ON)}	V _{BIAS} quiescent current (both channels)	$I_{OUT1} = I_{OUT2} = 0 \text{ mA},$ $V_{IN1,2} = V_{ON1,2} = V_{BIAS} =$	5 V	-40°C to +105°C		80	120	μΑ
I _{IN(VBIAS-ON)}	V _{BIAS} quiescent current (single channel)	$I_{OUT1} = I_{OUT2} = 0 \text{ mA}, V_{O}$ $V_{IN1,2} = V_{ON1} = V_{BIAS} = 5$		-40°C to +105°C		60	120	μΑ
I _{IN(VBIAS-OFF)}	V _{BIAS} shutdown current	$V_{ON1,2} = 0 V, V_{OUT1,2} = 0$	V	-40°C to +105°C			2	μΑ
			$V_{IN1,2} = 5 V$	-40°C to +105°C		0.5	8	
	V _{IN1,2} off-state supply current (per	$V_{ON1,2} = 0 V,$	$V_{IN1,2} = 3.3 \text{ V}$	-40°C to +105°C		0.1	120 120 2 3 8 3 2 2 1 1 1 21 23 19 21 23 19 21 23 21 23 21 23 21 23 21	
I _{IN(VIN-OFF)}	channel)	$V_{OUT1,2} = 0 \text{ V}$	V _{IN1,2} = 1.8 V	-40°C to +105°C		60 120 2 0.5 8 0.1 3 0.07 2 0.04 1 1 16 19 21 23 16 19 21 23 16 19 21 23 16 19 21 23 16 19 21 23 16 19 21 23 16 19 21 23 16 19 21 23	μΑ	
			$V_{IN1,2} = 0.8 \text{ V}$	-40°C to +105°C		0.04	120 120 2 8 3 2 1 1 1 19 21 23 19 21 23 19 21 23 19 21 23 23 21 23	ı
I _{ON}	ON pin input leakage current	V _{ON} = 5.5 V		-40°C to +105°C			1	μΑ
RESISTANC	E CHARACTERISTICS							
				25°C		16	120 120 2 8 3 2 1 1 1 19 21 23 19 21 23 19 21 23 19 21 23 19 21 23 300	
		V _{IN} = 5 V V _{IN} = 3.3 V	V _{IN} = 5 V	-40°C to +85°C			21	
				-40°C to +105°C			23	
			V _{IN} = 3.3 V	25°C		16	19	ı
				-40°C to +85°C			21	
			-40°C to +105°C			23 6 19 21 23 6 19		
				25°C		16	120 120 2 8 3 2 1 1 1 19 21 23 19 21 23 19 21 23 19 21 23 19 21 23 19 21 23 23 21 23 21 23 23 21 23 23 21 23 23 21 23 23 21 23 21 23 23 21 23 23 21 23 23 21 23 23 21 23 21 23 23 21 23 23 21 23 23 21 23	<u> </u>
			V _{IN} = 1.8 V	-40°C to +85°C				ı
Б		$I_{OUT} = -200 \text{ mA},$		-40°C to +105°C				0
R _{ON}	ON-state resistance (per channel)	$V_{BIAS} = 5 \text{ V}$		25°C		16		mΩ
			V _{IN} = 1.5 V	-40°C to +85°C			21	ı
				-40°C to +105°C			23	ı
				25°C		16	19	ı
			V _{IN} = 1.2 V	-40°C to +85°C		60 120 2 0.5 8 0.1 3 0.07 2 0.04 1 16 19 21 23 16 19 21 23 16 19 21 23 16 19 21 23 16 19 21 23 16 19 21 23 23 23 23 30 30 30 30	ı	
				-40°C to +105°C			23	ı
				25°C		16	19	i
			$V_{IN} = 0.8 \ V$	-40°C to +85°C			120 2 5 8 1 3 7 2 4 1 1 6 19 21 23 6 19 21 21 23 6 19 21 21 23 6 19 21 21 23 24 25 26 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27	i
				-40°C to +105°C				i
Б	Outrat and delivery and interest	V 5VV 0V	45 4	-40°C to +85°C		220	23 19 21 23 19 21 23 19 21 23 19 21 23 29 21 23 300	
R_{PD}	Output pulldown resistance	$V_{IN} = 5 \text{ V}, V_{ON} = 0 \text{ V}, I_{OU}$	_T = 15 mA	-40°C to +105°C			330	Ω



6.6 Electrical Characteristics— $V_{BIAS} = 2.5 \text{ V}$

Unless otherwise noted, the specification in the following table applies where $V_{BIAS} = 2.5 \text{ V}$. Typical values are for $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ (unless otherwise noted)

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDIT	IONS	T _A	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
POWER SUF	PPLIES AND CURRENTS							
	V _{BIAS} quiescent current (both	$I_{OUT1} = I_{OUT2} = 0 \text{ mA},$		-40°C to +85°C		32	37	
I _{IN(VBIAS-ON)}	channels)	$V_{IN1,2} = V_{ON1,2} = V_{BIAS} =$	2.5 V	-40°C to +105°C			40	μΑ
I _{IN(VBIAS-ON)}	V _{BIAS} quiescent current (single channel)	$I_{OUT1} = I_{OUT2} = 0 \text{ mA}, V_{O}$ $V_{IN1,2} = V_{ON1} = V_{BIAS} = 2$		-40°C to +105°C		23	40	μΑ
I _{IN(VBIAS-OFF)}	V _{BIAS} shutdown current	$V_{ON1,2} = 0 V, V_{OUT1,2} = 0$	V	-40°C to +105°C			2	μΑ
			V _{IN1,2} = 2.5 V	-40°C to +105°C		0.13	3	
	V _{IN1,2} off-state supply current (per	$V_{ON1,2} = 0 V,$	$V_{IN1,2} = 1.8 \text{ V}$	-40°C to +105°C		0.07	37 40 40 2	
I _{IN(VIN-OFF)}	channel)	$V_{OUT1,2} = 0 V$	V _{IN1,2} = 1.2 V	-40°C to +105°C		0.05		μA
			V _{IN1,2} = 0.8 V	-40°C to +105°C		0.04		Ì
I _{ON}	ON pin input leakage current	V _{ON} = 5.5 V		-40°C to +105°C			1	μΑ
RESISTANC	E CHARACTERISTICS	•		•			•	
		V _{IN} = 2.5	V _{IN} = 2.5 V	25°C		21	24	
RESISTANCE				-40°C to +85°C			27	
				-40°C to +105°C			29	
				25°C		27 29 19 22 25 27	Ì	
			$V_{IN} = 1.8 \ V$	-40°C to +85°C			37 40 40 2 3 2 2 1 1 24 27 29 22 25 27 21 24 26 21 24 26 20 23 25 300	Ì
				-40°C to +105°C				Ì
				25°C		18		Ì
R _{ON}	ON-state resistance	$I_{OUT} = -200 \text{ mA},$ $V_{BIAS} = 2.5 \text{ V}$	V _{IN} = 1.5 V	-40°C to +85°C				mΩ
		VBIAS - 2.5 V		-40°C to +105°C			26	Ì
				25°C		18	21	Ì
			V _{IN} = 1.2 V	-40°C to +85°C			2 37 40 3 40 2 3 3 3 7 2 5 5 2 4 1 1 1 24 27 29 2 25 27 3 21 24 26 3 21 24 26 7 20 23 25 0 300	Ì
				-40°C to +105°C				Ì
				25°C		17		Ì
			$V_{IN} = 0.8 \ V$	-40°C to +85°C				İ
				-40°C to +105°C				i I
Б	Outrat and delivery and interest	V 05VV 0V	4 4	-40°C to +85°C		260	300	
R_{PD}	Output pulldown resistance	$V_{IN} = 2.5 \text{ V}, V_{ON} = 0 \text{ V}, I_{ON} = 0 \text{ V}$	DUT = 1 mA	-40°C to +105°C			330	Ω

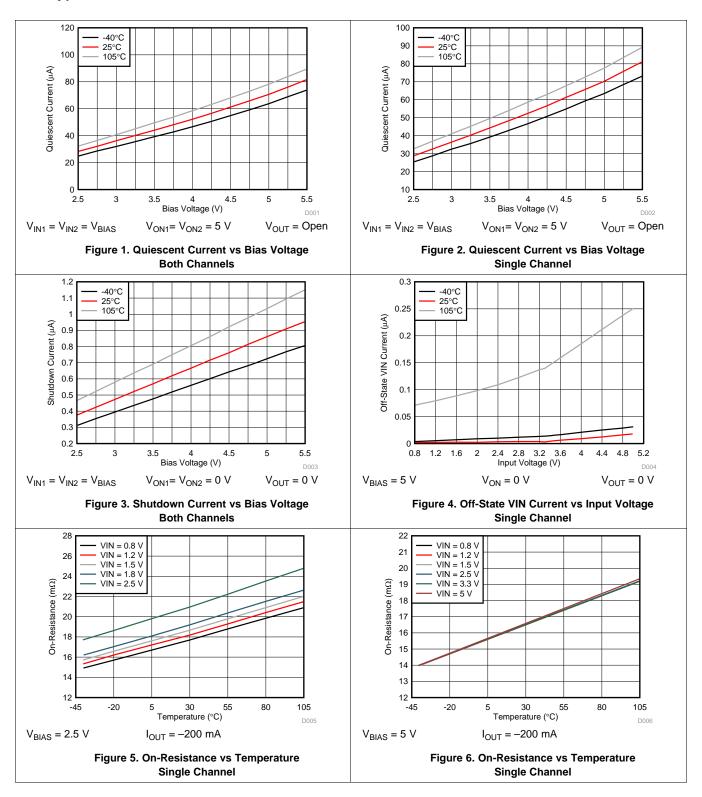


6.7 Switching Characteristics

0.7	Switching Charact				
	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITION	MIN TYP	MAX	UNIT
V _{IN} = \	$V_{\rm ON} = V_{\rm BIAS} = 5 \text{ V}, T_{\rm A} = 25$	°C (unless otherwise noted)			
t_{ON}	Turnon time	$R_L = 10 \ \Omega, \ C_L = 0.1 \ \mu F, \ C_T = 1000 \ pF$	1310		
t_{OFF}	Turnoff time	$R_L = 10 \ \Omega, \ C_L = 0.1 \ \mu F, \ C_T = 1000 \ pF$	6		
t _R	V _{OUT} rise time	$R_L = 10 \Omega$, $C_L = 0.1 \mu F$, $C_T = 1000 pF$	1720		μs
t _F	V _{OUT} fall time	$R_L = 10 \Omega$, $C_L = 0.1 \mu F$, $C_T = 1000 pF$	2		
t_D	ON delay time	$R_L = 10 \Omega$, $C_L = 0.1 \mu F$, $C_T = 1000 pF$	460		
$V_{IN} = 0$	0.8 V, V _{ON} = V _{BIAS} = 5 V, 1	T _A = 25°C (unless otherwise noted)		·	
t _{ON}	Turnon time	$R_L = 10 \Omega$, $C_L = 0.1 \mu F$, $C_T = 1000 pF$	550		
t _{OFF}	Turnoff time	$R_L = 10 \Omega$, $C_L = 0.1 \mu F$, $C_T = 1000 pF$	170		
t _R	V _{OUT} rise time	$R_L = 10 \Omega$, $C_L = 0.1 \mu F$, $C_T = 1000 pF$	325		μs
t _F	V _{OUT} fall time	$R_L = 10 \Omega$, $C_L = 0.1 \mu F$, $C_T = 1000 pF$	16		
t _D	ON delay time	$R_L = 10 \Omega$, $C_L = 0.1 \mu F$, $C_T = 1000 pF$	400		
V _{IN} = 2	2.5 V, V _{ON} = 5 V, V _{BIAS} = 2	2.5 V, T _A = 25°C (unless otherwise noted)			
t _{ON}	Turnon time	$R_L = 10 \Omega$, $C_L = 0.1 \mu F$, $C_T = 1000 pF$	2050		
t _{OFF}	Turnoff time	$R_L = 10 \Omega$, $C_L = 0.1 \mu F$, $C_T = 1000 pF$	5		
t _R	V _{OUT} rise time	$R_L = 10 \Omega$, $C_L = 0.1 \mu F$, $C_T = 1000 pF$	2275		μs
t _F	V _{OUT} fall time	$R_L = 10 \Omega$, $C_L = 0.1 \mu F$, $C_T = 1000 pF$	2.5		
t _D	ON delay time	$R_L = 10 \Omega$, $C_L = 0.1 \mu F$, $C_T = 1000 pF$	990		
V _{IN} = 0	0.8 V, V _{ON} = 5 V, V _{BIAS} = 2	2.5 V, T _A = 25°C (unless otherwise noted)			
t _{ON}	Turnon time	$R_L = 10 \Omega$, $C_L = 0.1 \mu F$, $C_T = 1000 pF$	1300		
t _{OFF}	Turnoff time	$R_L = 10 \Omega$, $C_L = 0.1 \mu F$, $C_T = 1000 pF$	130		
t _R	V _{OUT} rise time	$R_L = 10 \Omega$, $C_L = 0.1 \mu F$, $C_T = 1000 pF$	875		μs
t _F	V _{OUT} fall time	$R_L = 10 \Omega$, $C_L = 0.1 \mu F$, $C_T = 1000 pF$	16		
t _D	ON delay time	$R_L = 10 \Omega$, $C_L = 0.1 \mu F$, $C_T = 1000 pF$	870		
		· ·			



6.8 Typical DC Characteristics

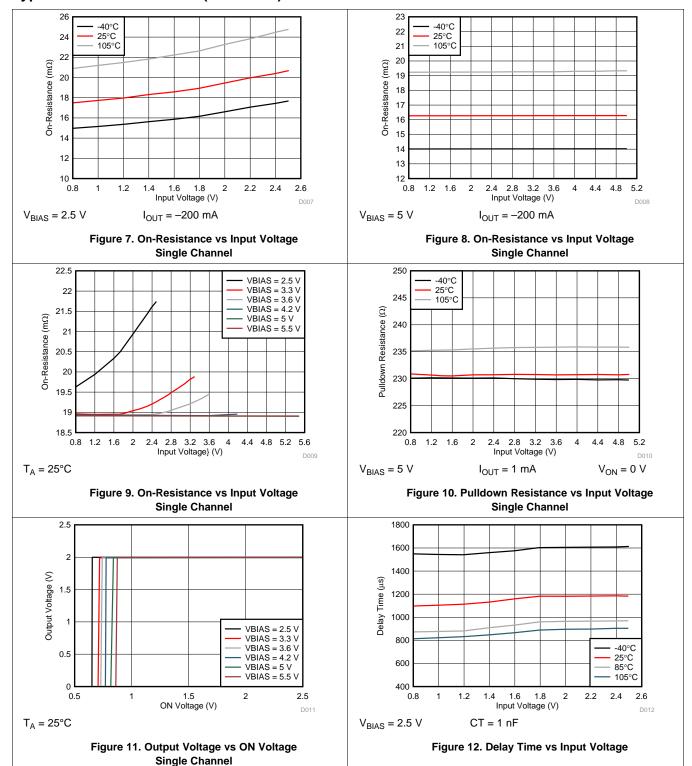


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Typical DC Characteristics (continued)

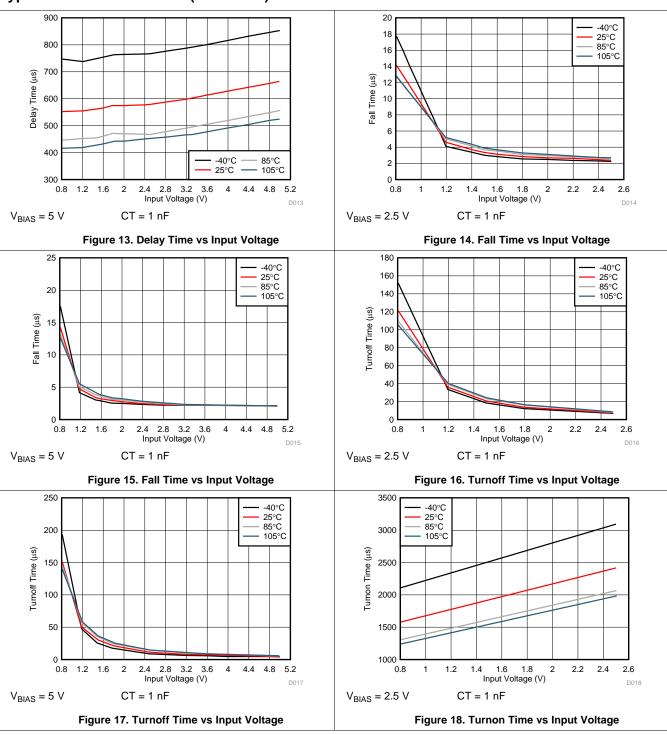


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TEXAS INSTRUMENTS

Typical DC Characteristics (continued)



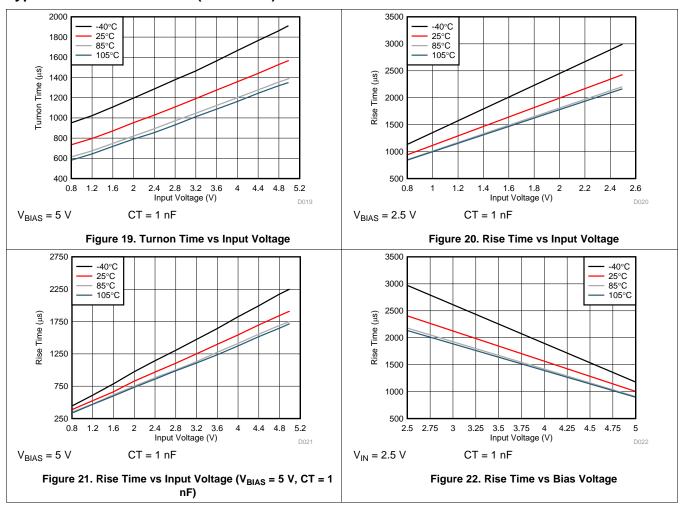
Product Folder Links: TPS22966

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Typical DC Characteristics (continued)



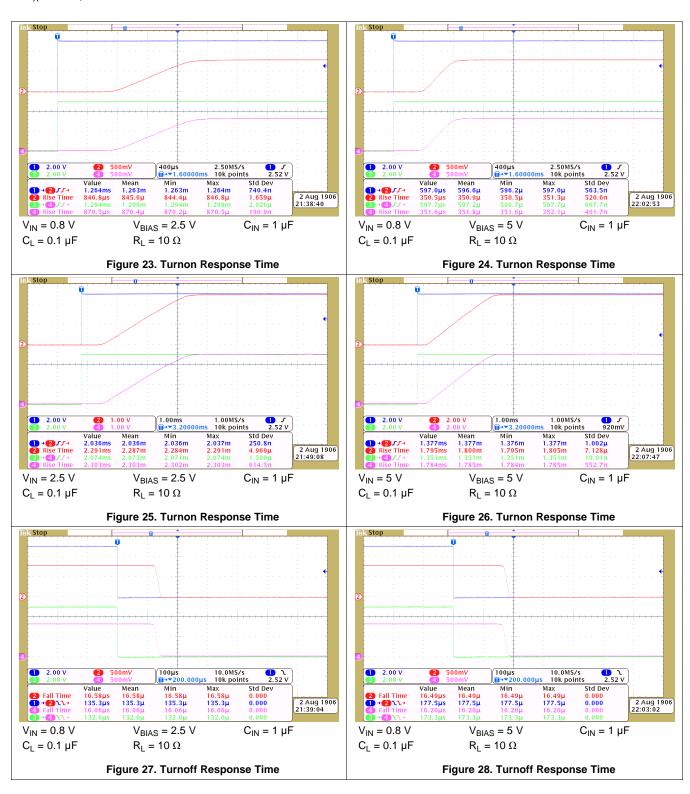
Product Folder Links: TPS22966

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TEXAS INSTRUMENTS

6.9 Typical AC Characteristics

At $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$, CT = 1 nF



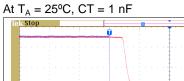
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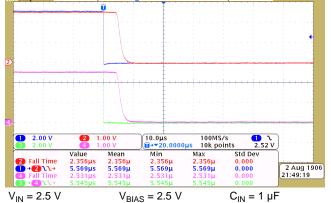
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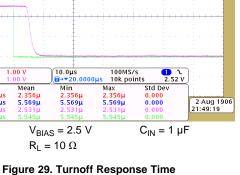
 $C_L = 0.1 \ \mu F$



Typical AC Characteristics (continued)







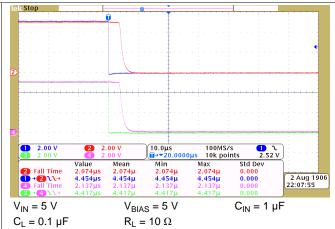
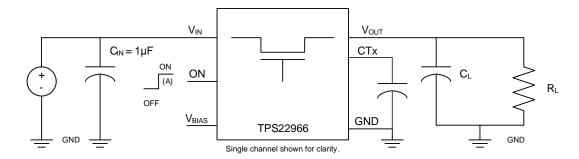


Figure 30. Turnoff Response Time

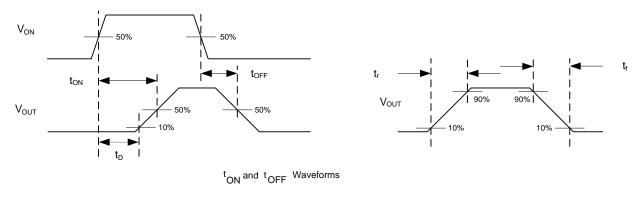
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7 Parameter Measurement Information



Test Circuit



(A) Rise and fall times of the control signal is 100 ns.

Figure 31. Test Circuit and ton-toff Waveforms



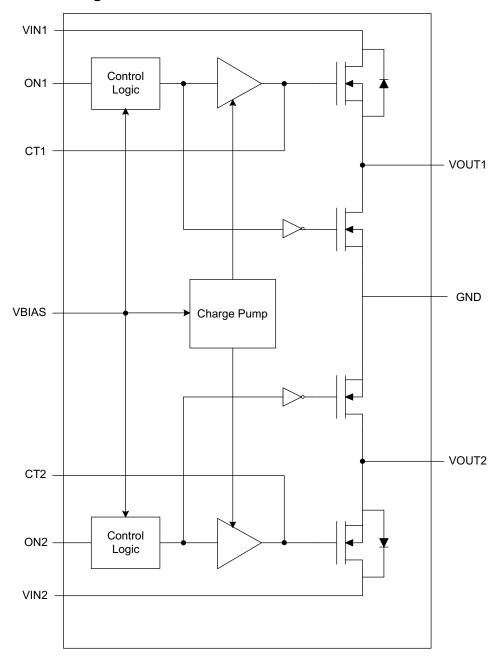
8 Detailed Description

8.1 Overview

The TPS22966 device is a dual-channel, 6-A load switch in a 14-terminal SON package. To reduce the voltage drop in high current rails, the device implements an low resistance N-channel MOSFET. The device has a programmable slew rate for applications that require specific rise-time.

The device has very low leakage current during off state. This prevents downstream circuits from pulling high standby current from the supply. Integrated control logic, driver, power supply, and output discharge FET eliminates the need for any external components, which reduces solution size and bill of materials (BOM) count.

8.2 Functional Block Diagram



8.3 Feature Description

8.3.1 ON and OFF Control

The ON pins control the state of the switch. Asserting ON high enables the switch. ON is active high and has a low threshold, making it capable of interfacing with low-voltage signals. The ON pin is compatible with standard GPIO logic threshold. It can be used with any microcontroller with 1.2-V or higher GPIO voltage. This pin cannot be left floating and must be tied either high or low for proper functionality.

8.3.2 Input Capacitor (Optional)

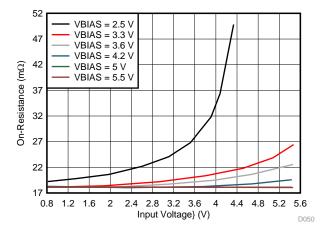
To limit the voltage drop on the input supply caused by transient inrush currents when the switch turns on into a discharged load capacitor, a capacitor needs to be placed between VIN and GND. A 1- μ F ceramic capacitor, C_{IN}, placed close to the pins, is usually sufficient. Higher values of C_{IN} can be used to further reduce the voltage drop during high-current application. When switching heavy loads, it is recommended to have an input capacitor about 10 times higher than the output capacitor to avoid excessive voltage drop.

8.3.3 Output Capacitor (Optional)

Due to the integrated body diode in the NMOS switch, a C_{IN} greater than C_{L} is highly recommended. A C_{L} greater than C_{IN} can cause V_{OUT} to exceed V_{IN} when the system supply is removed. This could result in current flow through the body diode from VOUT to VIN. A C_{IN} to C_{L} ratio of 10 to 1 is recommended for minimizing V_{IN} dip caused by inrush currents during startup, however a 10 to 1 ratio for capacitance is not required for proper functionality of the device. A ratio smaller than 10 to 1 (such as 1 to 1) could cause slightly more V_{IN} dip upon turn-on due to inrush currents. This can be mitigated by increasing the capacitance on the CT pin for a longer rise time (see Figure 4).

8.3.4 V_{IN} and V_{BIAS} Voltage Range

For optimal R_{ON} performance, make sure $V_{IN} \le V_{BIAS}$. The device is still functional if $V_{IN} > V_{BIAS}$ but it exhibits R_{ON} greater than what is listed in the *Electrical Characteristics* table. See Figure 32 for an example of a typical device. Notice the increasing R_{ON} as V_{IN} exceeds V_{BIAS} voltage. Make sure to never exceed the maximum voltage rating for V_{IN} and V_{BIAS} .



 $V_{IN} > V_{BIAS}$ $I_{OUT} = -200 \text{ mA}$

Figure 32. On-Resistance vs Input Voltage Single Channel



8.4 Device Functional Modes

Table 1 lists the TPS22966 functions.

Table 1. Functions Table

ONx	VINx to VOUTx	VOUTx to GND
L	Off	On
Н	On	Off



9 Application and Implementation

NOTE

Information in the following applications sections is not part of the TI component specification, and TI does not warrant its accuracy or completeness. TI's customers are responsible for determining suitability of components for their purposes. Customers should validate and test their design implementation to confirm system functionality.

9.1 Application Information

This application demonstrates how the TPS22966 can be used to limit inrush current when powering on downstream modules.

9.2 Typical Application

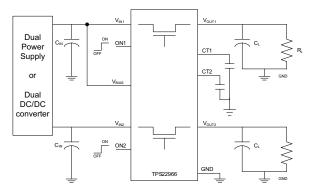


Figure 33. Typical Application Circuit

9.2.1 Design Requirements

Table 2 shows the TPS22966 desgin parameters.

Table 2. Design Parameters

DESIGN PARAMETER	VALUE
Input voltage	3.3 V
Bias voltage	5 V
Load capacitance (C _L)	22 μF
Maximum acceptable inrush current	400 mA

9.2.2 Detailed Design Procedure

When the switch is enabled, the output capacitors must be charged up from 0 V to the set value (3.3 V in this example). This charge arrives in the form of inrush current. Inrush current can be calculated using Equation 1.

Inrush Current = $C \times dV/dt$

where

- · C is the output capacitance
- dV is the output voltage
- dt is the rise time

The TPS22966 offers adjustable rise time for VOUT. This feature allows the user to control the inrush current during turnon. The appropriate rise time can be calculated using Table 2 and Equation 1 as shown in Equation 2.

$$400 \text{ mA} = 22 \mu\text{F} \times 3.3 \text{ V/dt}$$
 (2)

$$dt = 181.5 \,\mu s$$
 (3)



To ensure an inrush current of less than 400 mA, choose a CT value that yields a rise time of more than 181.5 us. See the oscilloscope captures in the Application Curves section for an example of how the CT capacitor can be used to reduce inrush current.

9.2.2.1 Adjustable Rise Time

A capacitor to GND on the CTx pins sets the slew rate for each channel. To ensure desired performance, a capacitor with a minimum voltage rating of 25 V must be used on the CTx pin. An approximate formula for the relationship between CTx and slew rate is given in Equation 4. Equation 4 accounts for 10% to 90% measurement on V_{OUT} and does **NOT** apply for CTx = 0 pF. (Use Table 3 to determine rise times for when CTx = 00 pF).

$$SR = 0.32 \times CT + 13.7$$

where

- SR is the slew rate (in µs/V)
- CT is the capacitance value on the CTx pin (in pF)
- The units for the constant 13.7 is in μ s/V.

(4)Rise time can be calculated by multiplying the input voltage by the slew rate. Table 3 shows rise time values

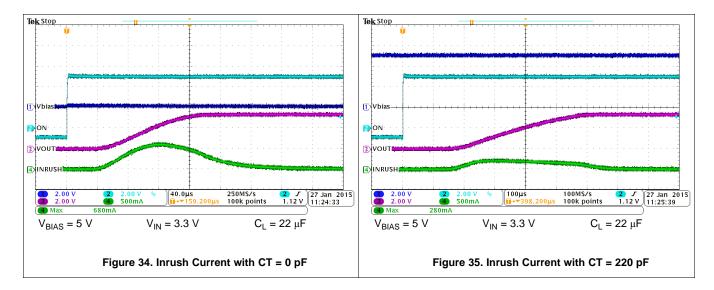
measured on a typical device. Rise times shown in Table 3 are only valid for the power-up sequence where V_{IN} and V_{BIAS} are already in steady state condition, and the ON pin is asserted high.

Table 3. Rise Time Values

CTv (mE)	RISE TIME (μ s) 10% - 90%, C_L = 0.1 μ F, C_{IN} = 1 μ F, R_L = 10 Ω											
CTx (pF)	⁽¹⁾ 5 V	3.3 V	1.8 V	1.5 V	1.2 V	1.05 V	0.8 V					
0	124	88	63	60	53	49	42					
220	481	323	193	166	143	133	109					
470	855	603	348	299	251	228	175					
1000	1724	1185	670	570	469	411	342					
2200	3328	2240	1308	1088	893	808	650					
4700	7459	4950	2820	2429	1920	1748	1411					
10000	16059	10835	6040	5055	4230	3770	3033					

⁽¹⁾ TYPICAL VALUES at 25°C, $V_{BIAS} = 5 \text{ V}$, 25 V X7R 10% CERAMIC CAP.

9.2.3 Application Curves



10 Power Supply Recommendations

The device is designed to operate from a VBIAS range of 2.5 V to 5.5 V and a VIN range of 0.8 V to VBIAS.

11 Layout

11.1 Layout Guidelines

For best performance, all traces must be as short as possible. To be most effective, the input and output capacitors must be placed close to the device to minimize the effects that parasitic trace inductances may have on normal operation. Using wide traces for VIN, VOUT, and GND helps minimize the parasitic electrical effects along with minimizing the case to ambient thermal impedance.

11.2 Layout Example

Notice the thermal vias located under the exposed thermal pad of the device. This allows for thermal diffusion away from the device.

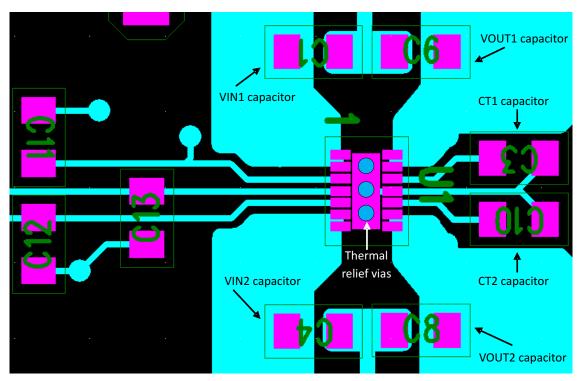


Figure 36. PCB Layout Example

11.3 Thermal Considerations

The maximum IC junction temperature must be restricted to 125°C under normal operating conditions. To calculate the maximum allowable power dissipation, $P_{D(max)}$ for a given output current and ambient temperature, use Equation 5:

$$P_{\text{D(max)}} = \frac{T_{\text{J(max)}} - T_{\text{A}}}{\theta_{\text{JA}}}$$

where

- P_{D(max)} is the maximum allowable power dissipation
- T_{J(max)} is the maximum allowable junction temperature (125°C for the TPS22966)
- T_A is the ambient temperature of the device



Thermal Considerations (continued)

θ_{JA} is the junction to air thermal impedance. See the *Thermal Information* section. This parameter is highly dependent upon board layout.

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Product Folder Links: TPS22966



12 Device and Documentation Support

12.1 Documentation Support

12.1.1 Related Documentation

For related documentation see the following:

- TPS22966 Dual Channel Load Switch in Parallel Configuration, SLVA585A
- Basics of Load Switches, SLVA652
- Managing Inrush Current, SLVA670A
- Quiescent Current vs Shutdown Current for Load Switch Power Consumption, SLVA757
- Using the TPS22966EVM-007, SLVU757A
- Load Switch Thermal Considerations, SLVUA74

12.2 Receiving Notification of Documentation Updates

To receive notification of documentation updates, navigate to the device product folder on ti.com. In the upper right corner, click on *Alert me* to register and receive a weekly digest of any product information that has changed. For change details, review the revision history included in any revised document.

12.3 Trademarks

Ultrabook is a trademark of Intel.

All other trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

12.4 Electrostatic Discharge Caution



This integrated circuit can be damaged by ESD. Texas Instruments recommends that all integrated circuits be handled with appropriate precautions. Failure to observe proper handling and installation procedures can cause damage.

ESD damage can range from subtle performance degradation to complete device failure. Precision integrated circuits may be more susceptible to damage because very small parametric changes could cause the device not to meet its published specifications.

12.5 Glossary

SLYZ022 — TI Glossary.

This glossary lists and explains terms, acronyms, and definitions.

13 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information

The following pages include mechanical, packaging, and orderable information. This information is the most current data available for the designated devices. This data is subject to change without notice and revision of this document. For browser-based versions of this data sheet, refer to the left-hand navigation.

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PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable part number	Status	Material type	Package Pins	Package qty Carrier	RoHS	Lead finish/	MSL rating/	Op temp (°C)	Part marking
	(1)	(2)			(3)	Ball material	Peak reflow		(6)
						(4)	(5)		
TPS22966DPUR	Active	Production	WSON (DPU) 14	3000 LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 105	RB966
TPS22966DPUR.A	Active	Production	WSON (DPU) 14	3000 LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 105	RB966
TPS22966DPUR.B	Active	Production	WSON (DPU) 14	3000 LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 105	RB966
TPS22966DPUT	Active	Production	WSON (DPU) 14	250 SMALL T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 105	RB966
TPS22966DPUT.A	Active	Production	WSON (DPU) 14	250 SMALL T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 105	RB966
TPS22966DPUT.B	Active	Production	WSON (DPU) 14	250 SMALL T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 105	RB966
TPS22966DPUTG4	Active	Production	WSON (DPU) 14	250 SMALL T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 105	RB966
TPS22966DPUTG4.A	Active	Production	WSON (DPU) 14	250 SMALL T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 105	RB966
TPS22966DPUTG4.B	Active	Production	WSON (DPU) 14	250 SMALL T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 105	RB966

⁽¹⁾ Status: For more details on status, see our product life cycle.

Multiple part markings will be inside parentheses. Only one part marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a part. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire part marking for that device.

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⁽²⁾ Material type: When designated, preproduction parts are prototypes/experimental devices, and are not yet approved or released for full production. Testing and final process, including without limitation quality assurance, reliability performance testing, and/or process qualification, may not yet be complete, and this item is subject to further changes or possible discontinuation. If available for ordering, purchases will be subject to an additional waiver at checkout, and are intended for early internal evaluation purposes only. These items are sold without warranties of any kind.

⁽³⁾ RoHS values: Yes, No, RoHS Exempt. See the TI RoHS Statement for additional information and value definition.

⁽⁴⁾ Lead finish/Ball material: Parts may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead finish/Ball material values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

⁽⁵⁾ MSL rating/Peak reflow: The moisture sensitivity level ratings and peak solder (reflow) temperatures. In the event that a part has multiple moisture sensitivity ratings, only the lowest level per JEDEC standards is shown. Refer to the shipping label for the actual reflow temperature that will be used to mount the part to the printed circuit board.

⁽⁶⁾ Part marking: There may be an additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category of the part.

PACKAGE OPTION ADDENDUM

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and accurate information but may not have conducted destructive testing or chemical analysis on incoming materials and chemicals. TI and TI suppliers consider certain information to be proprietary, and thus CAS numbers and other limited information may not be available for release.

In no event shall TI's liability arising out of such information exceed the total purchase price of the TI part(s) at issue in this document sold by TI to Customer on an annual basis.

OTHER QUALIFIED VERSIONS OF TPS22966:

Automotive: TPS22966-Q1

NOTE: Qualified Version Definitions:

Automotive - Q100 devices qualified for high-reliability automotive applications targeting zero defects

PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

www.ti.com 18-Jun-2025

TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION





A0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component width
В0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component length
K0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component thickness
W	Overall width of the carrier tape
P1	Pitch between successive cavity centers

QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



*All dimensions are nominal

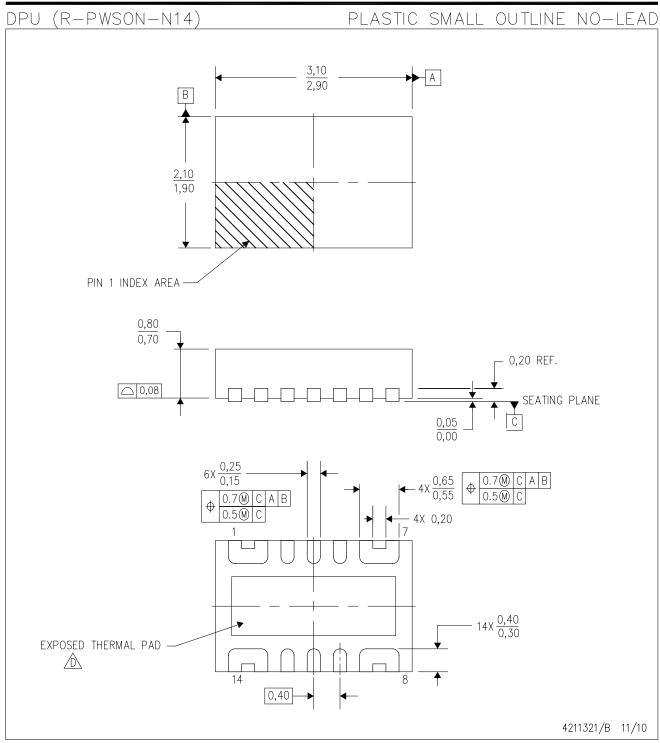
Device	Package Type	Package Drawing		SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
TPS22966DPUR	WSON	DPU	14	3000	180.0	8.4	2.25	3.25	1.05	4.0	8.0	Q1
TPS22966DPUT	WSON	DPU	14	250	180.0	8.4	2.25	3.25	1.05	4.0	8.0	Q1
TPS22966DPUTG4	WSON	DPU	14	250	180.0	8.4	2.25	3.25	1.05	4.0	8.0	Q1

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*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
TPS22966DPUR	WSON	DPU	14	3000	210.0	185.0	35.0
TPS22966DPUT	WSON	DPU	14	250	210.0	185.0	35.0
TPS22966DPUTG4	WSON	DPU	14	250	210.0	185.0	35.0



NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M—1994.

- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- Ç. Small Outline No-Lead (SON) package configuration.
- The package thermal pad must be soldered to the board for thermal and mechanical performance. See the Product Data Sheet for details regarding the exposed thermal pad dimensions.
- E. This package is Pb-free.



DPU (R-PWSON-N14)

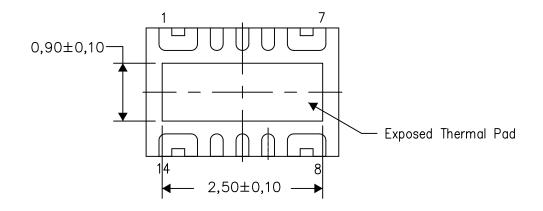
PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE NO-LEAD

THERMAL INFORMATION

This package incorporates an exposed thermal pad that is designed to be attached directly to an external heatsink. The thermal pad must be soldered directly to the printed circuit board (PCB). After soldering, the PCB can be used as a heatsink. In addition, through the use of thermal vias, the thermal pad can be attached directly to the appropriate copper plane shown in the electrical schematic for the device, or alternatively, can be attached to a special heatsink structure designed into the PCB. This design optimizes the heat transfer from the integrated circuit (IC).

For information on the Quad Flatpack No-Lead (QFN) package and its advantages, refer to Application Report, QFN/SON PCB Attachment, Texas Instruments Literature No. SLUA271. This document is available at www.ti.com.

The exposed thermal pad dimensions for this package are shown in the following illustration.



Bottom View

Exposed Thermal Pad Dimensions

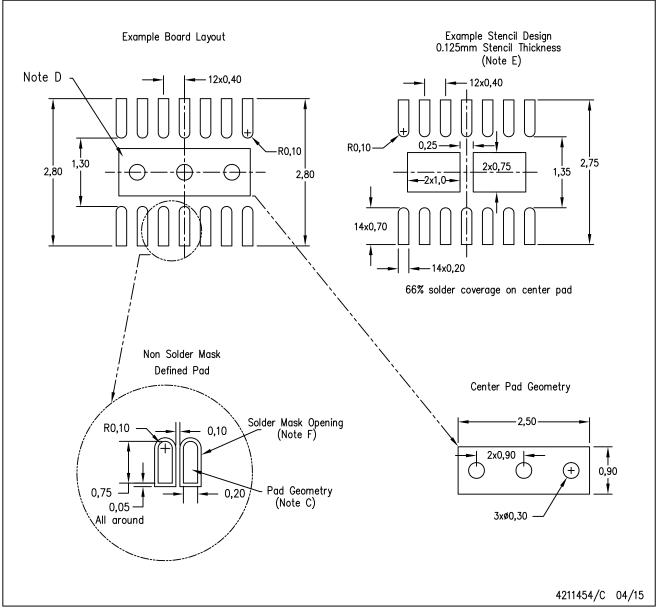
4211395/C 04/15

NOTE: All linear dimensions are in millimeters



DPU (R-PWSON-N14)

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE NO-LEAD



- NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
 - B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
 - C. Publication IPC-7351 is recommended for alternate designs.
 - This package is designed to be soldered to a thermal pad on the board. Refer to Application Note, QFN/SON PCB Attachment, Texas Instruments Literature No. SLUA271, and also the Product Data Sheets for specific thermal information, via requirements, and recommended board layout. These documents are available at www.ti.com www.ti.com.
 - E. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Refer to IPC 7525 for stencil design considerations.
 - Customers should contact their board fabrication site for minimum solder mask web tolerances between signal pads.



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