

AUTOSWITCHING POWER MUX

Check for Samples: [TPS2110A](#), [TPS2111A](#)

FEATURES

- Two-Input, One-Output Power Multiplexer with Low $r_{DS(on)}$ Switches:
 - 84 mΩ Typ (TPS2111A)
 - 120 mΩ Typ (TPS2110A)
- Reverse and Cross-Conduction Blocking
- Wide Operating Voltage Range: 2.8 V to 5.5 V
- Low Standby Current: 0.5 μ A Typ
- Low Operating Current: 55 μ A Typ
- Adjustable Current Limit
- Controlled Output Voltage Transition Time: Limits Inrush Current
Minimizes Output Voltage Hold-Up Capacitance
- CMOS- and TTL-Compatible Control Inputs
- Manual and Auto-Switching Operating Modes
- Thermal Shutdown
- Available in a TSSOP-8 Package

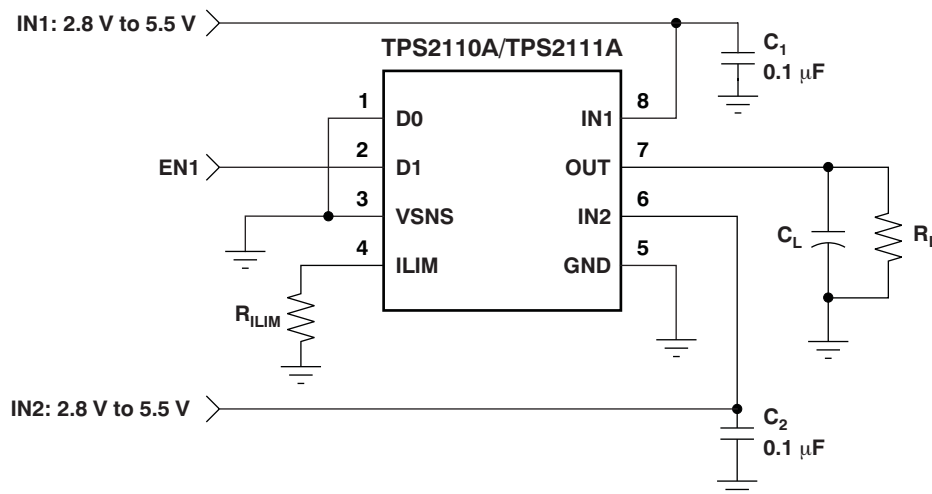
APPLICATIONS

- PCs
- PDAs
- Digital Cameras
- Modems
- Cell Phones
- Digital Radios
- MP3 Players

DESCRIPTION

The TPS211xA family of power multiplexers enables seamless transition between two power supplies, such as a battery and a wall adapter, each operating at 2.8 V to 5.5 V and delivering up to 1 A. The TPS211xA family includes extensive protection circuitry, including user-programmable current limiting, thermal protection, inrush current control, seamless supply transition, cross-conduction blocking, and reverse-conduction blocking. These features greatly simplify designing power multiplexer applications.

TYPICAL APPLICATION



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This integrated circuit can be damaged by ESD. Texas Instruments recommends that all integrated circuits be handled with appropriate precautions. Failure to observe proper handling and installation procedures can cause damage.

ESD damage can range from subtle performance degradation to complete device failure. Precision integrated circuits may be more susceptible to damage because very small parametric changes could cause the device not to meet its published specifications.

AVAILABLE OPTIONS

FEATURE		TPS2110A	TPS2111A	TPS2112A	TPS2113A	TPS2114A	TPS2115A
Current Limit Adjustment Range		0.31 A to 0.75 A	0.63 A to 1.25 A	0.31 A to 0.75 A	0.63 A to 1.25 A	0.31 A to 0.75 A	0.63 A to 1.25 A
Switching Modes	Manual	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes	Yes
	Automatic	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Switch Status Output		No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

ORDERING INFORMATION⁽¹⁾

T _A	PACKAGE	ORDERING NUMBER	PACKAGE MARKING
-40°C to 85°C	TSSOP-8 (PW)	TPS2110APW	2110A
		TPS2111APW	2111A

- (1) For the most current package and ordering information see the Package Option Addendum at the end of this document, or see the TI web site at www.ti.com.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS⁽¹⁾

Over recommended operating junction temperature range, unless otherwise noted.

		TPS2110A, TPS2111A	UNIT
Input voltage range at pins IN1, IN2, D0, D1, VSNS, ILIM ⁽²⁾		−0.3 to 6	V
Output voltage range, V _{O(OUT)} ⁽²⁾		−0.3 to 6	V
Continuous output current, I _O	TPS2110A	0.9	A
	TPS2111A	1.5	
Continuous total power dissipation		See Dissipation Ratings table	
Operating virtual junction temperature range, T _J		Internally Limited	
ESD	Human body model (HBM)	2	kV
	Charged device model (CDM)	500	V

- (1) Stresses beyond those listed under *absolute maximum ratings* may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under *recommended operating conditions* is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.
- (2) All voltages are with respect to GND.

DISSIPATION RATINGS

PACKAGE	DERATING FACTOR ABOVE T _A = 25°C	T _A ≤ 25°C POWER RATING	T _A = 70°C POWER RATING	T _A = 85°C POWER RATING
TSSOP-8 (PW)	3.9 mW/°C	387 mW	213 mW	155 mW

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

		TPS2110A, TPS2111A			UNIT
		MIN	NOM	MAX	
Input voltage at IN1, $V_{I(IN1)}$	$V_{I(IN2)} \geq 2.8 \text{ V}$	1.5		5.5	V
	$V_{I(IN2)} < 2.8 \text{ V}$	2.8		5.5	
Input voltage at IN2, $V_{I(IN2)}$	$V_{I(IN1)} \geq 2.8 \text{ V}$	1.5		5.5	V
	$V_{I(IN1)} < 2.8 \text{ V}$	2.8		5.5	
Input voltage: $V_{I(D0)}$, $V_{I(D1)}$, $V_{I(VSNS)}$		0		5.5	V
Current limit adjustment range, $I_{O(OUT)}$	TPS2110A	0.31		0.75	A
	TPS2111A	0.63		1.25	
Operating virtual junction temperature, T_J		–40		125	°C

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS: Power Switch

Over recommended operating junction temperature, $V_{I(IN1)} = V_{I(IN2)} = 5.5 \text{ V}$, and $R_{ILIM} = 400 \Omega$, unless otherwise noted.

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		TPS2110A			TPS2111A			UNIT
				MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
Drain-source on-state resistance (INx–OUT)	$r_{DS(on)}^{(1)}$	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $I_L = 500 \text{ mA}$	$V_{I(IN1)} = V_{I(IN2)} = 5.0 \text{ V}$		120	140		84	110	mΩ
			$V_{I(IN1)} = V_{I(IN2)} = 3.3 \text{ V}$		120	140		84	110	
			$V_{I(IN1)} = V_{I(IN2)} = 2.8 \text{ V}$		120	140		84	110	
		$T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$, $I_L = 500 \text{ mA}$	$V_{I(IN1)} = V_{I(IN2)} = 5.0 \text{ V}$			220			150	mΩ
			$V_{I(IN1)} = V_{I(IN2)} = 3.3 \text{ V}$			220			150	
			$V_{I(IN1)} = V_{I(IN2)} = 2.8 \text{ V}$			220			150	

(1) The TPS211xA can switch a voltage as low as 1.5 V as long as there is a minimum of 2.8 V at one of the input power pins. In this specific case, the lower supply voltage has no effect on the IN1 and IN2 switch on-resistances.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Over recommended operating junction temperature, $V_{I(IN1)} = V_{I(IN2)} = 5.5 \text{ V}$, $I_{O(OUT)} = 0 \text{ A}$, and $R_{ILIM} = 400 \Omega$, unless otherwise noted.

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	TPS2110A, TPS2111A			UNIT	
			MIN	TYP	MAX		
LOGIC INPUTS (D0 AND D1)							
High-level input voltage	V _{IH}		2			V	
Low-level input voltage	V _{IL}		0.7			V	
Input current at D0 or D1		D0 or D1 = High, sink current	1			μA	
		D0 or D1 = Low, source current	0.5	1.4	5		
SUPPLY AND LEAKAGE CURRENTS							
Supply current from IN1 (operating)		D1 = High, D0 = Low (IN1 active), V _{I(IN2)} = 3.3 V	55			90	μA
		D1 = High, D0 = Low (IN1 active), V _{I(IN1)} = 3.3 V	1			12	
		D0 = D1 = Low (IN2 active), V _{I(IN2)} = 3.3 V				75	
		D0 = D1 = Low (IN2 active), V _{I(IN1)} = 3.3 V				1	
Supply current from IN2 (operating)		D1 = High, D0 = Low (IN1 active), V _{I(IN2)} = 3.3 V				1	μA
		D1 = High, D0 = Low (IN1 active), V _{I(IN1)} = 3.3 V				75	
		D0 = D1 = Low (IN2 active), V _{I(IN2)} = 3.3 V	1			12	
		D0 = D1 = Low (IN2 active), V _{I(IN1)} = 3.3 V	55			90	

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

Over recommended operating junction temperature, $V_{I(IN1)} = V_{I(IN2)} = 5.5\text{ V}$, $I_{O(OUT)} = 0\text{ A}$, and $R_{ILIM} = 400\ \Omega$, unless otherwise noted.

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	TPS2110A, TPS2111A			UNIT	
			MIN	TYP	MAX		
SUPPLY AND LEAKAGE CURRENTS, <i>continued</i>							
Quiescent current from IN1 (standby)		D0 = D1 = High (inactive), V _{I(IN2)} = 3.3 V	0.5			2	μA
		D0 = D1 = High (inactive), V _{I(IN1)} = 3.3 V				1	
Quiescent current from IN2 (standby)		D0 = D1 = High (inactive), V _{I(IN2)} = 3.3 V				1	μA
		D0 = D1 = High (inactive), V _{I(IN1)} = 3.3 V	0.5			2	
Forward leakage current from IN1 (measured from OUT to GND)		D0 = D1 = High (inactive), IN2 open, V _{O(OUT)} = 0 V (shorted), T _J = 25°C	0.1			5	μA
Forward leakage current from IN2 (measured from OUT to GND)		D0 = D1 = High (inactive), IN1 open, V _{O(OUT)} = 0 V (shorted), T _J = 25°C	0.1			5	μA
Reverse leakage current to INx (measured from INx to GND)		D0 = D1 = High (inactive), V _{I(INx)} = 0 V, V _{O(OUT)} = 5.5 V, T _J = 25°C	0.3			5	μA
CURRENT LIMIT CIRCUIT							
Current limit accuracy	TPS2110A	R _{ILIM} = 400 Ω	0.51	0.63	0.80	A	
		R _{ILIM} = 700 Ω	0.30	0.36	0.50		
	TPS2111A	R _{ILIM} = 400 Ω	0.95	1.25	1.56	A	
		R _{ILIM} = 700 Ω	0.47	0.71	0.99		
Current limit settling time	t _d	Time for short-circuit output current to settle within 10% of its steady state value.	1			ms	
Input current at ILIM		V _{I(ILIM)} = 0 V, I _{O(OUT)} = 0 A	–15			0	μA
VSNS COMPARATOR							
VSNS threshold voltage	V _{I(VSNS)} ↑		0.78	0.80	0.82	V	
	V _{I(VSNS)} ↓		0.735	0.755	0.775		
VSNS comparator hysteresis			30		60	mV	
Deglitch of VSNS comparator (both ↑ ↓)			90	150	220	μs	
Input current		0 V ≤ V _{I(VSNS)} ≤ 5.5 V	–1			1	μA
UVLO							
IN1 and IN2 UVLO	Falling edge		1.15	1.25		V	
	Rising edge			1.30	1.35		
IN1 and IN2 UVLO hysteresis			30	57	65	mV	
Internal V _{DD} UVLO (the higher of IN1 and IN2)	Falling edge		2.4	2.53		V	
	Rising edge			2.58	2.8		
Internal V _{DD} UVLO hysteresis			30	50	75	mV	
UVLO deglitch for IN1, IN2		Falling edge	110			μs	
REVERSE CONDUCTION BLOCKING							
Minimum output-to-input voltage difference to block switching	ΔV _{O(I_block)}	D0 = D1 = high, V _{I(INx)} = 3.3 V. Connect OUT to a 5-V supply through a series 1-kΩ resistor. Let D0 = low. Slowly decrease the supply voltage until OUT connects to IN1.	80	100	120	mV	
THERMAL SHUTDOWN							
Thermal shutdown threshold		TPS211xA is in current limit.	135			°C	
Recovery from thermal shutdown		TPS211xA is in current limit.	125			°C	
Hysteresis			10			°C	
IN2-IN1 COMPARATORS							
Hysteresis of IN2-IN1 comparator			0.1		0.2	V	
Deglitch of IN2-IN1 comparator (both ↑ ↓)			10	20	50	μs	

SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS

Over recommended operating junction temperature, $V_{I(IN1)} = V_{I(IN2)} = 5.5\text{ V}$, and $R_{LIM} = 400\ \Omega$, unless otherwise noted.

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		TPS2110A			TPS2111A			UNIT
				MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
t _R	Output rise time from an enable	V _{I(IN1)} = V _{I(IN2)} = 5 V	T _J = 25°C, C _L = 1 μF, I _L = 500 mA; see Figure 1(a).	0.5	1.0	1.5	1	1.8	3	ms
t _F	Output fall time from a disable	V _{I(IN1)} = V _{I(IN2)} = 5 V	T _J = 25°C, C _L = 1 μF, I _L = 500 mA; see Figure 1(a).	0.35	0.5	0.7	0.5	1	2	ms
t _T	Transition time	IN1 to IN2 transition, V _{I(IN1)} = 3.3 V, V _{I(IN2)} = 5 V	T _J = 125°C, C _L = 10 μF, I _L = 500 mA; measure transition time as 10% to 90% rise time or from 3.4 V to 4.8 V on V _{O(OUT)} . See Figure 1(b).	40	60		40	60	μs	
		IN2 to IN1 transition, V _{I(IN1)} = 5 V, V _{I(IN2)} = 3.3 V		40	60		40	60		
t _{PLH1}	Turn-on propagation delay from an enable	V _{I(IN1)} = V _{I(IN2)} = 5 V Measured from enable to 10% of V _{O(OUT)}	T _J = 25°C, C _L = 10 μF, I _L = 500 mA; see Figure 1(a).		0.5			1		ms
t _{PHL1}	Turn-off propagation delay from a disable	V _{I(IN1)} = V _{I(IN2)} = 5 V Measured from disable to 90% of V _{O(OUT)}	T _J = 25°C, C _L = 10 μF, I _L = 500 mA; see Figure 1(a).		3			5		ms
t _{PLH2}	Switch-over rising propagation delay	Logic 1 to Logic 0 transition on D1, V _{I(IN1)} = 1.5 V, V _{I(IN2)} = 5 V, V _{I(D0)} = 0 V, Measured from D1 to 10% of V _{O(OUT)}	T _J = 25°C, C _L = 10 μF, I _L = 500 mA; see Figure 1(c).		40	100		40	100	μs
t _{PHL2}	Switch-over falling propagation delay	Logic 0 to Logic 1 transition on D1, V _{I(IN1)} = 1.5 V, V _{I(IN2)} = 5 V, V _{I(D0)} = 0 V, Measured from D1 to 90% of V _{O(OUT)}	T _J = 25°C, C _L = 10 μF, I _L = 500 mA; see Figure 1(c).	2	3	10	2	5	10	ms

PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION

TIMING WAVEFORMS

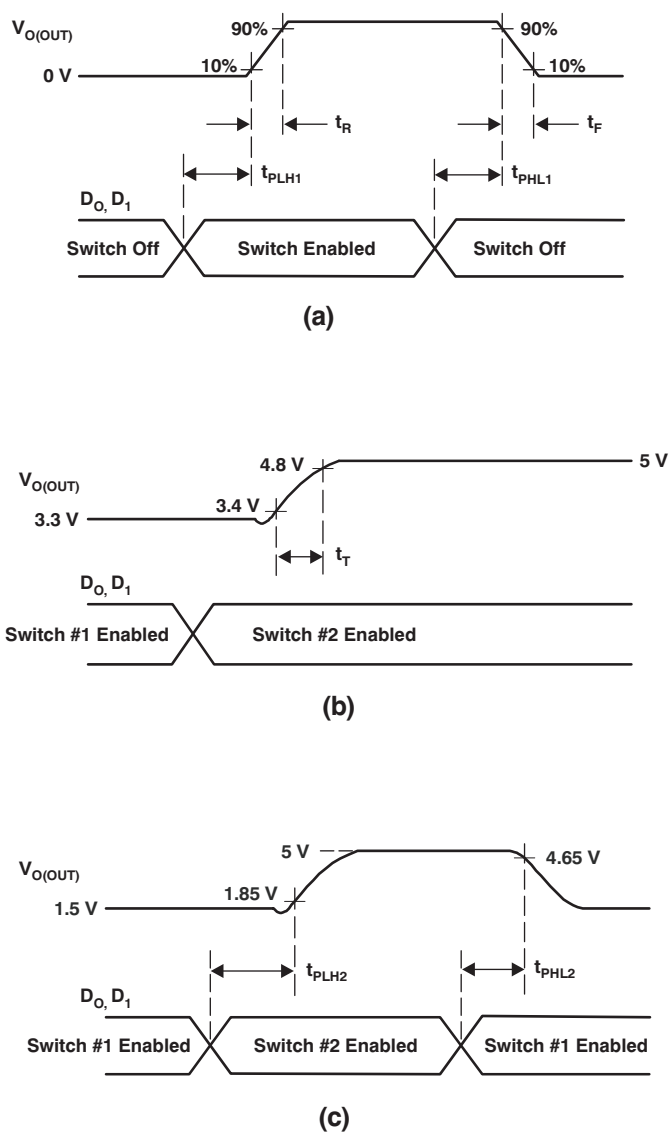


Figure 1. Propagation Delays and Transition Timing Waveforms

DEVICE INFORMATION

TRUTH TABLE

D1	D0	$V_{I(VSNS)} > 0.8 \text{ V}^{(1)}$	$V_{I(IN2)} > V_{I(IN1)}$	OUT ⁽²⁾
0	0	X	X	IN2
0	1	Yes	X	IN1
0	1	No	No	IN1
0	1	No	Yes	IN2
1	0	X	X	IN1
1	1	X	X	Hi-Z

- (1) X = Don't care.
(2) The undervoltage lockout circuit causes the output to go Hi-Z if the selected power supply does not exceed the IN1/IN2 UVLO, or if neither of the supplies exceeds the internal V_{DD} UVLO.

PIN CONFIGURATIONS

PW PACKAGE
TSSOP-8
(TOP VIEW)

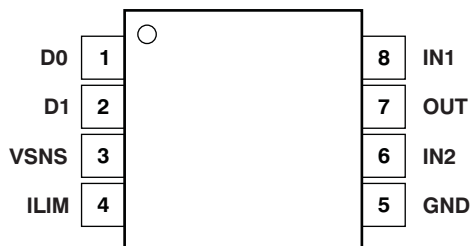
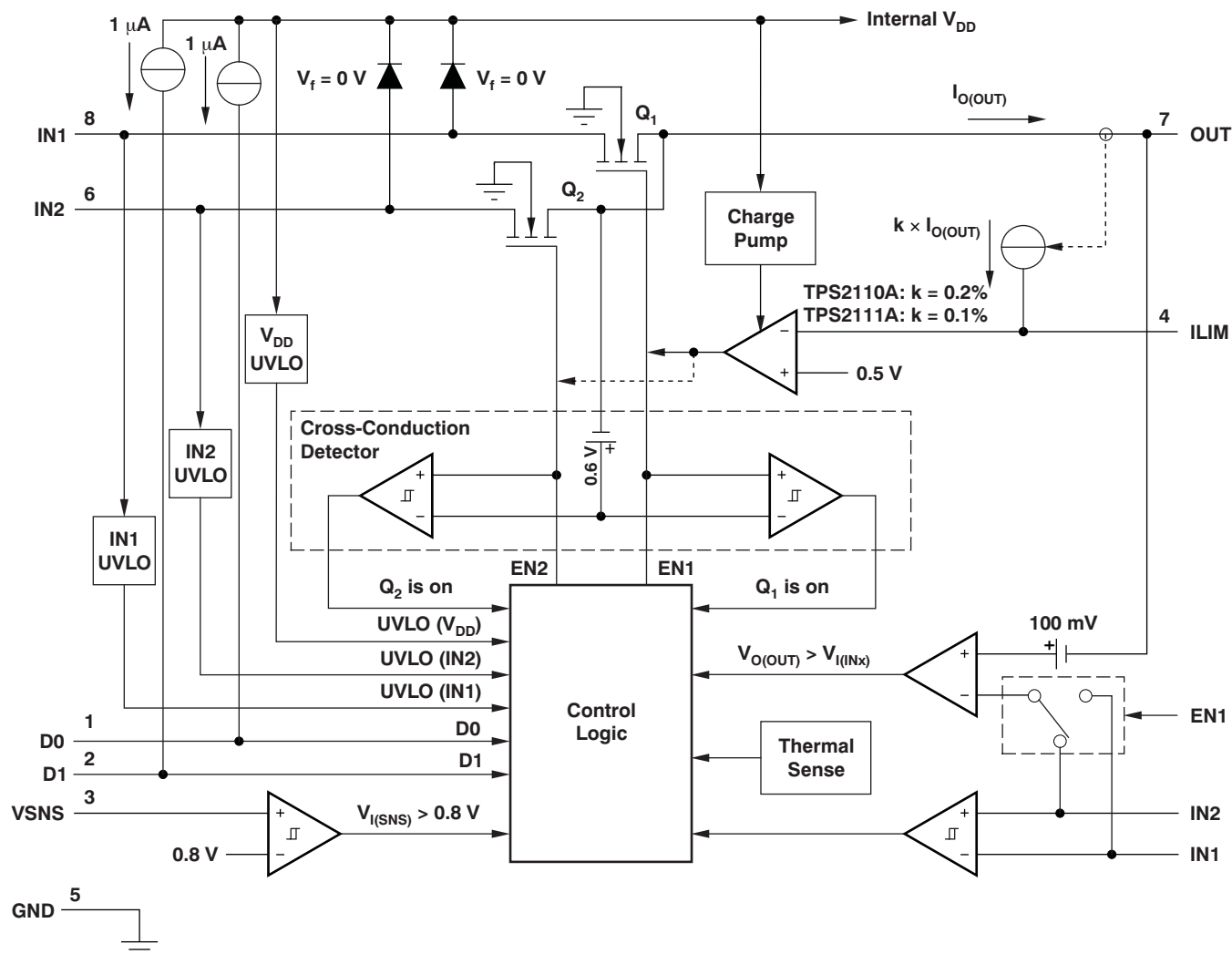


Table 1. TERMINAL FUNCTIONS

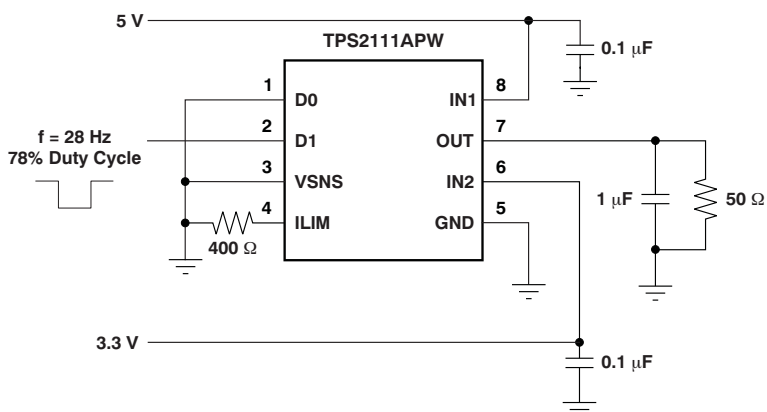
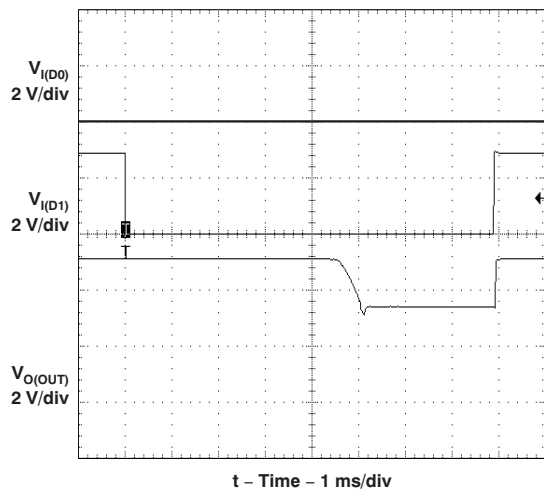
TERMINAL		I/O	DESCRIPTION
NAME	NO.		
D0	1	I	TTL- and CMOS-compatible input pins. Each pin has a 1- μ A pull-up. The Truth Table illustrates the functionality of D0 and D1.
D1	2	I	
GND	5	Power	Ground
IN1	8	I	Primary power switch input. The IN1 switch can be enabled only if the IN1 supply is above the UVLO threshold and at least one supply exceeds the internal V_{DD} UVLO.
IN2	6	I	Secondary power switch input. The IN2 switch can be enabled only if the IN2 supply is above the UVLO threshold and at least one supply exceeds the internal V_{DD} UVLO.
ILIM	4	I	A resistor (R_{ILIM}) from ILIM to GND sets the current limit I_L to $250/R_{ILIM}$ and $500/R_{ILIM}$ for the TPS2110A and TPS2111A, respectively.
OUT	7	O	Power switch output
VSNS	3	I	In the auto-switching mode ($D0 = 1$, $D1 = 0$), an internal power FET connects OUT to IN1 if the VSNS voltage is greater than 0.8 V. Otherwise, the FET connects OUT to the higher of IN1 and IN2. The Truth Table illustrates the functionality of VSNS.

FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM



TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

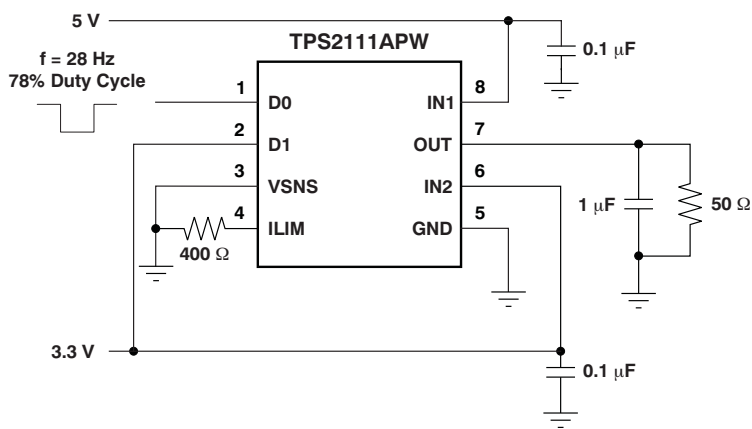
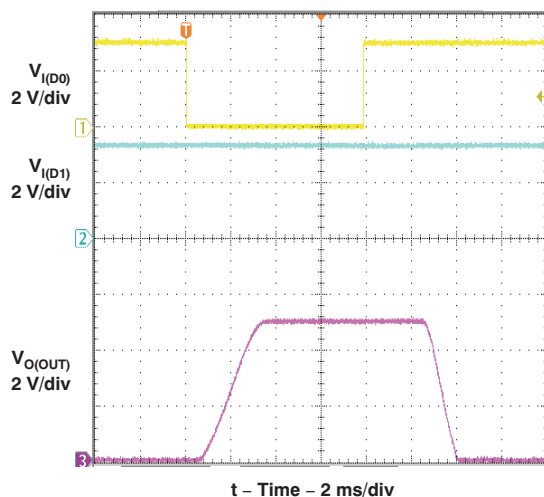
OUTPUT SWITCHOVER RESPONSE



Output Swicchover Response Test Circuit

Figure 2.

OUTPUT TURN-ON RESPONSE

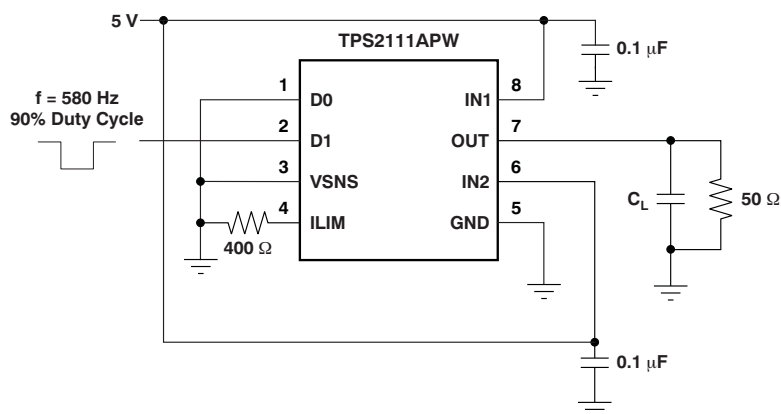
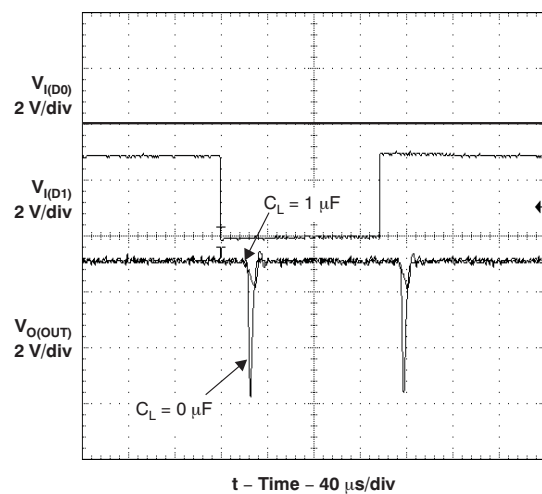


Output Turn-On Response Test Circuit

Figure 3.

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

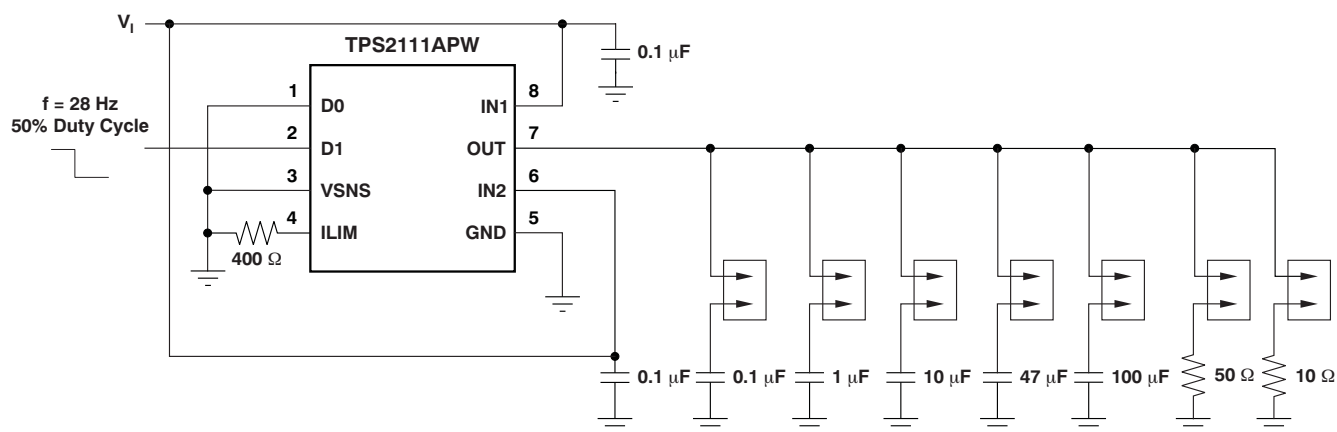
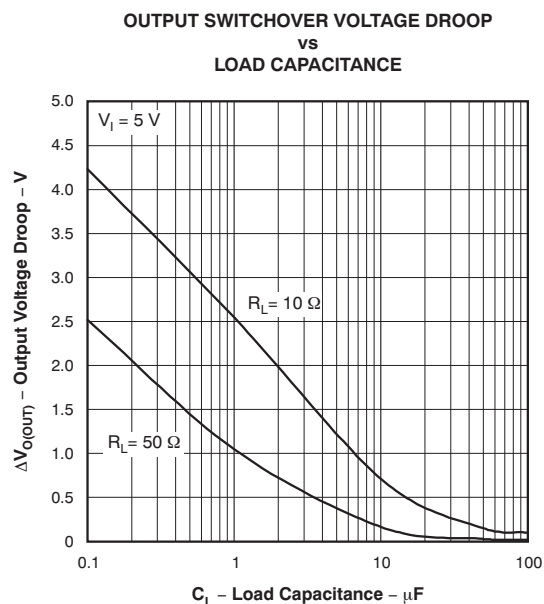
OUTPUT SWITCHOVER VOLTAGE DROOP



Output Switchover Voltage Droop Test Circuit

Figure 4.

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

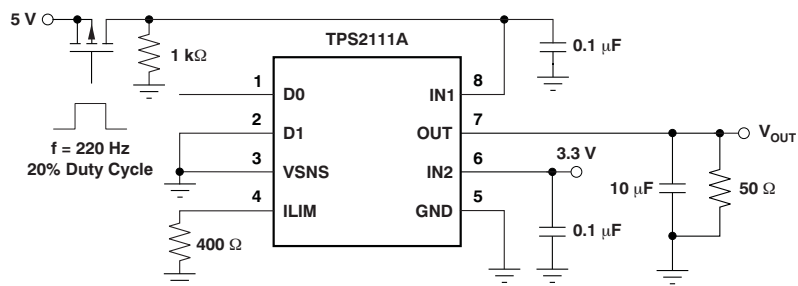
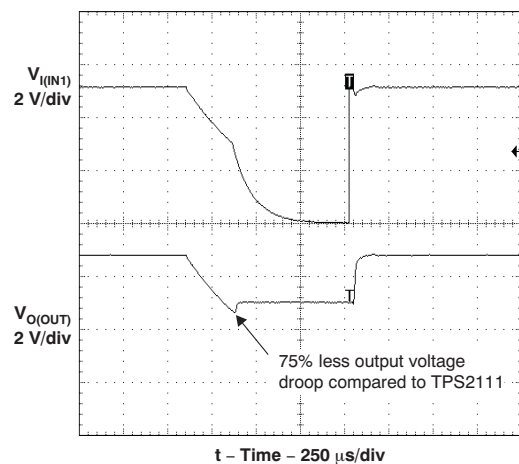


Output Switchover Voltage Droop Test Circuit

Figure 5.

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

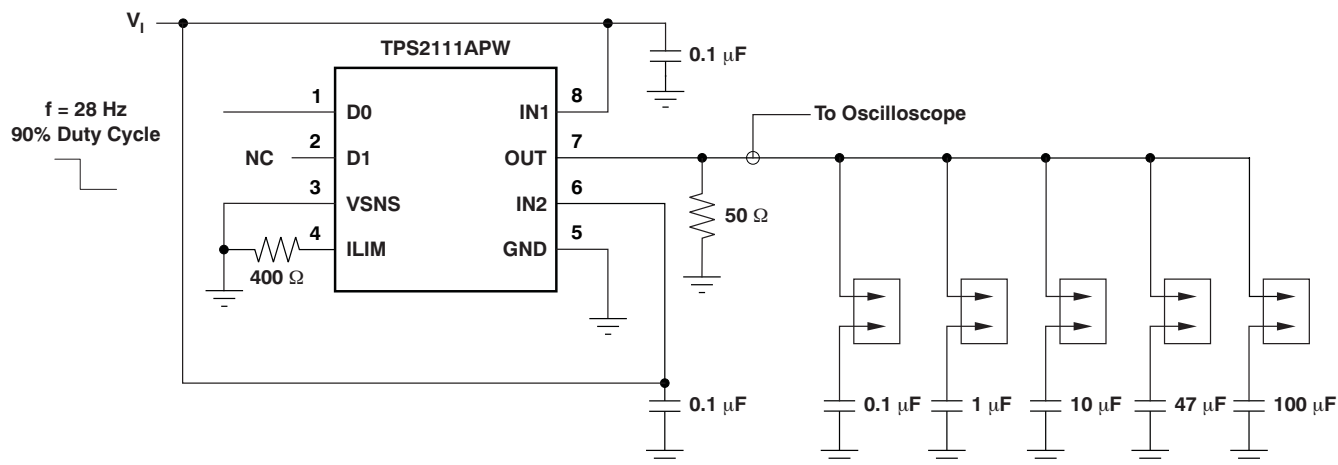
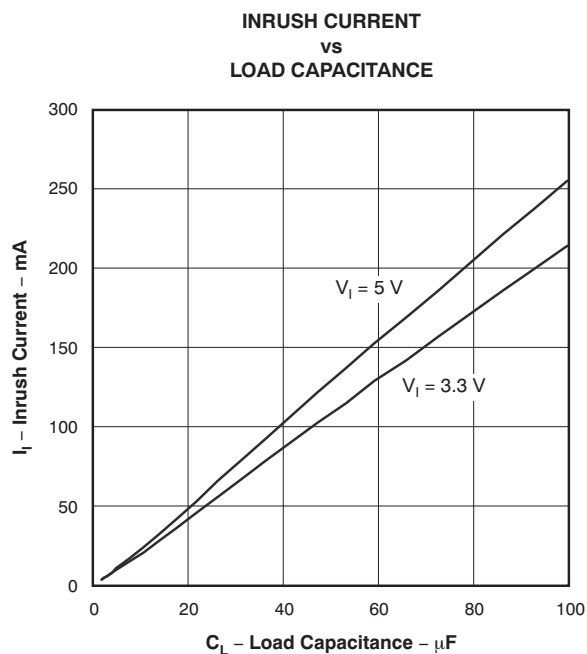
AUTO SWITCHOVER VOLTAGE DROOP



Auto Switchover Voltage Droop Test Circuit

Figure 6.

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)



TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

SWITCH ON-RESISTANCE
vs
JUNCTION TEMPERATURE

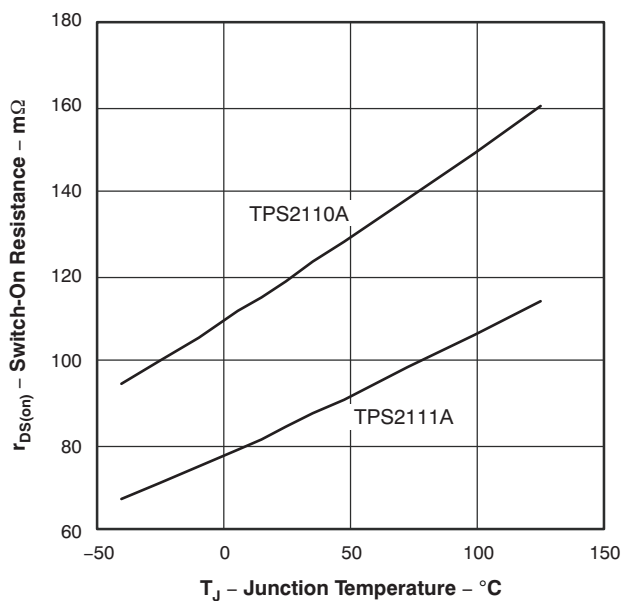


Figure 8.

SWITCH ON-RESISTANCE
vs
SUPPLY VOLTAGE

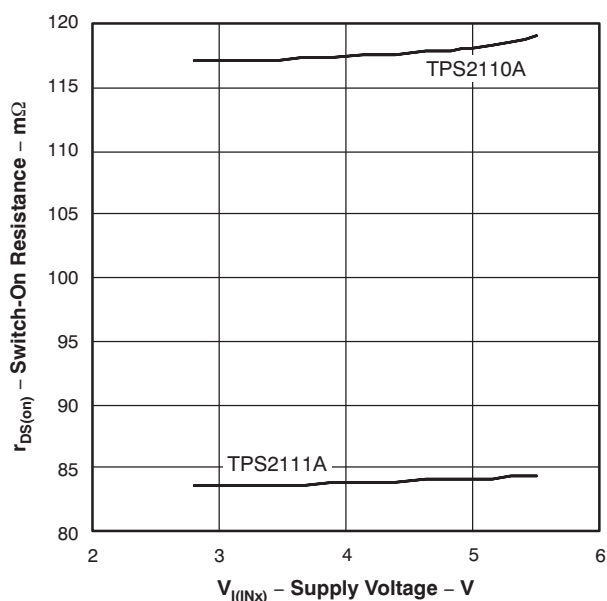


Figure 9.

IN1 SUPPLY CURRENT
vs
SUPPLY VOLTAGE

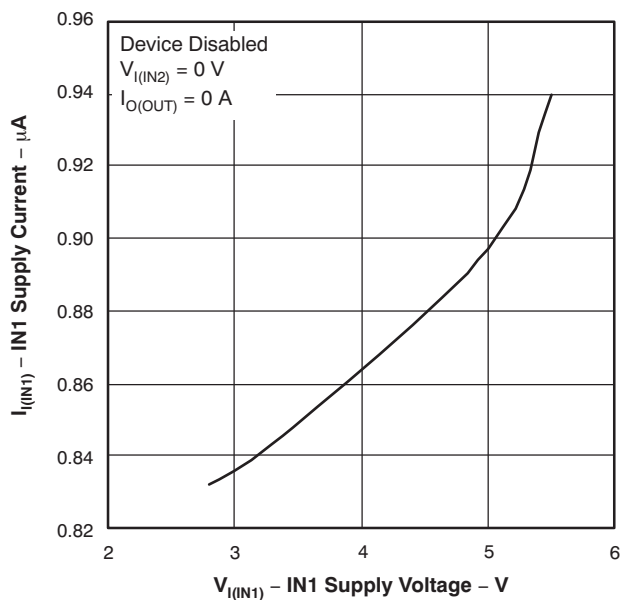


Figure 10.

IN1 SUPPLY CURRENT
vs
SUPPLY VOLTAGE

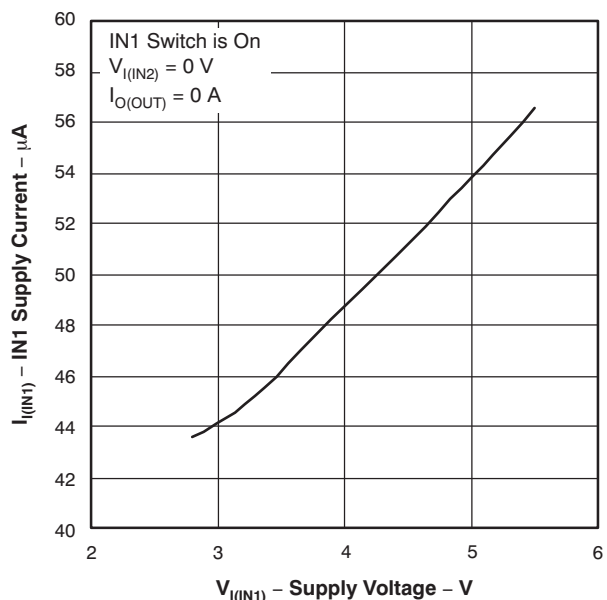
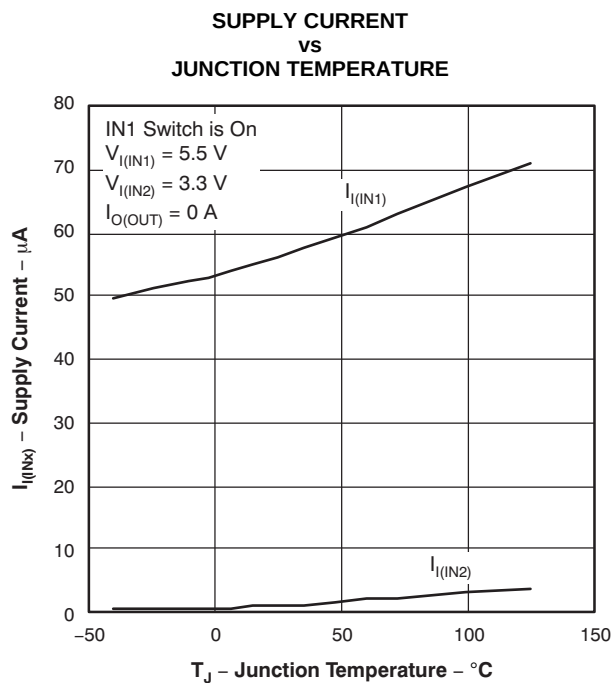
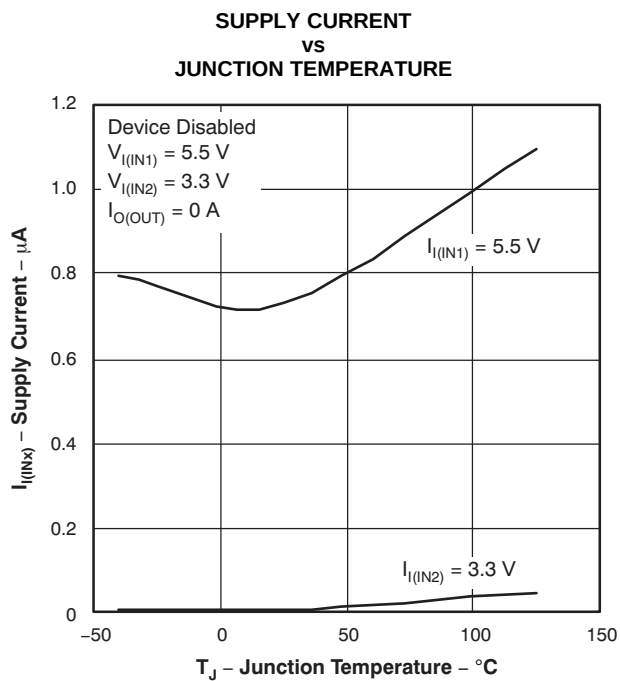


Figure 11.

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)



APPLICATION INFORMATION

Some applications have two energy sources, one of which should be used in preference to another. [Figure 14](#) shows a circuit that will connect IN1 to OUT until the voltage at IN1 falls below a user-specified value. Once the voltage on IN1 falls below this value, the TPS211xA will select the higher of the two supplies. This usually means that the TPS211xA will swap to IN2.

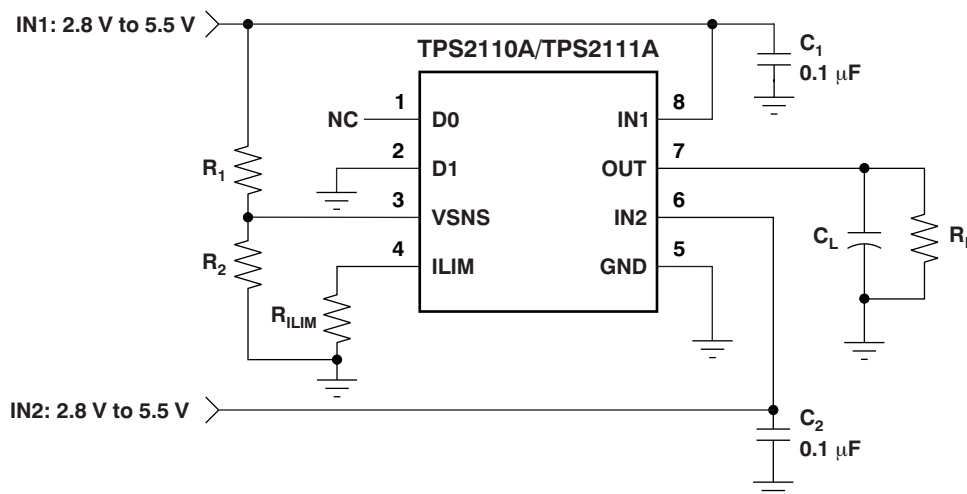


Figure 14. Auto-Selecting for a Dual Power-Supply Application

In [Figure 15](#), the multiplexer selects between two power supplies based upon the EN1 logic signal. OUT connects to IN1 if EN1 is logic '1'; otherwise, OUT connects to IN2. The logic thresholds for the D1 terminal are compatible with both TTL and CMOS logic.

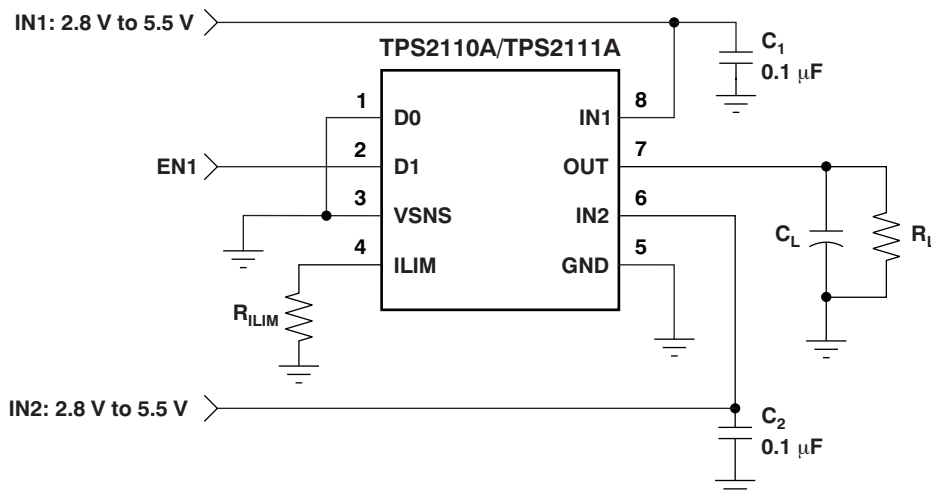


Figure 15. Manually Switching Power Sources

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

AUTO-SWITCHING MODE

D0 equal to logic '1' and D1 equal to logic '0' selects the auto-switching mode. In this mode, OUT connects to IN1 if $V_{I(VSNS)}$ is greater than 0.8 V; otherwise, OUT connects to the higher of IN1 and IN2.

The VSNS terminal includes hysteresis equal to 3.75% to 7.5% of the threshold selected for transition from the primary supply to the higher of the two supplies. This hysteresis helps avoid repeated switching from one supply to the other due to resistive drops.

MANUAL SWITCHING MODE

D0 equal to logic '0' selects the manual-switching mode. In this mode, OUT connects to IN1 if D1 is equal to logic '1'; otherwise, OUT connects to IN2.

N-CHANNEL MOSFETs

Two internal high-side power MOSFETs implement a single-pole double-throw (SPDT) switch. Digital logic selects the IN1 switch, IN2 switch, or no switch (Hi-Z state). The MOSFETs have no parallel diodes so output-to-input current cannot flow when the FET is off. An integrated comparator prevents turn-on of a FET switch if the output voltage is greater than the input voltage.

CROSS-CONDUCTION BLOCKING

The switching circuitry ensures that both power switches will never conduct at the same time. A comparator monitors the gate-to-source voltage of each power FET and allows a FET to turn on only if the gate-to-source voltage of the other FET is below the turn-on threshold voltage.

REVERSE-CONDUCTION BLOCKING

When the TPS211xA switches from a higher-voltage supply to a lower-voltage supply, current can potentially flow back from the load capacitor into the lower-voltage supply. To minimize such reverse conduction, the TPS211xA will not connect a supply to the output until the output voltage has fallen to within 100 mV of the supply voltage. Once a supply has been connected to the output, it will remain connected regardless of output voltage.

CHARGE PUMP

The higher of supplies IN1 and IN2 powers the internal charge pump. The charge pump provides power to the current limit amplifier and allows the output FET gate voltage to be higher than the IN1 and IN2 supply voltages. A gate voltage that is higher than the source voltage is necessary to turn on the N-channel FET.

CURRENT LIMITING

A resistor R_{ILIM} from ILIM to GND sets the current limit to $250/R_{ILIM}$ and $500/R_{ILIM}$ for the TPS2110A and TPS2111A, respectively. Setting resistor R_{ILIM} equal to zero is not recommended as that disables current limiting.

OUTPUT VOLTAGE SLEW-RATE CONTROL

The TPS211xA slews the output voltage at a slow rate when OUT switches to IN1 or IN2 from the Hi-Z state (see the [Truth Table](#)). A slow slew rate limits the inrush current into the load capacitor. High inrush currents can glitch the voltage bus and cause a system to hang up or reset. It can also cause reliability issues—like pit the connector power contacts, when hot-plugging a load such as a PCI card. The TPS211xA slews the output voltage at a much faster rate when OUT switches between IN1 and IN2. The fast rate minimizes the output voltage droop and reduces the output voltage hold-up capacitance requirement.

REVISION HISTORY

NOTE: Page numbers for previous revisions may differ from page numbers in the current version.

Changes from Original (March, 2004) to Revision A	Page
• Updated document to current format	1
• Deleted package information from <i>Available Options</i> table	2
• Revised <i>Ordering Information</i> table	2
• Deleted <i>lead temperature</i> and <i>storage temperature</i> specifications from, added <i>electrostatic discharge</i> specifications to Absolute Maximum Ratings table; changed <i>operating virtual junction temperature</i> specification; deleted <i>ESD Protection</i> table	2
• Updated conditions for <i>Electrical Characteristics</i>	3
• Deleted footnote 1 for <i>Electrical Characteristics</i> table	3
• Deleted footnote 1 for <i>Switching Characteristics</i> table	5

PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable part number	Status (1)	Material type (2)	Package Pins	Package qty Carrier	RoHS (3)	Lead finish/ Ball material (4)	MSL rating/ Peak reflow (5)	Op temp (°C)	Part marking (6)
TPS2110APW	Active	Production	TSSOP (PW) 8	150 TUBE	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	2110A
TPS2110APW.A	Active	Production	TSSOP (PW) 8	150 TUBE	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	2110A
TPS2110APWR	Active	Production	TSSOP (PW) 8	2000 LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	2110A
TPS2110APWR.A	Active	Production	TSSOP (PW) 8	2000 LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	2110A
TPS2111APW	Active	Production	TSSOP (PW) 8	150 TUBE	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	2111A
TPS2111APW.A	Active	Production	TSSOP (PW) 8	150 TUBE	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	2111A
TPS2111APWR	Active	Production	TSSOP (PW) 8	2000 LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	2111A
TPS2111APWR.A	Active	Production	TSSOP (PW) 8	2000 LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	2111A

⁽¹⁾ **Status:** For more details on status, see our [product life cycle](#).

⁽²⁾ **Material type:** When designated, preproduction parts are prototypes/experimental devices, and are not yet approved or released for full production. Testing and final process, including without limitation quality assurance, reliability performance testing, and/or process qualification, may not yet be complete, and this item is subject to further changes or possible discontinuation. If available for ordering, purchases will be subject to an additional waiver at checkout, and are intended for early internal evaluation purposes only. These items are sold without warranties of any kind.

⁽³⁾ **RoHS values:** Yes, No, RoHS Exempt. See the [TI RoHS Statement](#) for additional information and value definition.

⁽⁴⁾ **Lead finish/Ball material:** Parts may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead finish/Ball material values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

⁽⁵⁾ **MSL rating/Peak reflow:** The moisture sensitivity level ratings and peak solder (reflow) temperatures. In the event that a part has multiple moisture sensitivity ratings, only the lowest level per JEDEC standards is shown. Refer to the shipping label for the actual reflow temperature that will be used to mount the part to the printed circuit board.

⁽⁶⁾ **Part marking:** There may be an additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category of the part.

Multiple part markings will be inside parentheses. Only one part marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "-" will appear on a part. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire part marking for that device.

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TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION



*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
TPS2110APWR	TSSOP	PW	8	2000	330.0	12.4	7.0	3.6	1.6	8.0	12.0	Q1
TPS2111APWR	TSSOP	PW	8	2000	330.0	12.4	7.0	3.6	1.6	8.0	12.0	Q1

TAPE AND REEL BOX DIMENSIONS



*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
TPS2110APWR	TSSOP	PW	8	2000	353.0	353.0	32.0
TPS2111APWR	TSSOP	PW	8	2000	353.0	353.0	32.0

TUBE



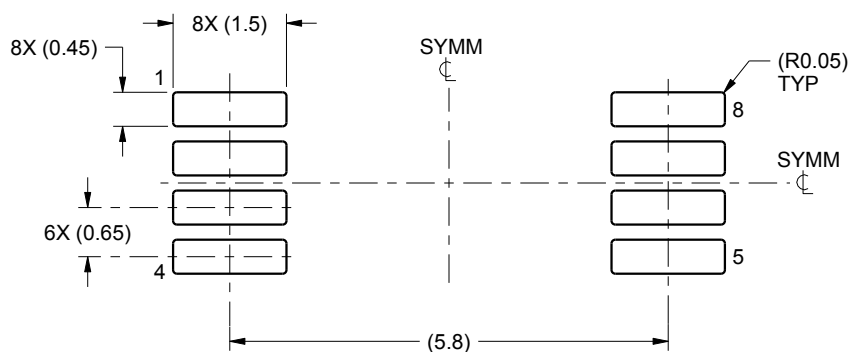
*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Name	Package Type	Pins	SPQ	L (mm)	W (mm)	T (μm)	B (mm)
TPS2110APW	PW	TSSOP	8	150	530	10.2	3600	3.5
TPS2110APW.A	PW	TSSOP	8	150	530	10.2	3600	3.5
TPS2111APW	PW	TSSOP	8	150	530	10.2	3600	3.5
TPS2111APW.A	PW	TSSOP	8	150	530	10.2	3600	3.5

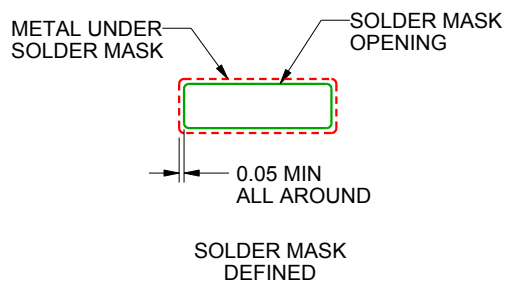
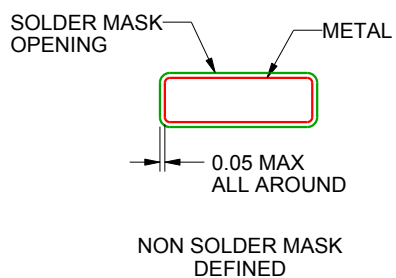
PW0008A

TSSOP - 1.2 mm max height

SMALL OUTLINE PACKAGE



LAND PATTERN EXAMPLE
SCALE:10X



SOLDER MASK DETAILS
NOT TO SCALE

4221848/A 02/2015

NOTES: (continued)

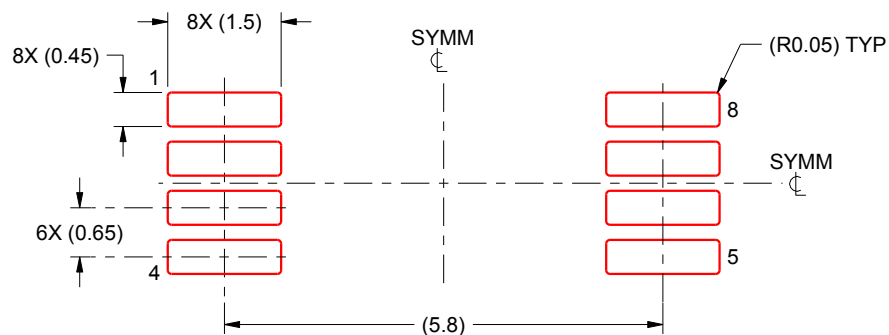
6. Publication IPC-7351 may have alternate designs.

7. Solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads can vary based on board fabrication site.

PW0008A

TSSOP - 1.2 mm max height

SMALL OUTLINE PACKAGE



SOLDER PASTE EXAMPLE
BASED ON 0.125 mm THICK STENCIL
SCALE:10X

4221848/A 02/2015

NOTES: (continued)

8. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.
9. Board assembly site may have different recommendations for stencil design.

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