





SN74LVCC4245A SCAS584N - NOVEMBER 1996 - REVISED DECEMBER 2022

# SN74LVCC4245A Octal Dual-Supply Bus Transceiver With Configurable Output Voltage and 3-State Outputs

#### 1 Features

- Bidirectional voltage translator
- 4.5 V to 5.5 V on A port and 2.7 V to 5.5 V on B port
- Control inputs V<sub>IH</sub> and V<sub>IL</sub> levels are referenced to V<sub>CCA</sub> voltage
- Latch-up performance exceeds 250 mA per JESD 17
- ESD protection exceeds JESD 22
  - 2000-V Human-Body Model (A114-A)
  - 1000-V Charged-Device Model (C101)

#### 2 Applications

- Level translation
- Personal electronics
- Industrial
- **Enterprise**
- Telecom

#### 3 Description

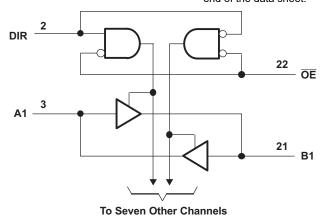
This 8-bit (octal) noninverting bus transceiver uses two separate power-supply rails. The A port, V<sub>CCA</sub>, is dedicated to accepting a 5-V supply level, and the configurable B port, which is designed to track V<sub>CCB</sub>, accepts voltages from 3 V to 5 V. This allows for translation from a 3.3-V to a 5-V environment and vice versa.

The SN74LVCC4245A device is designed for asynchronous communication between data buses. The SN74LVCC4245A device transmits data from the A bus to the B bus or from the B bus to the A bus, depending on the logic level at the direction-control (DIR) input. The output-enable (OE) input can be used to disable the device so the buses effectively are isolated. The control circuitry (DIR,  $\overline{OE}$ ) is powered by  $V_{CCA}$ .

#### Package Information<sup>(1)</sup>

PART NUMBER	PACKAGE	BODY SIZE (NOM)			
	DB (SSOP, 24)	8.20 mm × 5.30 mm			
SN74LVCC4245A	DW (SOIC, 24)	15.40 mm × 7.50 mm			
SIN/4LVCC4243A	NS (SOP, 24)	15.00 mm × 5.30 mm			
	PW (TSSOP, 24)	7.80 mm × 4.40 mm			

For available packages, see the orderable addendum at the end of the data sheet.



Logic Diagram (Positive Logic)



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## **4 Revision History**

NOTE: Page numbers for previous revisions may differ from page numbers in the current version.

C	hanges from Revision M (March 2005) to Revision N (December 2022)	Page
•	Removed ordering information	1
•	Updated the numbering format for tables, figures, and cross-references throughout the document	1
•	Added the Pin Configuration and Functions, Detailed Description, Application and Implementation, Layous sections	
•	Added thermal values for PW package	



# **5 Pin Configuration and Functions**

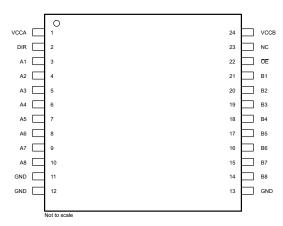


Figure 5-1. DB, DW, NS, or PW Package, SSOP, SOIC, SOP, or TSSOP (Top View)

**Table 5-1. Pin Functions** 

PIN TYPE(1)		TVDE(1)	DESCRIPTION			
NAME	NO.	IYPE	DESCRIPTION			
V <sub>CCA</sub>	1	_	A port power			
DIR	2	1	Dir input			
A1	3	I/O	A1 port			
A2	4	I/O	A2 port			
A3	5	I/O	A3 port			
A4	6	I/O	A4 port			
A5	7	I/O	A5 port			
A6	8	I/O	A6 port			
A7	9	I/O	A7 port			
A8	10	I/O	A8 port			
GND	11	_				
GND	12	_	Ground			
GND	13	_				
B8	14	I/O	B8 port			
B7	15	I/O	B7 port			
B6	16	I/O	B6 port			
B5	17	I/O	B5 port			
B4	18	I/O	B4 port			
В3	19	I/O	B3 port			
B2	20	I/O	B2 port			
B1	21	I/O	B1 port			
ŌĒ	22	1	Output Enable active low			
NC	23	_	Unconnected			
V <sub>CCB</sub>	24	_	B port power			

(1) Signal Types: I = Input, O = Output, I/O = Input or Output.



#### **6 Specifications**

#### **6.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings**

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted) (1)

		·	MIN	MAX	UNIT
V <sub>CCA</sub> V <sub>CCB</sub>	Supply voltage range		-0.5	6	V
		I/O ports (A port)	-0.5	V <sub>CCA</sub> + 0.5	
VI	Input voltage range <sup>(2)</sup>	I/O ports (B port)	-0.5	V <sub>CCB</sub> + 0.5	V
		Except I/O ports	-0.5	V <sub>CCA</sub> + 0.5	
Vo	Output voltage range <sup>(2)</sup>	A port	-0.5	V <sub>CCA</sub> + 0.5	V
		B port	-0.5	V <sub>CCB</sub> + 0.5	V
I <sub>IK</sub>	Input clamp current	V <sub>1</sub> < 0		-50	mA
I <sub>OK</sub>	Output clamp current	V <sub>O</sub> < 0		-50	mA
Io	Continuous output current	,		±50	mA
	Continuous current through V <sub>CCA</sub> , V <sub>CCB</sub> , or GN	ID		±100	mA
	Declare the second in a (3)	DW package		46	
$\theta_{JA}$	Package thermal impedance <sup>(3)</sup>	NS package		65	°C/W
T <sub>stg</sub>	Storage temperature range	1	-65	150	°C

<sup>(1)</sup> Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

#### 6.2 ESD Ratings

	PARAMETER	DEFINITION		UNIT
\/		Human body model (HBM), per ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001, all pins <sup>(1)</sup>	2000	V
V <sub>(ESI</sub>	<sup>D)</sup> discharge	Charged device model (CDM), per JEDEC specification JESD22-C101, all pins <sup>(2)</sup>	1000	

(1) JEDEC document JEP155 states that 500-V HBM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.

(2) JEDEC document JEP157 states that 250-V CDM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.

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<sup>(2)</sup> This value is limited to 6 V maximum.

<sup>(3)</sup> The package thermal impedance is calculated in accordance with JESD 51-7.

## **6.3 Recommended Operating Conditions**

(1)

		V <sub>CCA</sub>	V <sub>CCB</sub>	MIN	NOM	MAX	UNIT
V <sub>CCA</sub>	Supply voltage			4.5	5	5.5	V
V <sub>CCB</sub>	Supply voltage			2.7	3.3	5.5	V
		4.5 V	2.7 V	2			
$V_{IHA}$	High-level input voltage	4.5 V	3.6 V	2			V
		5.5 V	5.5 V	2			
		4.5 V	2.7 V	2			
$V_{IHB}$	High-level input voltage	4.5 V	3.6 V	2			V
		5.5 V	5.5 V	3.85			
		4.5.1/	2.7 V			8.0	
$V_{ILA}$	Low-level input voltage	4.5 V	3.6 V			8.0	V
		5.5 V	5.5 V			8.0	
$V_{ILB}$	Low-level input voltage	4.5 V	2.7 V			0.8	
		4.5 V	3.6 V			8.0	V
		5.5 V	5.5 V			1.65	
	High-level input voltage (control pins) (referenced to $V_{\text{CCA}}$ )	4.5 V	2.7 V	2			
$V_{IH}$			3.6 V	2			V
		5.5 V	5.5 V	2			
		4.5 V	2.7 V			0.8	
$V_{IL}$	Low-level input voltage (control pins) (referenced to $V_{\text{CCA}}$ )		3.6 V			8.0	V
		5.5 V	5.5 V			8.0	
V <sub>IA</sub>	Input voltage			0		$V_{CCA}$	V
V <sub>IB</sub>	Input voltage			0		V <sub>CCB</sub>	V
V <sub>OA</sub>	Output voltage			0		V <sub>CCA</sub>	V
V <sub>OB</sub>	Output voltage			0		V <sub>CCB</sub>	V
I <sub>OHA</sub>	High-level output current	4.5 V	3 V			-24	mA
I <sub>ОНВ</sub>	High-level output current	4.5 V	2.7 V to 4.5 V			-24	mA
I <sub>OLA</sub>	Low-level output current	4.5 V	3 V			24	mA
I <sub>OLB</sub>	Low-level output current	4.5 V	2.7 V to 4.5 V			24	mA
T <sub>A</sub>	Operating free-air temperature			-40		85	°C

<sup>(1)</sup> All unused inputs of the device must be held at the associated V<sub>CC</sub> or GND to ensure proper device operation. Refer to the TI application report, *Implications of Slow or Floating CMOS Inputs*, literature number SCBA004.

#### **6.4 Thermal Information**

		SN74LV0		
	THERMAL METRIC <sup>(1)</sup>	PW (TSSOP)	DB (SSOP)	
		24 PINS	24 PINS	UNIT
R <sub>0JA</sub>	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance	100.6	90.7	°C/W
R <sub>θJC(top)</sub>	Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance	44.7	51.9	°C/W
R <sub>0JB</sub>	Junction-to-board thermal resistance	55.8	49.7	°C/W
Ψ ЈТ	Junction-to-top characterization parameter	6.8	18.8	°C/W
Ψ <sub>JB</sub>	Junction-to-board characterization parameter	55.4	49.3	°C/W

<sup>(1)</sup> For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the Semiconductor and IC package thermal metrics application report.



#### 6.5 Electrical Characteristics

over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

PA	RAMETER	TEST	CONDITIONS	V <sub>CCA</sub>	V <sub>CCB</sub>	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
V		I <sub>OH</sub> = -100 μA		4.5 V	3 V	4.4	4.49		V
V <sub>OHA</sub>		I <sub>OH</sub> = -24 mA		4.5 V	3 V	3.76	4.25		V
		I <sub>OH</sub> = -100 μA		4.5 V	3 V	2.9	2.99		
		I - 12 mA		4.5 V	2.7 V	2.2	2.5		
\ <u>\</u>		I <sub>OH</sub> = -12 mA		4.5 V	3 V	2.46	2.85		V
V <sub>OHB</sub>					2.7 V	2.1	2.3		V
		I <sub>OH</sub> = -24 mA		4.5 V	3 V	2.25	2.65		
					4.5 V	3.76	4.25		
V		I <sub>OL</sub> = 100 μA		4.5 V	3 V			0.1	V
V <sub>OLA</sub>		I <sub>OL</sub> = 24 mA		4.5 V	3 V		0.21	0.44	V
		I <sub>OL</sub> = 100 μA		4.5 V	3 V			0.1	
		I <sub>OL</sub> = 12 mA		4.5 V	2.7 V		0.11	0.44	
V <sub>OLB</sub>				2.7 V		0.22	0.5	V	
		I <sub>OL</sub> = 24 mA		4.5 V	3 V		0.21	0.44	
				4.5 V		0.18	0.44		
	Control innuts	V – V or CND	5.5 V	3.6 V		±0.1	±1		
l <sub>l</sub>	Control inputs	$V_I = V_{CCA}$ or GND		5.5 V	5.5 V		±0.1	±1	μA
I <sub>OZ</sub> (1)	A or B ports	$V_O = V_{CCA/B}$ or GND,	$V_I = V_{IL}$ or $V_{IH}$	5.5 V	3.6 V		±0.5	±5	μA
		$A_n = V_{CC}$ or GND		5.5 V	Open		8	80	
I <sub>CCA</sub>	B to A	A	P = V or CND	5.5 V	3.6 V		8	80	μΑ
		$I_O$ (A port) = 0,	$B_n = V_{CCB}$ or GND	3.5 V	5.5 V		8	80	
	A to B	$A_n = V_{CCA}$ or GND,	I <sub>O</sub> (B port) = 0	5.5 V	3.6 V		5	50	^
I <sub>CCB</sub>	ALOB	An - VCCA OF GND,	10 (в рогі) – о	3.5 V	5.5 V		8	80	μA
	A port	$V_I = V_{CCA} - 2.1 \text{ V, Other in OE}$ at GND and DIR at $V_C$	nputs at V <sub>CCA</sub> or GND,	5.5 V	5.5 V		1.35	1.5	
ΔI <sub>CCA</sub> (2)	ŌĒ	V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>CCA</sub> – 2.1 V, Other in DIR at V <sub>CCA</sub> or GND	nputs at V <sub>CCA</sub> or GND,	5.5 V	5.5 V		1	1.5	mA
	DIR	$V_I = V_{CCA} - 2.1 \text{ V, Other is}$ $\overline{OE}$ at $V_{CCA}$ or GND	nputs at V <sub>CCA</sub> or GND,	5.5 V	3.6 V		1	1.5	
ΔI <sub>CCB</sub> (2)	B port	$V_I = V_{CCB} - 0.6 \text{ V}$ , Other in $\overline{OE}$ at GND and DIR at G		5.5 V	3.6 V		0.35	0.5	mA
C <sub>i</sub>	Control inputs	V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>CCA</sub> or GND		Open	Open		5		pF
C <sub>io</sub>	A or B ports	V <sub>O</sub> = V <sub>CCA/B</sub> or GND		5 V	3.3 V		11		pF

For I/O ports, the parameter  $I_{OZ}$  includes the input leakage current. This is the increase in supply current for each input that is at one of the specified TTL voltage levels, rather than 0 V or the associated (2)  $V_{CC}$ .

#### 6.6 Switching Characteristics

over recommended operating free-air temperature range,  $C_L$  = 50 pF (unless otherwise noted) (see Figure 8-1 through Figure 11-1)

PARAMETER	FROM (INPUT)	TO (OUTPUT)	V <sub>CCA</sub> = 5 V ± V <sub>CCB</sub> = 5 V ±	0.5 V, 0.5 V	V <sub>CCA</sub> = 5 V : V <sub>CCB</sub> = 2.7 V	± 0.5 V, to 3.6 V	UNIT
	(INFOT)	(001701)	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
t <sub>PHL</sub>	А	В	1	7.1	1	7	no
t <sub>PLH</sub>	A	Б	1	6	1	7	ns
t <sub>PHL</sub>	В	А	1	6.8	1	6.2	ns
t <sub>PLH</sub>		A	1	6.1	1	5.3	115
t <sub>PZL</sub>	ŌĒ	А	1	9	1	9	ns
t <sub>PZH</sub>	OL	A	1	8.3	1	8	115
t <sub>PZL</sub>	ŌĒ	В	1	8.2	1	10	ns
t <sub>PZH</sub>	) OE	Ь	1	8.1	1	10.2	115
t <sub>PLZ</sub>	ŌĒ	А	1	4.7	1	5.2	ns
t <sub>PHZ</sub>	OL	A	1	4.9	1	5.2	115
t <sub>PLZ</sub>	ŌĒ	В	1	5.4	1	5.9	no
t <sub>PHZ</sub>	) OE	ט	1	6.3	1	7.4	ns

#### 6.7 Operating Characteristics

 $V_{CCA} = 5 \text{ V}, V_{CCB} = 3.3 \text{ V}, T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ 

	PARAMETER		TEST C	ONDITIONS	TYP	UNIT
	Down dissination conscitance nor transcriver	Outputs enabled	C <sub>1</sub> = 0	f = 10 MHz	20	, r
C <sub>pd</sub> Power dissipation capacitance per transceiver		Outputs disabled	$C_L = 0$ ,	1 - 10 IVIDZ	6.5	pF

#### **6.8 Typical Characteristics**

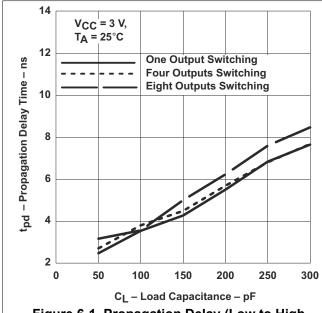


Figure 6-1. Propagation Delay (Low to High Transition)
vs Load Capacitance

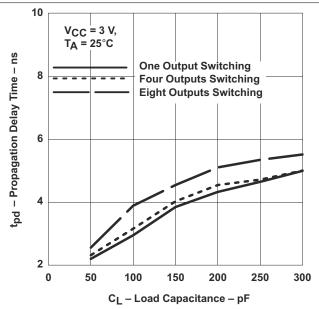


Figure 6-2. Propagation Delay (High to Low Transition)
vs Load Capacitance



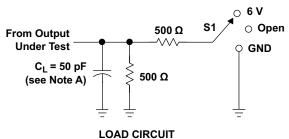
#### 7 Power-Up Consideration

TI level-translation devices offer an opportunity for successful mixed-voltage signal design. A proper power-up sequence always should be followed to avoid excessive supply current, bus contention, oscillations, or other anomalies caused by improperly biased device pins. Take these precautions to guard against such power-up problems:

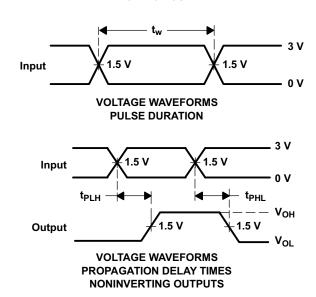
- 1. Connect ground before any supply voltage is applied.
- 2. Power up the control side of the device (V<sub>CCA</sub> for all four of these devices).
- 3. Tie  $\overline{OE}$  to  $V_{CCA}$  with a pull up resistor so that it ramps with  $V_{CCA}$ .
- 4. Depending on the direction of the data path, DIR can be high or low. If DIR high is needed (A data to B bus), then ramp it with  $V_{CCA}$ . Otherwise, keep DIR low.

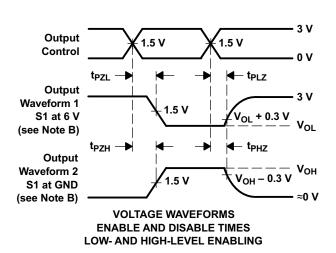
For more information, refer to the *Voltage-Level-Translation Devices* application note.

# 8 Parameter Measurement Information For A to B $V_{CCA}$ = 4.5 V to 5.5 V and $V_{CCB}$ = 2.7 V to 3.6 V



TEST	S1
t <sub>PLH</sub> /t <sub>PHL</sub>	Open
t <sub>PLZ</sub> /t <sub>PZL</sub>	6 V
t <sub>PHZ</sub> /t <sub>PZH</sub>	GND





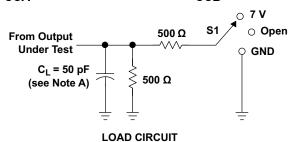
NOTES: A.  $C_L$  includes probe and jig capacitance.

- B. Waveform 1 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is low, except when disabled by the output control. Waveform 2 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is high, except when disabled by the output control.
- C. All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: PRR  $\leq$ 10 MHz,  $Z_0 = 50 \Omega$ ,  $t_r \leq$ 2.5 ns,  $t_f \leq$ 2.5 ns.
- D. The outputs are measured one at a time, with one transition per measurement.
- E. All parameters and waveforms are not applicable to all devices.

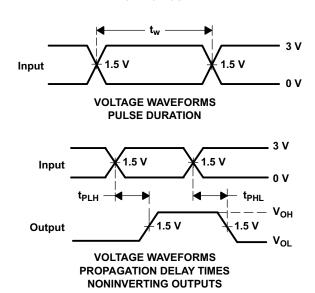
Figure 8-1. Load Circuit and Voltage Waveforms

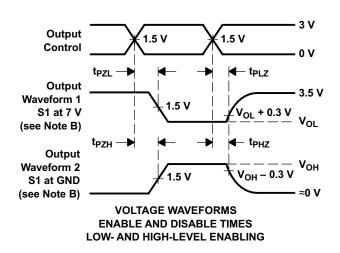


# 9 Parameter Measurement Information For A to B $V_{CCA}$ = 4.5 V to 5.5 V and $V_{CCB}$ = 3.6 V to 5.5 V



TEST	S1
t <sub>PLH</sub> /t <sub>PHL</sub> t <sub>PLZ</sub> /t <sub>PZL</sub>	Open 7 V
t <sub>PHZ</sub> /t <sub>PZH</sub>	GND



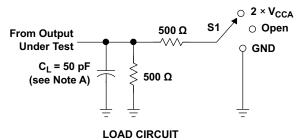


NOTES: A.  $C_L$  includes probe and jig capacitance.

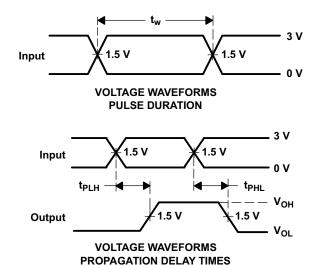
- B. Waveform 1 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is low, except when disabled by the output control. Waveform 2 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is high, except when disabled by the output control.
- C. All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: PRR  $\leq$ 10 MHz,  $Z_0 = 50 \Omega$ ,  $t_f \leq$  2.5 ns,  $t_f \leq$  2.5 ns.
- D. The outputs are measured one at a time, with one transition per measurement.
- E. All parameters and waveforms are not applicable to all devices.

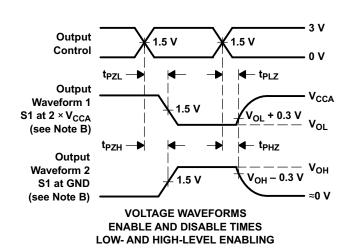
Figure 9-1. Load Circuit and Voltage Waveforms

# 10 Parameter Measurement Information For B to A $V_{CCA}$ = 4.5 V to 5.5 V and $V_{CCB}$ = 2.7 V to 3.6 V



TEST	S1
t <sub>PLH</sub> /t <sub>PHL</sub>	Open
t <sub>PLZ</sub> /t <sub>PZL</sub>	2 × V <sub>CCA</sub>
t <sub>PHZ</sub> /t <sub>PZH</sub>	GND





NOTES: A. C<sub>L</sub> includes probe and jig capacitance.

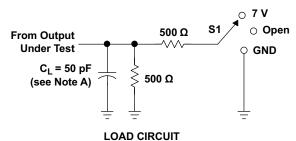
**NONINVERTING OUTPUTS** 

- B. Waveform 1 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is low, except when disabled by the output control. Waveform 2 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is high, except when disabled by the output control.
- C. All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: PRR  $\leq$ 10 MHz,  $Z_O$  = 50  $\Omega$ ,  $t_r \leq$  2.5 ns.  $t_f \leq$  2.5 ns.
- D. The outputs are measured one at a time, with one transition per measurement.
- E. All parameters and waveforms are not applicable to all devices.

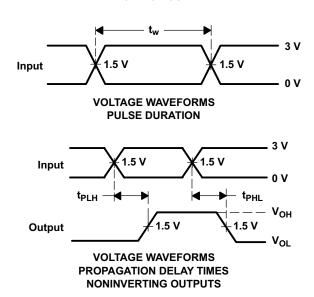
Figure 10-1. Load Circuit and Voltage Waveforms

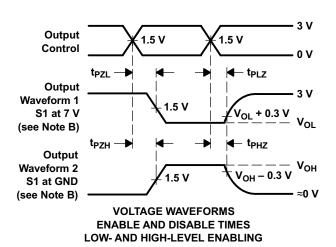


# 11 Parameter Measurement Information For B to A $V_{CCA}$ = 4.5 V to 5.5 V and $V_{CCB}$ = 3.6 V to 5.5 V



TEST	<b>S</b> 1
t <sub>PLH</sub> /t <sub>PHL</sub>	Open
t <sub>PLZ</sub> /t <sub>PZL</sub>	7 V
t <sub>PHZ</sub> /t <sub>PZH</sub>	GND





NOTES: A. C<sub>L</sub> includes probe and jig capacitance.

- B. Waveform 1 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is low, except when disabled by the output control. Waveform 2 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is high, except when disabled by the output control.
- C. All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: PRR  $\leq$ 10 MHz,  $Z_{O}$  = 50  $\Omega$ ,  $t_{f} \leq$  2.5 ns,  $t_{f} \leq$  2.5 ns.
- D. The outputs are measured one at a time, with one transition per measurement.
- E. All parameters and waveforms are not applicable to all devices.

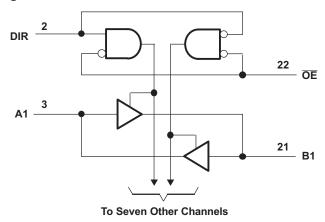
Figure 11-1. Load Circuit and Voltage Waveforms

#### 12 Detailed Description

#### 12.1 Overview

SN74LVCC4245A is an 8-bit (octal) noninverting bus transceiver contains two separate supply rails; B port has  $V_{CCB}$ , which is set at 3.3 V, and A port has  $V_{CCA}$ , which is set at 5 V. This allows for translation from a 3.3-V to a 5-V environment, and vice versa, designed for asynchronous communication between data buses. The device transmits data from the A bus to the B bus or from the B bus to the A bus, depending on the logic level at the direction-control (DIR) input. The output-enable  $(\overline{OE})$  input can be used to disable the device so the buses are effectively isolated. The control circuitry (DIR,  $\overline{OE}$ ) is powered by  $V_{CCA}$ .

#### 12.2 Functional Block Diagram



#### 12.3 Feature Description

- · 24 mA drive at 3-V supply
  - Good for heavier loads and longer traces
- Low V<sub>IH</sub>
  - Allows 3.3-V to 5-V translation

#### 12.4 Device Functional Modes

Table 12-1. Function Table (Each Transceiver)

,	(Each Hanscelver)							
INP	UTS	OPERATION						
ŌĒ	DIR	OPERATION						
L	L	B data to A bus						
L	Н	A data to B bus						
Н	Χ	Isolation						

#### 13 Application and Implementation

#### Note

Information in the following applications sections is not part of the TI component specification, and TI does not warrant its accuracy or completeness. TI's customers are responsible for determining suitability of components for their purposes, as well as validating and testing their design implementation to confirm system functionality.

#### 13.1 Application Information

The SN74LVCC4245A device pinout allows the designer to switch to a normal all-3.3-V or all-5-V 20-pin '245 device without board re-layout. The designer uses the data paths for pins 2–11 and 14–23 of the SN74LVC4245A to align with the conventional SN74LVC4245A device's pinout. SN74LVCC4245A is a high drive CMOS device that can be used for a multitude of bus interface type applications where output drive or PCB trace length is a concern.

#### **13.2 Typical Application**

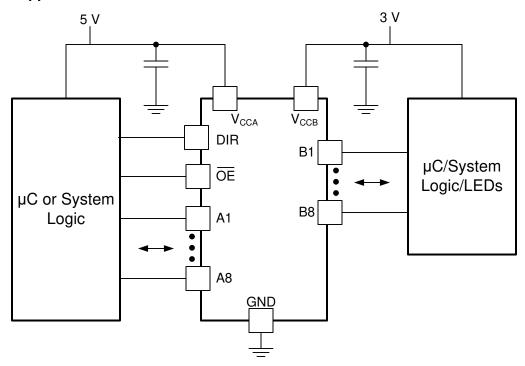


Figure 13-1. Typical Application Schematic

#### 13.2.1 Design Requirements

This device uses CMOS technology and has balanced output drive. Care should be taken to avoid bus contention because it can drive currents that would exceed maximum limits. The high drive will also create fast edges into light loads so routing and load conditions should be considered to prevent ringing.

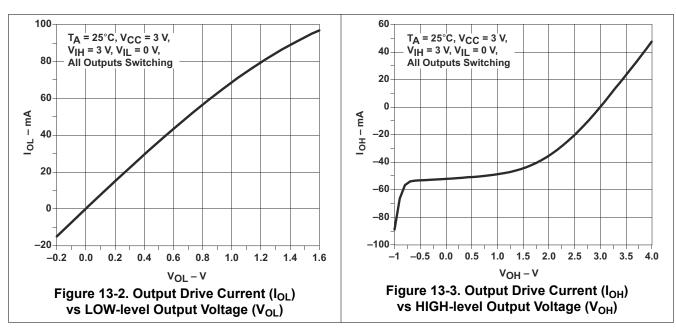
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#### 13.2.2 Detailed Design Procedure

- 1. Recommended Input Conditions:
  - For rise time and fall time specifications, see ( $\Delta t/\Delta V$ ) in the Section 6.3 table.
  - For specified high and low levels, see ( $V_{IH}$  and  $V_{IL}$ ) in the Section 6.3 table.
- 2. Recommend Output Conditions:
  - Load currents should not exceed (I<sub>O</sub> max) per output and should not exceed (Continuous current through V<sub>CC</sub> or GND) total current for the part. These limits are located in the Section 6.1 table.
  - Outputs should not be pulled above V<sub>CC</sub>.
  - Series resistors on the output may be used if the user desires to slow the output edge signal or limit the output current.

#### 13.2.3 Application Curves



#### 14 Power Supply Recommendations

TI level-translation devices offer an opportunity for successful mixed-voltage signal design. A proper power-up sequence always should be followed to avoid excessive supply current, bus contention, oscillations, or other anomalies caused by improperly biased device terminals. Take these precautions to guard against such power-up problems:

- 1. Connect ground before any supply voltage is applied.
- 2. Power up the control side of the device (V<sub>CCA</sub> for all four of these devices).
- 3. Tie  $\overline{\text{OE}}$  to  $V_{\text{CCA}}$  with a pullup resistor so that it ramps with  $V_{\text{CCA}}$ .
- 4. Depending on the direction of the data path, DIR can be high or low. If DIR high is needed (A data to B bus), then ramp it with V<sub>CCA</sub>. Otherwise, keep DIR low.

#### 15 Layout

#### 15.1 Layout Guidelines

When using multiple bit logic devices, inputs should not float. In many cases, functions or parts of functions of digital logic devices are unused. Some examples are when only two inputs of a triple-input AND gate are used, or when only 3 of the 4-buffer gates are used. Such input pins should not be left unconnected because the undefined voltages at the outside connections result in undefined operational states.

Specified in Figure 15-1 are rules that must be observed under all circumstances. All unused inputs of digital logic devices must be connected to a high or low bias to prevent them from floating. The logic level that should be applied to any particular unused input depends on the function of the device. Generally they will be tied to GND or  $V_{CC}$ , whichever makes more sense or is more convenient.

#### 15.2 Layout Example



Figure 15-1. Layout Diagram

#### 16 Device and Documentation Support

TI offers an extensive line of development tools. Tools and software to evaluate the performance of the device, generate code, and develop solutions are listed below.

#### **16.1 Documentation Support**

#### 16.1.1 Related Documentation

For related documentation, see the following:

• Texas Instruments, Voltage-Level-Translation Devices application note

#### 16.2 Receiving Notification of Documentation Updates

To receive notification of documentation updates, navigate to the device product folder on ti.com. Click on *Subscribe to updates* to register and receive a weekly digest of any product information that has changed. For change details, review the revision history included in any revised document.

#### 16.3 Support Resources

TI E2E<sup>™</sup> support forums are an engineer's go-to source for fast, verified answers and design help — straight from the experts. Search existing answers or ask your own question to get the quick design help you need.

Linked content is provided "AS IS" by the respective contributors. They do not constitute TI specifications and do not necessarily reflect TI's views; see TI's Terms of Use.

#### 16.4 Trademarks

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#### 16.5 Electrostatic Discharge Caution



This integrated circuit can be damaged by ESD. Texas Instruments recommends that all integrated circuits be handled with appropriate precautions. Failure to observe proper handling and installation procedures can cause damage.

ESD damage can range from subtle performance degradation to complete device failure. Precision integrated circuits may be more susceptible to damage because very small parametric changes could cause the device not to meet its published specifications.

#### 16.6 Glossary

TI Glossary

This glossary lists and explains terms, acronyms, and definitions.

#### 17 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information

The following pages include mechanical, packaging, and orderable information. This information is the most current data available for the designated devices. This data is subject to change without notice and revision of this document. For browser-based versions of this data sheet, refer to the left-hand navigation.

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#### **PACKAGING INFORMATION**

Orderable part number	Status	Material type	Package   Pins	Package qty   Carrier	RoHS	Lead finish/ Ball material	MSL rating/ Peak reflow	Op temp (°C)	Part marking
						(4)	(5)		
SN74LVCC4245ADBR	Active	Production	SSOP (DB)   24	2000   LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	LG245A
SN74LVCC4245ADBR.B	Active	Production	SSOP (DB)   24	2000   LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	LG245A
SN74LVCC4245ADBRG4	Active	Production	SSOP (DB)   24	2000   LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	LG245A
SN74LVCC4245ADBRG4.B	Active	Production	SSOP (DB)   24	2000   LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	LG245A
SN74LVCC4245ADW	Active	Production	SOIC (DW)   24	25   TUBE	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	LVCC4245A
SN74LVCC4245ADW.B	Active	Production	SOIC (DW)   24	25   TUBE	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	LVCC4245A
SN74LVCC4245ADWE4	Active	Production	SOIC (DW)   24	25   TUBE	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	LVCC4245A
SN74LVCC4245ADWR	Active	Production	SOIC (DW)   24	2000   LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU   SN	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	LVCC4245A
SN74LVCC4245ADWR.B	Active	Production	SOIC (DW)   24	2000   LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	LVCC4245A
SN74LVCC4245ADWRG4	Active	Production	SOIC (DW)   24	2000   LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	LVCC4245A
SN74LVCC4245ADWRG4.B	Active	Production	SOIC (DW)   24	2000   LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	LVCC4245A
SN74LVCC4245ANSR	Active	Production	SOP (NS)   24	2000   LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	LVCC4245A
SN74LVCC4245ANSR.B	Active	Production	SOP (NS)   24	2000   LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	LVCC4245A
SN74LVCC4245ANSRG4	Active	Production	SOP (NS)   24	2000   LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	LVCC4245A
SN74LVCC4245ANSRG4.B	Active	Production	SOP (NS)   24	2000   LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	LVCC4245A
SN74LVCC4245APW	Active	Production	TSSOP (PW)   24	60   TUBE	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	LG245A
SN74LVCC4245APW.B	Active	Production	TSSOP (PW)   24	60   TUBE	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	LG245A
SN74LVCC4245APWR	Active	Production	TSSOP (PW)   24	2000   LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	LG245A
SN74LVCC4245APWR.A	Active	Production	TSSOP (PW)   24	2000   LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	LG245A
SN74LVCC4245APWRE4	Active	Production	TSSOP (PW)   24	2000   LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	LG245A
SN74LVCC4245APWRG4	Active	Production	TSSOP (PW)   24	2000   LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	LG245A
SN74LVCC4245APWT	Active	Production	TSSOP (PW)   24	250   SMALL T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	LG245A
SN74LVCC4245APWT.B	Active	Production	TSSOP (PW)   24	250   SMALL T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	LG245A
SN74LVCC4245APWTE4	Active	Production	TSSOP (PW)   24	250   SMALL T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	LG245A

<sup>(1)</sup> Status: For more details on status, see our product life cycle.

<sup>(2)</sup> Material type: When designated, preproduction parts are prototypes/experimental devices, and are not yet approved or released for full production. Testing and final process, including without limitation quality assurance, reliability performance testing, and/or process qualification, may not yet be complete, and this item is subject to further changes or possible discontinuation. If available for ordering, purchases will be subject to an additional waiver at checkout, and are intended for early internal evaluation purposes only. These items are sold without warranties of any kind.

#### PACKAGE OPTION ADDENDUM

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- (3) RoHS values: Yes, No, RoHS Exempt. See the TI RoHS Statement for additional information and value definition.
- (4) Lead finish/Ball material: Parts may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead finish/Ball material values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.
- (5) MSL rating/Peak reflow: The moisture sensitivity level ratings and peak solder (reflow) temperatures. In the event that a part has multiple moisture sensitivity ratings, only the lowest level per JEDEC standards is shown. Refer to the shipping label for the actual reflow temperature that will be used to mount the part to the printed circuit board.
- (6) Part marking: There may be an additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category of the part.

Multiple part markings will be inside parentheses. Only one part marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a part. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire part marking for that device.

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#### OTHER QUALIFIED VERSIONS OF SN74LVCC4245A:

Enhanced Product : SN74LVCC4245A-EP

NOTE: Qualified Version Definitions:

• Enhanced Product - Supports Defense, Aerospace and Medical Applications

## **PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION**

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#### TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION



# TAPE DIMENSIONS KO P1 BO W Cavity A0

	-
A0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component width
В0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component length
K0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component thickness
W	Overall width of the carrier tape
P1	Pitch between successive cavity centers

#### QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



#### \*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing		SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
SN74LVCC4245ADBR	SSOP	DB	24	2000	330.0	16.4	8.2	8.8	2.5	12.0	16.0	Q1
SN74LVCC4245ADBRG4	SSOP	DB	24	2000	330.0	16.4	8.2	8.8	2.5	12.0	16.0	Q1
SN74LVCC4245ADWR	SOIC	DW	24	2000	330.0	24.4	10.75	15.7	2.7	12.0	24.0	Q1
SN74LVCC4245ADWRG4	SOIC	DW	24	2000	330.0	24.4	10.75	15.7	2.7	12.0	24.0	Q1
SN74LVCC4245APWR	TSSOP	PW	24	2000	330.0	16.4	6.95	8.3	1.6	8.0	16.0	Q1
SN74LVCC4245APWT	TSSOP	PW	24	250	330.0	16.4	6.95	8.3	1.6	8.0	16.0	Q1



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#### \*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
SN74LVCC4245ADBR	SSOP	DB	24	2000	353.0	353.0	32.0
SN74LVCC4245ADBRG4	SSOP	DB	24	2000	353.0	353.0	32.0
SN74LVCC4245ADWR	SOIC	DW	24	2000	350.0	350.0	43.0
SN74LVCC4245ADWRG4	SOIC	DW	24	2000	350.0	350.0	43.0
SN74LVCC4245APWR	TSSOP	PW	24	2000	353.0	353.0	32.0
SN74LVCC4245APWT	TSSOP	PW	24	250	353.0	353.0	32.0

# **PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION**

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#### **TUBE**



\*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Name	Package Type	Pins	SPQ	L (mm)	W (mm)	T (µm)	B (mm)
SN74LVCC4245ADW	DW	SOIC	24	25	506.98	12.7	4826	6.6
SN74LVCC4245ADW.B	DW	SOIC	24	25	506.98	12.7	4826	6.6
SN74LVCC4245ADWE4	DW	SOIC	24	25	506.98	12.7	4826	6.6
SN74LVCC4245APW	PW	TSSOP	24	60	530	10.2	3600	3.5
SN74LVCC4245APW.B	PW	TSSOP	24	60	530	10.2	3600	3.5



SMALL OUTLINE PACKAGE



#### NOTES:

- 1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.

  2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.

  3. This dimension does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not
- exceed 0.15 mm per side.
- 4. This dimension does not include interlead flash. Interlead flash shall not exceed 0.25 mm per side.
- 5. Reference JEDEC registration MO-153.



SMALL OUTLINE PACKAGE



NOTES: (continued)

6. Publication IPC-7351 may have alternate designs.

7. Solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads can vary based on board fabrication site.



SMALL OUTLINE PACKAGE



NOTES: (continued)

- 8. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.
- 9. Board assembly site may have different recommendations for stencil design.



#### **MECHANICAL DATA**

## NS (R-PDSO-G\*\*)

# 14-PINS SHOWN

#### PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE



NOTES:

- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion, not to exceed 0,15.



DW (R-PDSO-G24)

## PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters). Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M-1994.

- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion not to exceed 0.006 (0,15).
- D. Falls within JEDEC MS-013 variation AD.



DW (R-PDSO-G24)

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



NOTES:

- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Refer to IPC7351 for alternate board design.
- D. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Refer to IPC-7525
- E. Customers should contact their board fabrication site for solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads.



#### DB (R-PDSO-G\*\*)

#### PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE

#### **28 PINS SHOWN**



NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.

B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.

C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion not to exceed 0,15.

D. Falls within JEDEC MO-150

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