

24-Bit Dual-Supply Bus Transceiver with Configurable Voltage Translation And 3-**State Outputs**

1 Features

- Control Inputs VIH/VIL Levels Are Referenced to V_{CCA} Voltage
- V_{CC} Isolation Feature If Either V_{CC} Input Is at GND, All Outputs Are in the High-Impedance State
- Overvoltage-Tolerant Inputs/Outputs Allow Mixed-Voltage-Mode Data Communications
- Fully Configurable Dual-Rail Design Allows Each Port to Operate Over Full 1.2-V to 3.6-V Power-Supply Range
- I_{off} Supports Partial-Power-Down Mode Operation
- I/Os Are 4.6-V Tolerant
- Max Data Rates
 - 380 Mbps (1.8-V to 3.3-V Translation)
 - 200 Mbps (<1.8-V to 3.3-V Translation)
 - 200 Mbps (Translate to 2.5 V or 1.8 V)
 - 150 Mbps (Translate to 1.5 V)
 - 100 Mbps (Translate to 1.2 V)
- Latch-Up Performance Exceeds 100 mA Per JESD 78. Class II
- **ESD Protection Exceeds JESD 22**
 - 8000-V Human-Body Model (A114-A)
 - 200-V Machine Model (A115-A)
 - 1000-V Charged-Device Model (C101)

2 Applications

- Personal Electronics
- Industrial
- Enterprise
- Telecom

3 Description

This 24-bit noninverting bus transceiver uses two separate configurable power-supply rails. The SN74AVC24T245 is optimized to operate with V_{CCA}/ V_{CCB} set at 1.4 V to 3.6 V. It is operational with V_{CCA}/V_{CCB} as low as 1.2 V. The A port is designed to track V_{CCA}. V_{CCA} accepts any supply voltage from 1.2 V to 3.6 V. The B port is designed to track V_{CCB}. V_{CCB} accepts any supply voltage from 1.2 V to 3.6 V. This allows for universal low-voltage bidirectional translation between any of the 1.2-V, 1.5-V, 1.8-V, 2.5-V, and 3.3-V voltage nodes.

The SN74AVC24T245 is designed for asynchronous communication between data buses. The device transmits data from the A bus to the B bus or from the B bus to the A bus, depending on the logic level at the direction-control (DIR) input. The output-enable (\overline{OE}) input can be used to disable the outputs so the buses are effectively isolated.

The SN74AVC24T245 is designed so that the control pins (1DIR, 2DIR, 3DIR, 4DIR, 5DIR, 6DIR, 1 OE, 2 \overline{OE} , 3 \overline{OE} , 4 \overline{OE} , 5 \overline{OE} , and 6 \overline{OE}) are supplied by

This device is fully specified for partial-power-down applications using Ioff. The Ioff circuitry disables the outputs, preventing damaging current backflow through the device when it is powered down.

The V_{CC} isolation feature ensures that if either V_{CC} input is at GND, then both ports are in the highimpedance state.

To ensure the high-impedance state during power up or power down, \overline{OE} should be tied to V_{CCA} through a pullup resistor; the minimum value of the resistor is determined by the current-sinking capability of the driver.

Device Information

PART NUMBER	PACKAGE ⁽¹⁾	BODY SIZE (NOM)
SN74AVC24T245GRG/ZRG	LFBGA	10.00 mm × 4.50 mm
SN74AVC24T245NMU	nFBGA	10.00 mm × 4.50 mm

For all available packages, see the orderable addendum at the end of the data sheet.

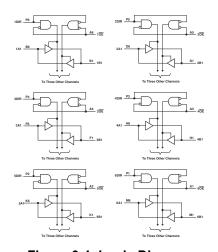


Figure 3-1. Logic Diagram



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4 Revision HistoryNOTE: Page numbers for previous revisions may differ from page numbers in the current version.

Changes from Revision D (August 2005) to Revision E (August 2020)	Page
Updated document to current TI data sheet format	1
Removed Ordering Information table	1
Added Applications list, Device Information table	1
Added NMU package option to Device Information table	1
Added NMU package to pinout drawing	3
Added ESD Ratings table	
Added Thermal Information table	8
Added NMU package to Thermal Information table	8
Added Typical Characteristics section	
Added Detailed Description section	
Added Application and Implementation section	
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Added Layout section	
Added Device and Documentation Support section	
Added Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information section	

5 Pin Configuration and Functions

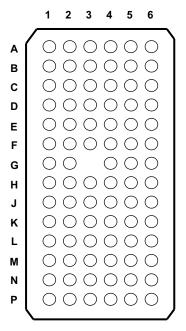


Figure 5-1. GRG/ZRG, NMU Package 83-Pin LFBGA, nFBGA Top View

Table 5-1. Pin Assignments

	1	2	3	4	5	6
Α	6 OE	5 OE	4 OE	3 OE	2 OE	1 OE
В	1B1	1B2	V _{CCB}	V _{CCA}	1A2	1A1
С	1B3	1B4	GND	GND	1A4	1A3
D	2B1	2B2	V _{CCB}	V _{CCA}	2A2	2A1
Е	2B3	2B4	GND	GND	2A4	2A3
F	3B1	3B2	GND	GND	3A2	3A1
G	3B3	3B4		GND	3A4	3A3
Н	4B1	4B2	V _{CCB}	V _{CCA}	4A2	4A1
J	4B3	4B4	GND	GND	4A4	4A3
K	5B1	5B2	GND	GND	5A2	5A1
L	5B3	5B4	V _{CCB}	V _{CCA}	5A4	5A3
М	6B1	6B2	GND	GND	6A2	6A1
N	6B3	6B4	V _{CCB}	V _{CCA}	6A4	6A3
Р	6DIR	5DIR	4DIR	3DIR	2DIR	1DIR

Table 5-2. Pin Functions

	PIN	1/0	DESCRIPTION				
NO.	NAME	1/0	DESCRIPTION				
A1	6 OE	Input	Tri-State output-mode enables. Pull $\overline{\text{OE}}$ high to place all outputs in Tri-State mode. Referenced to V_{CCA} .				
A2	5 OE	Input	Tri-State output-mode enables. Pull $\overline{\text{OE}}$ high to place all outputs in Tri-State mode. Referenced to V_{CCA} .				
A3	4 ŌE	Input	Tri-State output-mode enables. Pull $\overline{\text{OE}}$ high to place all outputs in Tri-State mode. Referenced to V_{CCA} .				
A4	3 OE	Input	Tri-State output-mode enables. Pull $\overline{\text{OE}}$ high to place all outputs in Tri-State mode. Referenced to V_{CCA} .				



Table 5-2. Pin Functions (continued)

PIN			PEOPLIETION			
NO.	NAME	- I/O	DESCRIPTION			
A5	2 ŌE	Input	Tri-State output-mode enables. Pull $\overline{\text{OE}}$ high to place all outputs in Tri-State mode. Referenced to V_{CCA} .			
A6	1 ŌE	Input	Tri-State output-mode enables. Pull $\overline{\text{OE}}$ high to place all outputs in Tri-State mode. Referenced to V _{CCA} .			
B1	1B1	Input/Output	Referenced to V _{CCB} .			
B2	1B2	Input/Output	Referenced to V _{CCB} .			
В3	V _{CCB}	_	B-port supply voltage. 1.2 V ≤ V _{CCB} ≤ 3.6 V.			
B4	V _{CCA}	_	A-port supply voltage. 1.2 V ≤ V _{CCA} ≤ 3.6 V.			
B5	1A2	Input/Output	Referenced to V _{CCA} .			
В6	1A1	Input/Output	Referenced to V _{CCA} .			
C1	1B3	Input/Output	Referenced to V _{CCB} .			
C2	1B4	Input/Output	Referenced to V _{CCB} .			
C3	GND	_	Ground.			
C4	GND	_	Ground.			
C5	1A4	Input/Output	Referenced to V _{CCA} .			
C6	1A3	Input/Output	Referenced to V _{CCA} .			
D1	2B1	Input/Output	Referenced to V _{CCB} .			
D2	2B2	Input/Output	Referenced to V _{CCB}			
D3	V _{CCB}	_	B-port supply voltage. 1.2 V ≤ V _{CCB} ≤ 3.6 V.			
D4	V _{CCA}	_	A-port supply voltage. 1.2 V ≤ V _{CCA} ≤ 3.6 V.			
D5	2A2	Input/Output	Referenced to V _{CCA} .			
D6	2A1	Input/Output	Referenced to V _{CCA} .			
E1	2B3	Input/Output	Referenced to V _{CCB} .			
E2	2B4	Input/Output	Referenced to V _{CCB} .			
E3	GND	_	Ground.			
E4	GND	_	Ground.			
E5	2A4	Input/Output	Referenced to V _{CCA} .			
E6	2A3	Input/Output	Referenced to V _{CCA} .			
F1	3B1	Input/Output	Referenced to V _{CCB} .			
F2	3B2	Input/Output	Referenced to V _{CCB}			
F3	GND	_	Ground.			
F4	GND	_	Ground.			
F5	3A2	Input/Output	Referenced to V _{CCA} .			
F6	3A1	Input/Output	Referenced to V _{CCA} .			
G1	3B3	Input/Output	Referenced to V _{CCB} .			
G2	3B4	Input/Output	Referenced to V _{CCB} .			
G4	GND	_	Ground.			
G5	3A4	Input/Output	Referenced to V _{CCA} .			
G6	3A3	Input/Output	Referenced to V _{CCA} .			
H1	4B1	Input/Output	Referenced to V _{CCB} .			
H2	4B2	Input/Output	Referenced to V _{CCB} .			
H3	V _{CCB}	_	B-port supply voltage. 1.2 V ≤ V _{CCB} ≤ 3.6 V.			
H4	V _{CCA}	_	A-port supply voltage. 1.2 V \leq V _{CCA} \leq 3.6 V.			
H5	4A2	Input/Output	Referenced to V _{CCA} .			
H6	4A1	Input/Output	Referenced to V _{CCA} .			

Table 5-2. Pin Functions (continued)

	PIN	1/0	2. Pin Functions (continued)
NO.	NO. NAME		DESCRIPTION
J1	4B3	Input/Output	Referenced to V _{CCB} .
J2	4B4	Input/Output	Referenced to V _{CCB} .
J3	GND	_	Ground.
J4	GND	_	Ground.
J5	4A4	Input/Output	Referenced to V _{CCA} .
J6	4A3	Input/Output	Referenced to V _{CCA} .
K1	5B1	Input/Output	Referenced to V _{CCB} .
K2	5B2	Input/Output	Referenced to V _{CCB} .
K3	GND	_	Ground.
K4	GND	_	Ground.
K5	5A2	Input/Output	Referenced to V _{CCA} .
K6	5A1	Input/Output	Referenced to V _{CCA} .
L1	5B3	Input/Output	Referenced to V _{CCB} .
L2	5B4	Input/Output	Referenced to V _{CCB} .
L3	V _{CCB}	_	B-port supply voltage. 1.2 V \leq V _{CCB} \leq 3.6 V.
L4	V _{CCA}	_	A-port supply voltage. 1.2 V \leq V _{CCA} \leq 3.6 V.
L5	5A4	Input/Output	Referenced to V _{CCA} .
L6	5A3	Input/Output	Referenced to V _{CCA} .
M1	6B1	Input/Output	Referenced to V _{CCB} .
M2	6B2	Input/Output	Referenced to V _{CCB} .
М3	GND	_	Ground.
M4	GND	_	Ground.
M5	6A2	Input/Output	Referenced to V _{CCA} .
M6	6A1	Input/Output	Referenced to V _{CCA} .
N1	6B3	Input/Output	Referenced to V _{CCB} .
N2	6B4	Input/Output	Referenced to V _{CCB} .
N3	V _{CCB}		B-port supply voltage. 1.2 V ≤ V _{CCB} ≤ 3.6 V.
N4	V _{CCA}	_	A-port supply voltage. 1.2 V ≤ V _{CCA} ≤ 3.6 V.
N5	6A4	Input/Output	Referenced to V _{CCA} .
N6	6A3	Input/Output	Referenced to V _{CCA} .
P1	6DIR	Input	Direction-control signal. Referenced to V _{CCA} .
P2	5DIR	Input	Direction-control signal. Referenced to V _{CCA} .
P3	4DIR	Input	Direction-control signal. Referenced to V _{CCA} .
P4	3DIR	Input	Direction-control signal. Referenced to V _{CCA} .
P5	2DIR	Input	Direction-control signal. Referenced to V _{CCA} .
P6	1DIR	Input	Direction-control signal. Referenced to V _{CCA} .



6 Specifications

6.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)(1)

	portaning need and terriportation canage (annual canage in terriportation)	,	MIN	MAX	UNIT	
V _{CCA} V _{CCB}	Supply voltage range		-0.5	4.6	V	
		I/O ports (A port)	-0.5	4.6		
VI	Input voltge range ⁽²⁾	I/O ports (B port)	-0.5	4.6	V	
		Control inputs	-0.5	4.6		
.,	Voltage range applied to any output	A port	-0.5 4.6		V	
Vo	in the high-impedance or power-off state ⁽²⁾	B port	-0.5	4.6	V	
\/	Valtage range emplied to any output in the high or law state(2) (3)	A port	-0.5	V _{CCA} + 0.5	V	
Vo	Voltage range applied to any output in the high or low state ^{(2) (3)}	B port	-0.5	V _{CCB} + 0.5	V	
I _{IK}	Input clamp current	V _I < 0		-50	mA	
I _{OK}	Output clamp current	V _O < 0		-50	mA	
Io	Continuous output current			±50	mA	
	Continuous current through each V _{CCA} , V _{CCB} , and GND			±100	mA	
T _{stg}	Storage temperature range		-65	150	°C	

⁽¹⁾ Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

6.2 ESD Ratings

			VALUE	UNIT
V	/ (ESD) Electrostatic discharge	Human-body model (HBM), per ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001 ¹		
V (ESD)		Charged-device model (CDM), per JEDEC specification JESD22-C101 ²	±1000	V

⁽²⁾ The input voltage and output negative-voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.

⁽³⁾ The output positive-voltage rating may be exceeded up to 4.6-V maximum if the output current rating is observed.

6.3 Recommended Operating Conditions

		(1) (2) (3)	V _{CCI}	V _{cco}	MIN	MAX	UNIT
V _{CCA}	Supply voltage				1.2	3.6	V
V _{CCB}	Supply voltage				1.2	3.6	V
			1.2 V to 1.95 V		V _{CCI} × 0.65		
V_{IH}	High-level input voltage	Data inputs ⁽⁴⁾	1.95 V to 2.7 V		1.6		V
	mpat voltago		2.7 V to 3.6 V		2		
			1.2 V to 1.95 V			V _{CCI} × 0.35	
V_{IL}	Low-level input voltage	Data inputs ⁽⁴⁾	1.95 V to 2.7 V			0.7	V
	par romage		2.7 V to 3.6 V			0.8	
			1.2 V to 1.95 V		V _{CCA} × 0.65		
V_{IH}	High-level input voltage	DIR (referenced to V _{CCA}) ⁽⁵⁾	1.95 V to 2.7 V		1.6		V
	input voltage	(referenced to VCCA)	2.7 V to 3.6 V		2		
	Low-level input voltage		1.2 V to 1.95 V			V _{CCA} × 0.35	
V_{IL}		DIR (referenced to V _{CCA}) ⁽⁵⁾	1.95 V to 2.7 V			0.7	V
			2.7 V to 3.6 V			0.8	
VI	Input voltage				0	3.6	V
	Output voltage	Active state			0	V _{cco}	V
Vo		3-state			0	3.6	V
		•		1.2 V		-3	
				1.4 V to 1.6 V		-6	
I _{OH}	High-level output curr	ent		1.65 V to 1.95 V		-8	mA
				2.3 V to 2.7 V		-9	
				3 V to 3.6 V		-12	
				1.2 V		3	
				1.4 V to 1.6 V		6	
I _{OL}	Low-level output curre	ent		1.65 V to 1.95 V		8	mA
				2.3 V to 2.7 V		9	
				3 V to 3.6 V		12	
Δt/Δν	Input transition rise or	fall rate				5	ns/V
T _A	Operating free-air tem	perature			-40	85	°C

⁽¹⁾ V_{CCI} is the V_{CC} associated with the data input port.

⁽²⁾ V_{CCO} is the V_{CC} associated with the output port.

⁽³⁾ All unused data inputs of the device must be held at V_{CCI} or GND to ensure proper device operation. Refer to the TI application report, *Implications of Slow or Floating CMOS Inputs*, literature number SCBA004.

⁽⁴⁾ For V_{CCI} values not specified in the data sheet, V_{IH} min = $V_{CCI} \times 0.7$ V, V_{IL} max = $V_{CCI} \times 0.3$ V.

⁽⁵⁾ For V_{CCI} values not specified in the data sheet, V_{IH} min = $V_{CCA} \times 0.7$ V, V_{IL} max = $V_{CCA} \times 0.3$ V.



6.4 Thermal Information

	THERMAL METRIC ⁽¹⁾	GRG	ZRG	NMU	UNIT
		83	83	83	
R _{0JA}	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance	38.1	38.1	44.3	°C/W
R _{θJC(top)}	Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance	22.8	22.8	24.5	°C/W
R _{0JB}	Junction-to-board thermal resistance	17.0	17.0	29.1	°C/W
Ψ ЈТ	Junction-to-top characterization parameter	0.44	0.44	0.5	°C/W
Ψ ЈВ	Junction-to-board characterization parameter	16.9	16.9	29.2	°C/W

⁽¹⁾ For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the Semiconductor and IC package thermal metrics application report.

6.5 Electrical Characteristics

over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)(2)(3)

PARAMETER		TEGT CONDITIONS		.,	.,	T _A = 25°C			-40°C to 85°C		UNIT
PARA	AMETER	TEST COND	IIIONS	V _{CCA}	V _{CCB}	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	MAX	UNII
		I _{OH} = -100 μA		1.2 V to 3.6 V	1.2 V to 3.6 V				V _{CCO} - 0.2		
		I _{OH} = -3 mA		1.2 V	1.2 V		0.95				
V _{OL} V _{OL} Control inputs A or B port A or B	I _{OH} = -6 mA	\ _ \ /	1.4 V	1.4 V				1.05		\ /	
		I _{OH} = -8 mA	$V_I = V_{IH}$	1.65 V	1.65 V				1.2		V
	I _{OH} = –9 mA		2.3 V	2.3 V				1.75			
		I _{OH} = -12 m		3 V	3 V				2.3		
		I _{OL} = 100 μA		1.2 V to 3.6 V	1.2 V to 3.6 V					0.2	
		I _{OL} = 3 mA		1.2 V	1.2 V		0.15				
.,		I _{OL} = 6 mA	\ _ \ /	1.4 V	1.4 V					0.35	\ /
V _{OL}		I _{OL} = 8 mA	$V_I = V_{IL}$	1.65 V	1.65 V					0.45	V
		I _{OL} = 9 mA		2.3 V	2.3 V					0.55	
		I _{OL} = 12 mA	1	3 V	3 V					0.7	
I _I		V _I = V _{CCA} or GND		1.2 V to 3.6 V	1.2 V to 3.6 V		±0.025	±0.25		±1	μΑ
		V = 0 t= 2 (0 to 3.6 V		±0.1	±2.5		±5	μA
loff	A or B port	V_1 or $V_0 = 0$ to 3.6) V	0 to 3.6 V	0 V		±0.1	±2.5		±5	μΛ
I _{OZ} (1)	A or B port	$V_O = V_{CCO}$ or GN $V_I = V_{CCI}$ or GND $\overline{OE} = V_{IH}$	D,	3.6 V	3.6 V		±0.5	±2.5		±5	μΑ
				1.2 V to 3.6 V	1.2 V to 3.6 V					40	
I_{CCA}		$V_I = V_{CCI}$ or GND, $I_O = 0$		0 V	3.6 V					-5	μΑ
		10 - 0		3.6 V	0 V					40	
				1.2 V to 3.6 V	1.2 V to 3.6 V					40	
I _{CCB}		$V_I = V_{CCI}$ or GND. $I_O = 0$		0 V	3.6 V					40	μΑ
		I _O = 0		3.6 V	0 V					-5	
I _{CCA} +	I _{CCB}	$V_I = V_{CCI}$ or GND $I_O = 0$		1.2 V to 3.6 V	1.2 V to 3.6 V					75	μΑ
C _i	Control inputs	V _I = 3.3 V or GNE)	3.3 V	3.3 V		3.5				pF
C _{io}	A or B port	V _O = 3.3 V or GN	D	3.3 V	3.3 V		7				pF

⁽¹⁾ For I/O ports, the parameter $I_{\mbox{\scriptsize OZ}}$ includes the input leakage current.

⁽²⁾ V_{CCO} is the V_{CC} associated with the output port.

⁽³⁾ V_{CCI} is the V_{CC} associated with the input port.



6.6 Switching Characteristics

over recommended operating free-air temperature range, $V_{CCA} = 1.2 \text{ V}$ (see Figure 7-1)

PARAMETER	FROM	то	V _{CCB} = 1.2 V	V _{CCB} = 1.5 V	V _{CCB} = 1.8 V	V _{CCB} = 2.5 V	V _{CCB} = 3.3 V	UNIT	
PARAMETER	(INPUT)	(OUTPUT)	TYP	TYP	TYP	TYP	TYP	UNII	
t _{PLH}	А	В	4.1	3.3	3	2.8	3.2	ns	
t _{PHL}	^	Ь	4.1	3.3	3	2.8	3.2	113	
t _{PLH}	В	Α	4.4	4	3.8	3.6	3.5	ns	
t _{PHL}	ь	^	4.4	4	3.8	3.6	3.5	115	
t _{PZH}	ŌĒ	А	6.4	6.4	6.4	6.4	6.4	ns	
t _{PZL}	OL	^	6.4	6.4	6.4	6.4	6.4	110	
t _{PZH}	ŌĒ	В	6	4.6	4	3.4	3.2		
t _{PZL}	OE	Б	6	4.6	4	3.4	3.2	ns	
t _{PHZ}	ŌĒ	А	6.6	6.6	6.6	6.6	6.8	ns	
t _{PLZ}	OE	A	6.6	6.6	6.6	6.6	6.8	115	
t _{PHZ}	ŌĒ	В	6	4.9	4.9	4.2	5.3	ns	
t _{PLZ}	OL .	D	6	4.9	4.9	4.2	5.3	115	

6.7 Switching Characteristics

over recommended operating free-air temperature range, $V_{CCA} = 1.5 \text{ V} \pm 0.1 \text{ V}$ (see Figure 7-1)

PARAMETER	AMETER FROM TO		V _{CCB} = 1.2 V	V _{CCB} = ± 0.1	1.5 V	V _{CCB} = ± 0.1		V _{CCB} = ± 0.2		V _{CCB} = ± 0.3		UNIT
TANAMETER	(INPUT)	(OUTPUT)	TYP	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	_
t _{PLH}	А	В	3.6	0.5	6.2	0.5	5.2	0.5	4.1	0.5	3.7	ns
t _{PHL}	A		3.6	0.5	6.2	0.5	5.2	0.5	4.1	0.5	3.7	115
t _{PLH}	В	^	3.3	0.5	6.2	0.5	5.9	0.5	5.6	0.5	5.5	ns
t _{PHL}	Ь	A	3.3	0.5	6.2	0.5	5.9	0.5	5.6	0.5	5.5	115
t _{PZH}	ŌĒ	Α	4.3	1	10.1	1	10.1	1	10.1	1	10.1	ns
t _{PZL}	OL	A	4.3	1	10.1	1	10.1	1	10.1	1	10.1	
t _{PZH}	ŌĒ	В	5.6	1	10.1	0.5	8.1	0.5	5.9	0.5	5.2	
t _{PZL}	OE	В	5.6	1	10.1	0.5	8.1	0.5	5.9	0.5	5.2	ns
t _{PHZ}	ŌĒ	^	4.5	1.5	9.1	1.5	9.1	1.5	9.1	1.5	9.1	ne
t _{PLZ}	OE.	A	4.5	1.5	9.1	1.5	9.1	1.5	9.1	1.5	9.1	ns
t _{PHZ}	ŌĒ	В	5.5	1.5	8.7	1.5	7.5	1	6.5	1	6.3	
t _{PLZ}	OE	R	5.5	1.5	8.7	1.5	7.5	1	6.5	1	6.3	ns

6.8 Switching Characteristics

over recommended operating free-air temperature range, V_{CCA} = 1.8 V ± 0.15 V (see Figure 7-1)

PARAMETER	FROM	FROM TO (INPUT)		V _{CCB} = ± 0.1		V _{CCB} = ± 0.1		V _{CCB} = ± 0.2		V _{CCB} = ± 0.3		UNIT
	(INFOT)	(001701)	TYP	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
t _{PLH}	А	В	3.4	0.5	5.9	0.5	4.8	0.5	3.7	0.5	3.3	ns
t _{PHL}	^	В	3.4	0.5	5.9	0.5	4.8	0.5	3.7	0.5	3.3	113
t _{PLH}	В	А	3	0.5	5.2	0.5	4.8	0.5	4.5	0.5	4.4	ns
t _{PHL}	Ь	^	3	0.5	5.2	0.5	4.8	0.5	4.5	0.5	4.4	115
t _{PZH}	ŌĒ	А	3.4	1	7.8	1	7.8	1	7.8	1	7.8	ns
t _{PZL}	OL		3.4	1	7.8	1	7.8	1	7.8	1	7.8	113
t _{PZH}	ŌĒ	В	5.4	1	9.2	0.5	7.4	0.5	5.3	0.5	4.5	ns
t _{PZL}	OL	R	5.4	1	9.2	0.5	7.4	0.5	5.3	0.5	4.5	115
t _{PHZ}	ŌĒ	А	4.2	1.5	7.7	1.5	7.7	1.5	7.7	1.5	7.7	ns
t _{PLZ}	OE .	A	4.2	1.5	7.7	1.5	7.7	1.5	7.7	1.5	7.7	115
t _{PHZ}	ŌĒ	В	5.2	1.5	8.4	1.5	7.1	1	5.9	1	5.7	ns
t _{PLZ}	<u> </u>	D	5.2	1.5	8.4	1.5	7.1	1	5.9	1	5.7	115

6.9 Switching Characteristics

over recommended operating free-air temperature range, $V_{CCA} = 2.5 \text{ V} \pm 0.2 \text{ V}$ (see Figure 7-1)

PARAMETER	FROM (INPUT)	TO (OUTPUT)	V _{CCB} = 1.2 V	V _{CCB} = ± 0.1		V _{CCB} = ± 0.1		V _{CCB} = ± 0.2		V _{CCB} = ± 0.3		UNIT
	(INPOT)	(001701)	TYP	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
t _{PLH}	A	В	3.2	0.5	5.6	0.5	4.5	0.5	3.3	0.5	2.8	ns
t _{PHL}	^	В	3.2	0.5	5.6	0.5	4.5	0.5	3.3	0.5	2.8	115
t _{PLH}	В	۸	2.6	0.5	4.1	0.5	3.7	0.5	3.3	0.5	3.2	ns
t _{PHL}	Ь	Α	2.6	0.5	4.1	0.5	3.7	0.5	3.3	0.5	3.2	115
t _{PZH}	ŌĒ	А	2.5	0.5	5.3	0.5	5.3	0.5	5.3	0.5	5.3	ns
t _{PZL}	OL	A	2.5	0.5	5.3	0.5	5.3	0.5	5.3	0.5	5.3	113
t _{PZH}	ŌĒ	В	5.2	0.5	9.4	0.5	7.3	0.5	5.1	0.5	4.5	ns
t _{PZL}	OL	В	5.2	0.5	9.4	0.5	7.3	0.5	5.1	0.5	4.5	115
t _{PHZ}	ŌĒ	۸	3	1	6.1	1	6.1	1	6.1	1	6.1	no
t _{PLZ}	OE .	A	3	1	6.1	1	6.1	1	6.1	1	6.1	ns
t _{PHZ}	ŌĒ	B	5	1	7.9	1	6.6	1	6.1	1	5.2	ne
t _{PLZ}	OE .	В	5	1	7.9	1	6.6	1	6.1	1	5.2	ns



6.10 Switching Charactertistics

over recommended operating free-air temperature range, $V_{CCA} = 3.3 \text{ V} \pm 0.3 \text{ V}$ (see Figure 7-1)

PARAMETER	FROM (INPUT)	TO (OUTPUT)	V _{CCB} = 1.2 V	V _{CCB} = ± 0.1	1.5 V	V _{CCB} = ± 0.1		V _{CCB} = ± 0.2		V _{CCB} = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V		UNIT
	(INFOT)	(001701)	TYP	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
t _{PLH}	A	В	3.2	0.5	5.5	0.5	4.4	0.5	3.2	0.5	2.7	ns
t _{PHL}	^		3.2	0.5	5.5	0.5	4.4	0.5	3.2	0.5	2.7	115
t _{PLH}	В	^	2.8	0.5	3.7	0.5	3.3	0.5	2.8	0.5	2.7	ns
t _{PHL}	Ь	A	2.8	0.5	3.7	0.5	3.3	0.5	2.8	0.5	2.7	115
t _{PZH}	ŌĒ	А	2.2	0.5	4.3	0.5	4.2	0.5	4.1	0.5	4	ns
t _{PZL}	OE	A	2.2	0.5	4.3	0.5	4.2	0.5	4.1	0.5	4	
t _{PZH}	ŌĒ	В	5.1	0.5	9.3	0.5	7.2	0.5	4.9	0.5	4	ns
t _{PZL}	OE	В	5.1	0.5	9.3	0.5	7.2	0.5	4.9	0.5	4	
t _{PHZ}	ŌĒ	۸	3.4	0.5	5	0.5	5	0.5	5	0.5	5	
t _{PLZ}	OE .	A	3.4	0.5	5	0.5	5	0.5	5	0.5	5	ns
t _{PHZ}	ŌĒ	В	4.9	1	7.7	1	6.5	1	5.2	0.5	5	
t _{PLZ}	OE		4.9	1	7.7	1	6.5	1	5.2	0.5	5	ns

6.11 Operating Characteristics

 V_{CCA} and $V_{CCB} = 3.3 \text{ V}$, $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$

	PARAMET	- 3.3 V, 1 _A	TEST CONDITIONS	V _{CCA} = V _{CCB} = 1.5 V	V _{CCA} = V _{CCB} = 1.2 V	V _{CCA} = V _{CCB} = 1.8 V	V _{CCA} = V _{CCB} = 2.5 V	V _{CCA} = V _{CCB} = 3.3 V	UNIT
				TYP	TYP	TYP	TYP	TYP	
	A to B	Outputs enabled		1	1	1	2	2	
C _{pdA} ⁽¹⁾	Atob	Outputs disabled	C _L = 0, f = 10 MHz,	1	1	1	1	2	pF
pdA	B to A	Outputs enabled	$t_r = t_f = 1 \text{ ns}$	19	19	20	21	22	рі
	Вюд	Outputs disabled		1	1	1	1	1	
	A to B	Outputs enabled		19	19	20	21	22	
C _{pdB} (1)	Atob	Outputs disabled	$C_L = 0,$ f = 10 MHz,	1	1	1	1	1	pF
OpdB (7	B to A	Outputs enabled	$t_r = t_f = 1 \text{ ns}$	1	1	1	2	2	ρi
	BIOA	Outputs disabled		1	1	1	1	2	

⁽¹⁾ Power dissipation capacitance per transceiver



6.12 Typical Characteristics

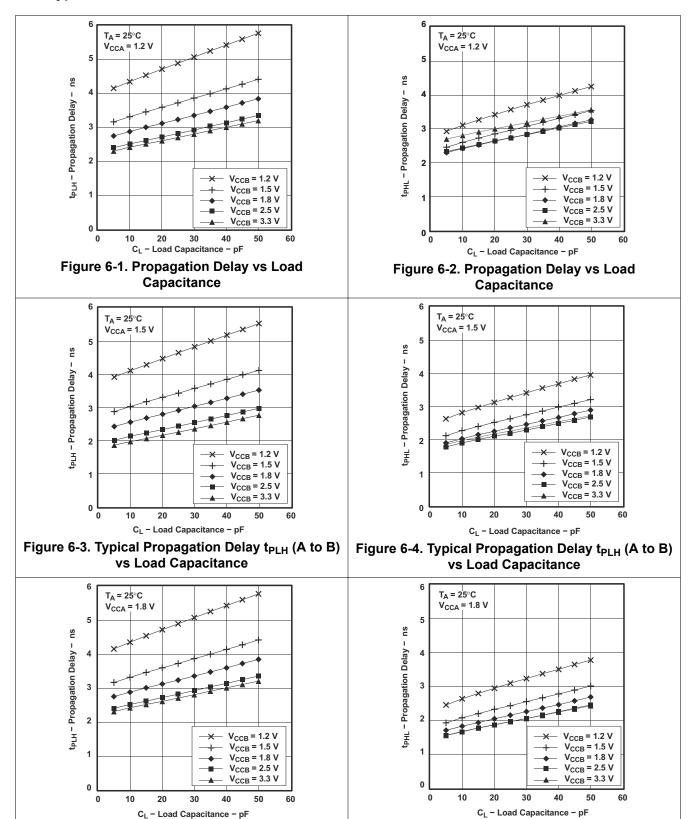
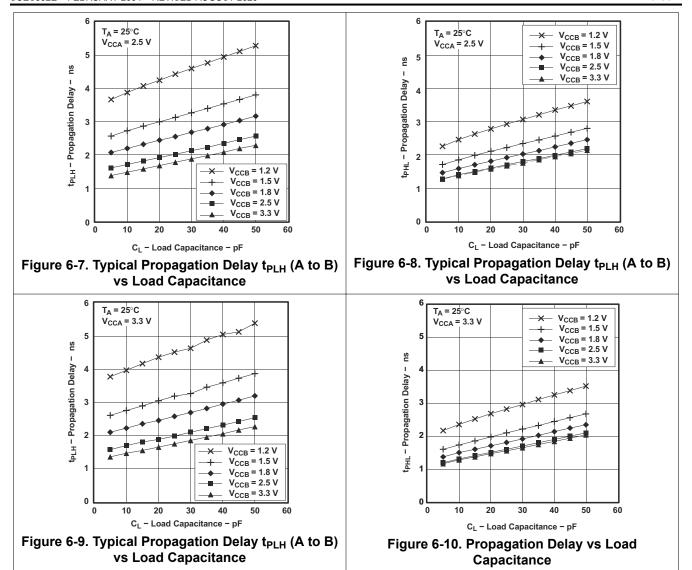


Figure 6-5. Typical Propagation Delay t_{PLH} (A to B) | Figure 6-6. Typical Propagation Delay t_{PLH} (A to B)

vs Load Capacitance

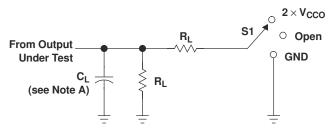
vs Load Capacitance





 V_{CCA}

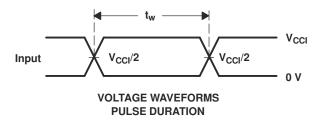
7 Parameter Measurement Information



TEST	S1
t _{pd}	Open
t _{PLZ} /t _{PZL}	2×V _{CCO}
t _{PHZ} /t _{PZH}	GND

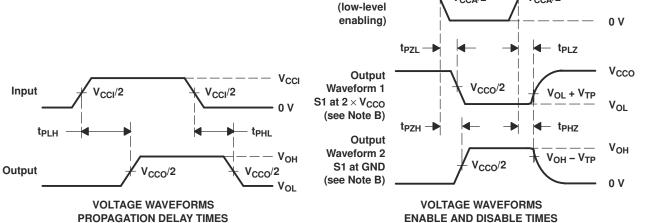
LOAD CIRCUIT

V _{cco}	CL	R _L	V _{TP}
1.5 V ± 0.1 V	15 pF	2 k Ω	0.1 V
1.8 V ± 0.15 V	15 pF	2 k Ω	0.15 V
2.5 V \pm 0.2 V	15 pF	2 k Ω	0.15 V
3.3 V \pm 0.3 V	15 pF	2 k Ω	0.3 V



V_{CCA}/2

V_{CCA}/2



Output Control

NOTES: A. C_L includes probe and jig capacitance.

- B. Waveform 1 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is low, except when disabled by the output control. Waveform 2 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is high, except when disabled by the output control.
- C. All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: PRR \leq 10 MHz, $Z_O = 50 \Omega$, $dv/dt \geq 1 V/ns$.
- D. The outputs are measured one at a time, with one transition per measurement.
- E. t_{PLZ} and t_{PHZ} are the same as t_{dis} .
- F. t_{PZL} and t_{PZH} are the same as t_{en} .
- G. t_{PLH} and t_{PHL} are the same as t_{pd}.
- H. V_{CCI} is the V_{CC} associated with the input port.
- I. V_{CCO} is the V_{CC} associated with the output port.

Figure 7-1. Load Circuit and Voltage Waveforms



8 Detailed Description

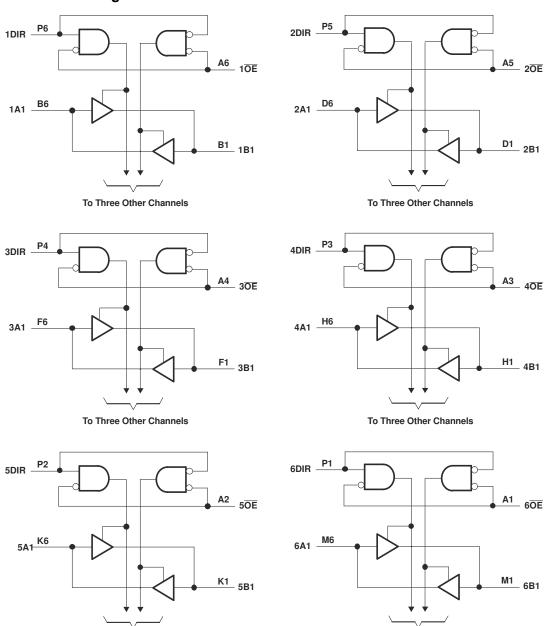
8.1 Overview

The SN74AVC24T245 is a 16-bit, dual-supply noninverting bidirectional voltage level translation. Pins A and control pins (DIR and $\overline{\text{OE}}$) are supported by V_{CCA} and pins B are supported by V_{CCB}. The A port can accept I/O voltages ranging from 1.2 V to 3.6 V, while the B port can accept I/O voltages from 1.2 V to 3.6 V. A high on DIR allows data transmission from A to B and a low on DIR allows data transmission from B to A when $\overline{\text{OE}}$ is set to low. When $\overline{\text{OE}}$ is set to high, both A and B are in the high-impedance state.

This device is fully specified for partial-power-down applications using off output current (I_{off}).

The V_{CC} isolation feature ensures that if either V_{CC} input is at GND, both ports are put in a high-impedance state.

8.2 Functional Block Diagram



To Three Other Channels

To Three Other Channels

8.3 Feature Description

8.3.1 Fully Configurable Dual-Rail Design Allows Each Port to Operate Over the Full 1.2-V to 3.6-V Power-Supply Range

Both V_{CCA} and V_{CCB} can be supplied at any voltage from 1.2 V to 3.6 V which makes the device suitable for translating between any of the low voltage nodes (1.2 V, 1.8 V, 2.5 V, and 3.3 V).

8.3.2 Partial-Power-Down Mode Operation

This device is fully specified for partial-power-down applications using off output current (I_{off}). The I_{off} circuitry will prevent backflow current by disabling I/O output circuits when device is in partial power-down mode.

8.3.3 V_{CC} Isolation

The V_{CC} isolation feature ensures that if either V_{CCA} or V_{CCB} are at GND, both ports will be in a high-impedance state (I_{OZ}). This prevents false logic levels from being presented to either bus.

8.4 Device Functional Modes

The SN74AVC24T245 is a voltage level translator that can operate from 1.2 V to 3.6 V (V_{CCA}) and 1.2 V to 3.6 V (V_{CCB}). The signal translation between 1.2 V and 3.6 V requires direction control and output enable control. When \overline{OE} is low and DIR is high, data transmission is from A to B. When \overline{OE} is low and DIR is low, data transmission is from B to A. When \overline{OE} is high, both output ports will be high-impedance.

Table 8-1. Function Table (Each 4-Bit Section)

INP	UTS	OPERATION
ŌĒ	DIR	OPERATION
L	L	B data to A bus
L	Н	A data to B bus
Н	Х	Isolation

9 Application and Implementation

Note

Information in the following applications sections is not part of the TI component specification, and TI does not warrant its accuracy or completeness. TI's customers are responsible for determining suitability of components for their purposes. Customers should validate and test their design implementation to confirm system functionality.

9.1 Application Information

The SN74AVC24T245 device can be used in level-shifting applications for interfacing devices and addressing mixed voltage incompatibility. The SN74AVC24T245 device is ideal for data transmission where direction is different for each channel.

9.2 EnableTimes

Calculate the enable times for the SN74AVC24T245 using the following formulas:

$$t_{PZH} (DIR to A) = t_{PLZ} (DIR to B) + t_{PLH} (B to A)$$
(1)

$$t_{PZL}$$
 (DIR to A) = t_{PHZ} (DIR to B) + t_{PHL} (B to A) (2)

$$t_{PZH}$$
 (DIR to B) = t_{PLZ} (DIR to A) + t_{PLH} (A to B) (3)

$$t_{PZL}$$
 (DIR to B) = t_{PHZ} (DIR to A) + t_{PHL} (A to B) (4)

In a bidirectional application, these enable times provide the maximum delay from the time the DIR bit is switched until an output is expected. For example, if the SN74AVC24T245 initially is transmitting from A to B, then the DIR bit is switched; the B port of the device must be disabled before presenting it with an input. After the B port has been disabled, an input signal applied to it appears on the corresponding A port after the specified propagation delay.

9.3 Typical Application

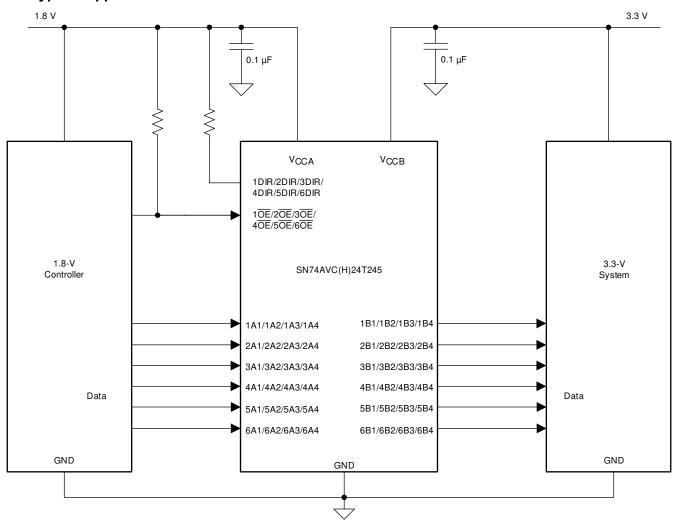


Figure 9-1. Application Schematic

9.3.1 Design Requirements

This device uses drivers which are enabled depending on the state of the DIR pin. The designer must know the intended flow of data and take care not to violate any of the high or low logic levels. Unused data inputs must not be floating, as this can cause excessive internal leakage on the input CMOS structure. Tie any unused input and output ports directly to ground.

For this design example, use the parameters listed in the *Electrical Characteristics*.

Table 9-1. Design Parameters

DESIGN PARAMETER	EXAMPLE VALUE
Input voltage range	1.2 V to 3.6 V
Output voltage range	1.2 V to 3.6 V



9.3.2 Detailed Design Procedure

To begin the design process, determine the following:

9.3.2.1 Input Voltage Ranges

Use the supply voltage of the device that is driving the SN74AVC24T245 device to determine the input voltage range. For a valid logic high the value must exceed the V_{IH} of the input port. For a valid logic low the value must be less than the V_{IL} of the input port.

9.3.2.2 Output Voltage Range

Use the supply voltage of the device that the SN74AVC24T245 device is driving to determine the output voltage range.

9.3.3 Application Curve

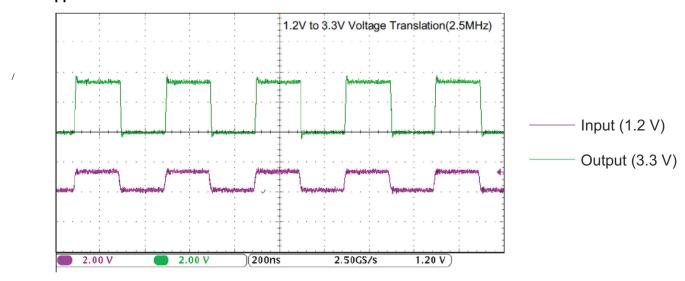


Figure 9-2. Translation Up (1.2 V to 3.3 V) at 2.5 MHz

10 Power Supply Recommendations

The SN74AVC24T245 device uses two separate configurable power-supply rails, V_{CCA} and V_{CCB} . VCCA accepts any supply voltage from 1.2 V to 3.6 V and V_{CCB} accepts any supply voltage from 1.2 V to 3.6 V. The A port and B port are designed to track V_{CCA} and V_{CCB} , respectively, allowing for low-voltage bidirectional translation between any of the 1.2-V, 1.5-V, 1.8-V, 2.5-V and 3.3-V voltage nodes.

The output-enable \overline{OE} input circuit is designed so that it is supplied by V_{CCA} and when the \overline{OE} input is high, all outputs are placed in the high-impedance state. To ensure the high-impedance state of the outputs during power up or power down, the \overline{OE} input pin must be tied to V_{CCA} through a pullup resistor and must not be enabled until V_{CCA} and V_{CCB} are fully ramped and stable. The minimum value of the pullup resistor to V_{CCA} is determined by the current-sinking capability of the driver.

11 Layout

11.1 Layout Guidelines

To ensure reliability of the device, following common printed-circuit-board layout guidelines is recommended.

- · Bypass capacitors must be used on power supplies.
- Short trace lengths must be used to avoid excessive loading.
- Place pads on the signal paths for loading capacitors or pullup resistors to help adjust rise and fall times of signals, depending on the system requirements.

11.2 Layout Example

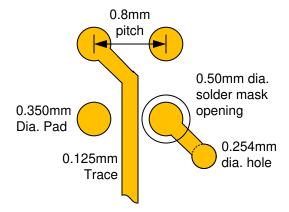


Figure 11-1. BGA Layout Example



12 Device and Documentation Support

12.1 Documentation Support

12.2 Related Documentation

For related documentation, see the following:

http://www.ti.com/lit/an/scea014/scea014.pdf

12.3 Trademarks

All other trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

12.4 Electrostatic Discharge Caution



This integrated circuit can be damaged by ESD. Texas Instruments recommends that all integrated circuits be handled with appropriate precautions. Failure to observe proper handling and installation procedures can cause damage.

ESD damage can range from subtle performance degradation to complete device failure. Precision integrated circuits may be more susceptible to damage because very small parametric changes could cause the device not to meet its published specifications.

12.5 Glossary

TI Glossary

This glossary lists and explains terms, acronyms, and definitions.

13 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information

The following pages include mechanical, packaging, and orderable information. This information is the most current data available for the designated devices. This data is subject to change without notice and revision of this document. For browser-based versions of this data sheet, refer to the left-hand navigation.

www.ti.com 9-Nov-2025

PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable part number	Status (1)	Material type	Package Pins	Package qty Carrier	RoHS (3)	Lead finish/ Ball material	MSL rating/ Peak reflow	Op temp (°C)	Part marking (6)
SN74AVC24T245NMUR	Active	Production	NFBGA (NMU) 83	1000 LARGE T&R	Yes	SNAGCU	Level-3-260C-168 HR	-40 to 85	2CPW
SN74AVC24T245NMUR.B	Active	Production	NFBGA (NMU) 83	1000 LARGE T&R	Yes	SNAGCU	Level-3-260C-168 HR	-40 to 85	2CPW

⁽¹⁾ Status: For more details on status, see our product life cycle.

Multiple part markings will be inside parentheses. Only one part marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a part. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire part marking for that device.

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⁽²⁾ Material type: When designated, preproduction parts are prototypes/experimental devices, and are not yet approved or released for full production. Testing and final process, including without limitation quality assurance, reliability performance testing, and/or process qualification, may not yet be complete, and this item is subject to further changes or possible discontinuation. If available for ordering, purchases will be subject to an additional waiver at checkout, and are intended for early internal evaluation purposes only. These items are sold without warranties of any kind.

⁽³⁾ RoHS values: Yes, No, RoHS Exempt. See the TI RoHS Statement for additional information and value definition.

⁽⁴⁾ Lead finish/Ball material: Parts may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead finish/Ball material values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

⁽⁵⁾ MSL rating/Peak reflow: The moisture sensitivity level ratings and peak solder (reflow) temperatures. In the event that a part has multiple moisture sensitivity ratings, only the lowest level per JEDEC standards is shown. Refer to the shipping label for the actual reflow temperature that will be used to mount the part to the printed circuit board.

⁽⁶⁾ Part marking: There may be an additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category of the part.

PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

www.ti.com 5-Dec-2023

TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION





A0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component width
В0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component length
K0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component thickness
W	Overall width of the carrier tape
P1	Pitch between successive cavity centers

QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



*All dimensions are nominal

Device		Package Drawing		SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
SN74AVC24T245NMUR	NFBGA	NMU	83	1000	330.0	24.4	4.8	10.3	1.8	8.0	24.0	Q1

PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

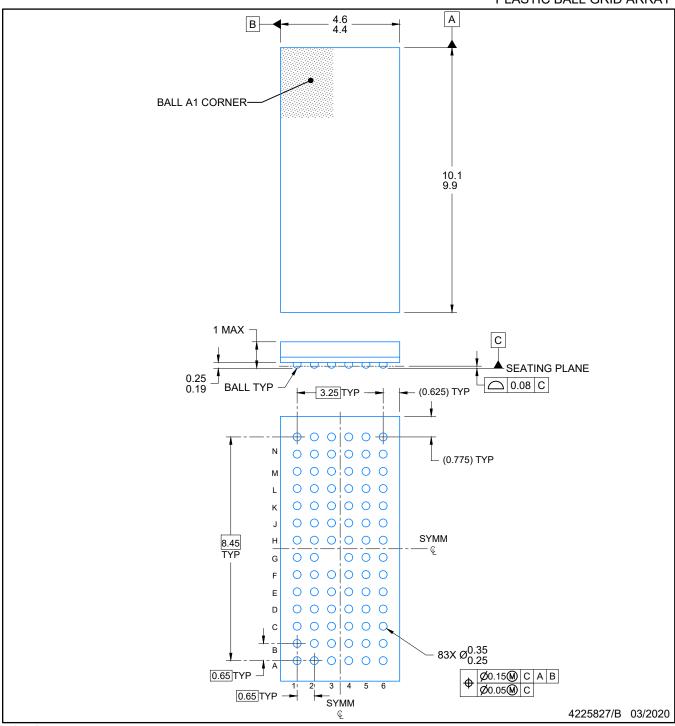
www.ti.com 5-Dec-2023



*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)	
SN74AVC24T245NMUR	NFBGA	NMU	83	1000	350.0	350.0	43.0	

PLASTIC BALL GRID ARRAY



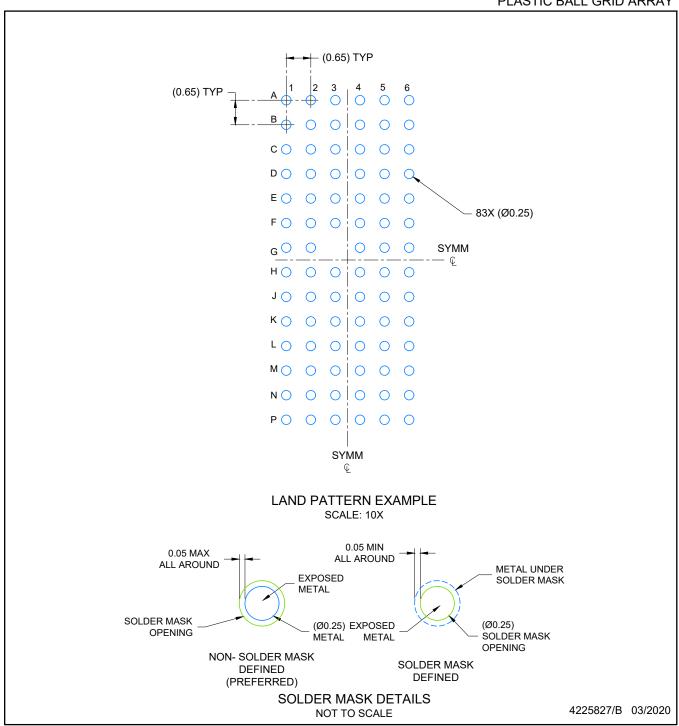
NOTES:

NanoFree is a trademark of Texas Instruments.

- All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.
- 2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.



PLASTIC BALL GRID ARRAY

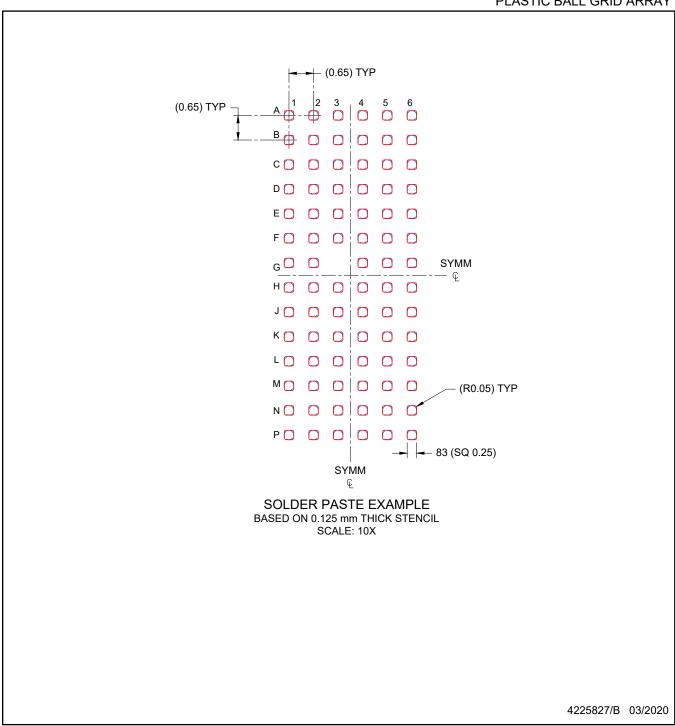


NOTES: (continued)

3. Final dimensions may vary due to manufacturing tolerance considerations and also routing constraints. Refer to Texas Instruments Literature number SNVA009 (www.ti.com/lit/snva009).



PLASTIC BALL GRID ARRAY



NOTES: (continued)

4. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release.



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