







LMH9235 SBOS996C - MAY 2020 - REVISED MAY 2021

# LMH9235 3.3 GHz - 4.2 GHz Single-Ended to Differential Amplifier with Integrated Balun

#### 1 Features

- Single-channel, single-ended input to differential output RF gain block amplifier
- Supports 3.3 GHz 3.8 GHz band directly or 3.7 GHz - 4.2 GHz band with external matching components
- 17.5 dB typical gain across the band
- Less than 3 dB noise figure
- 34.5 dBm OIP3
- 18 dBm output P1 dB
- 270 mW power consumption on 3.3 V single
- Up to 105°C T<sub>C</sub> operating temperature

# 2 Applications

- Differential driver for high GSPS ADCs
- Single-ended to differential conversions
- Balun alternatives
- RF gain blocks
- Small cell or m-MIMO base stations
- 5G active antenna systems (AAS)
- Wireless cellular base station
- Low-cost radios

### 3 Description

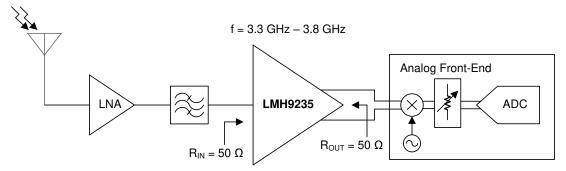
The LMH9235 device is a high-performance, singlechannel, single-ended input to differential output receive RF gain block amplifier supporting 3.6 GHz center frequency band. The device is well suited to support requirements for the next generation 5G AAS or small cell applications where LNA gain is not sufficient to drive full-scale of an analog front-end (AFE). The RF amplifier provides 17 dB typical gain with good linearity performance of 34 dBm Output IP3, while maintaining about 3 dB noise figure across the whole 1 dB bandwidth. The device is internally matched for 50  $\Omega$  impedance at both the single-ended input as well as the differential output providing easy interface with an RF-sampling or Zero-IF analog frontend (AFE).

Operating on a single 3.3 V supply, the device consumes about 270 mW of active power making it suitable for high-density 5G massive MIMO applications. Also, the device is available in a space saving 2 mm x 2 mm, 12-pin QFN package. The device is rated for an operating temperature of up to 105°C to provide a robust system design. There is a 1.8 V JEDEC compliant power down pin available for fast power down and power up of the device suitable for time division duplex (TDD) systems.

#### Device Information<sup>(1)</sup>

PART NUMBER	PACKAGE	BODY SIZE (NOM)		
LMH9235	WQFN (12)	2.00 mm × 2.00 mm		

For all available packages, see the orderable addendum at the end of the data sheet.



LMH9235: Single-Ended to Differential Amplifier



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<b>4 Revision History</b> NOTE: Page numbers for previous revisions may differ	from page numbers in the current version.	_
Changes from Revision B (June 2020) to Revision (	C (May 2021) Pag	e
<ul> <li>Updated the numbering format for tables, figures, ar</li> </ul>	nd cross-references throughout the document	1
Changes from Revision A (May 2020) to Revision B	(June 2020) Pag	e
<ul> <li>Added 3.7 GHz – 4.2 GHz Band with External Match</li> </ul>	hing Components to the Features section	1
	6, Figure 7 and Figure 8 From: <i>1-MHz tone spacing</i> To:	
•	.,g	6
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Added Design Requirements and Procedure Section	I	_

Page



# **5 Pin Configuration and Functions**

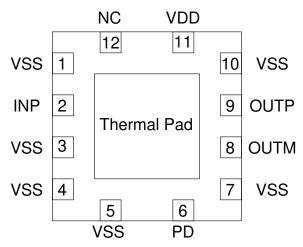


Figure 5-1. RRL Package 12-Pin WQFN Top View

**Table 5-1. Pin Functions** 

	PIN	1/0	DESCRIPTION				
NO.	NAME	1/0	DESCRIPTION				
1	VSS	Power	Ground				
2	INP	Input	RF single-ended input into amplifier				
3	VSS	Power	Ground				
4	VSS	Power	Ground				
5	VSS	Power	Ground				
6	PD	Input	Power down connection. PD = 0 V = normal operation; PD = 1.8 V = power off mode.				
7	VSS	Power	Ground				
8 OUTM Output RF differential output negative		Output	RF differential output negative				
9	9 OUTP Output		RF differential output positive				
10	10 VSS Power		Ground				
11	VDD	Power	Positive supply voltage (3.3 V)				
12 NC — Do		_	Do not connect this pin				
Thermal Pad		_	Connect the thermal pad to Ground				



# **6 Specifications**

# **6.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings**

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)(1)

		MIN	MAX	UNIT
Supply voltage	VDD	-0.3	3.6	V
RF Pins	INP, OUTP, OUTM	-0.3	VDD	V
Continuous wave (CW) input	f <sub>IN</sub> = 3.55 GHz at INP		25	dBm
Digital Input PIN	PD	-0.3	VDD	V
T <sub>J</sub>	Junction temperature		150	°C
T <sub>stg</sub>	Storage temperature	-65	150	°C

<sup>(1)</sup> Stresses beyond those listed under Absolute Maximum Rating may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, which do not imply functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under Recommended Operating Condition. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

## 6.2 ESD Ratings

			VALUE	UNIT
V	Electrostatic discharge	Human body model (HBM), per ANSI/ESDA/ JEDEC JS-001, allpins <sup>(1)</sup>	±1000	V
V <sub>(ESD)</sub>	Electrostatic discharge	Charged device model (CDM), per JEDEC specificationJESD22-C101, all pins <sup>(2)</sup>	±500	V

- (1) JEDEC document JEP155 states that 500-V HBM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.
- (2) JEDEC document JEP157 states that 250-V CDM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.

### 6.3 Recommended Operating Conditions

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

		MIN	NOM	MAX	UNIT
VDD	Supply voltage	3.15	3.3	3.45	V
T <sub>C</sub>	Case (bottom) temperature	-40		105	°C
TJ	Junction temperature	-40		125	°C

## **6.4 Thermal Information**

		LMH9235	
	THERMAL METRIC <sup>(1)</sup>	RRL PKG	UNIT
		12-PIN WQFN	
$R_{\theta JA}$	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance	74.8	°C/W
R <sub>0JC(top)</sub>	Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance	72.4	°C/W
$R_{\theta JB}$	Junction-to-board thermal resistance	37.1	°C/W
$\Psi_{JT}$	Junction-to-top characterization parameter	3.2	°C/W
$\Psi_{JB}$	Junction-to-board characterization parameter	37.1	°C/W
$R_{\theta JC(bot)}$	Junction-to-case (bottom) thermal resistance	14.2	°C/W

 For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the Semiconductor and IC Package Thermal Metrics application report.

Product Folder Links: LMH9235

## 6.5 Electrical Characteristics

 $T_A$  = 25°C, VDD = 3.3V, frequency = 3.55 GHz, single-ended input impedance (R<sub>IN</sub>) = 50  $\Omega$ , differential output load (R<sub>LOAD</sub>) = 50  $\Omega$  unless otherwise noted

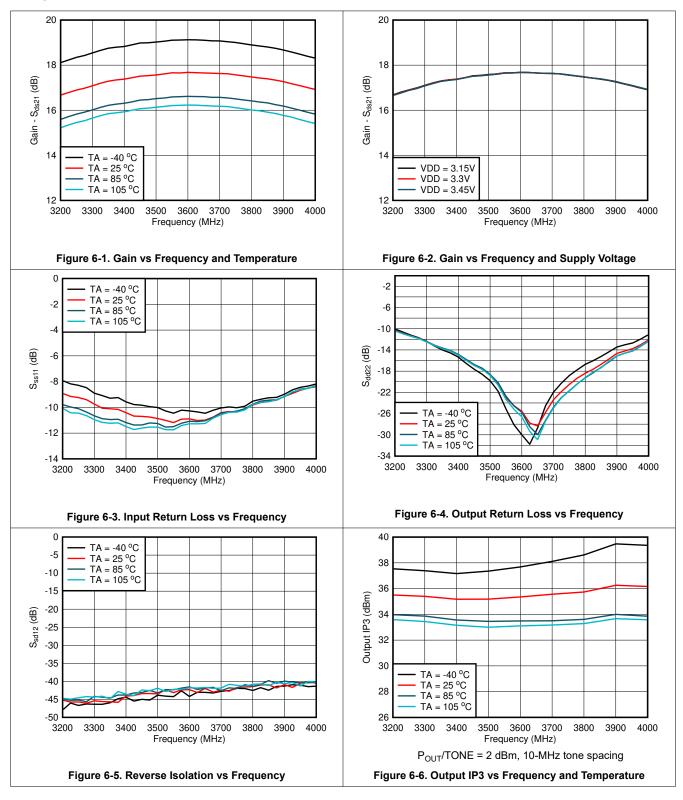
	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN TYP	MAX	UNIT
RF PERF	FORMANCE - LMH9235				
F <sub>RF</sub>	RF frequency range		3300	3800	MHz
BW <sub>1dB</sub>	1-dB Bandwidth		700		MHz
S <sub>21</sub>	Gain		17.5		dB
NF	Noise Figure	R <sub>S</sub> = 50 Ω	3		dB
OP1dB	Output P1dB	$R_{LOAD}$ = 50 Ω differential	18		dBm
OIP3	Output IP3	$f_{in}$ = 3.55 GHz ± 5 MHz spacing, $P_{OUT}$ / TONE = 2 dBm	34.5		dBm
	Differential output gain Imbalance		±0.5		dB
	Differential output phase Imbalance		±3		degree
S <sub>11</sub>	Input return loss (1)	f = 3.3 - 3.8 GHz	-9		dB
S <sub>22</sub>	Output return loss (1)	f = 3.3 - 3.8 GHz	-10		dB
S <sub>12</sub>	Reverse isolation	f = 3.3 - 3.8 GHz	-40		dB
CMRR	Common Mode Rejection Ratio (2)		30		dB
Switchin	g and Digital input characteristics				
t <sub>ON</sub>	Turn-ON time	50% V <sub>PD</sub> to 90% RF	0.5		μs
t <sub>OFF</sub>	Turn-OFF time	50% V <sub>PD</sub> to 10% RF	0.2		μs
V <sub>IH</sub>	High-Level Input Voltage	PD pin	1.4		V
$V_{IL}$	Low-Level Input Voltage	PD pin		0.5	V
DC curre	ent and Power Consumption				
I <sub>VDD_ON</sub>	Supply Current - active	V <sub>PD</sub> = 0 V	80		mA
I <sub>VDD_PD</sub>	Supply Current - power down	V <sub>PD</sub> = 1.8 V	10		mA
P <sub>dis</sub>	Power Dissipation - active		270		mW

<sup>(1)</sup> Reference impedance: Input =  $50 \Omega$  single-ended, Output =  $50 \Omega$  differential

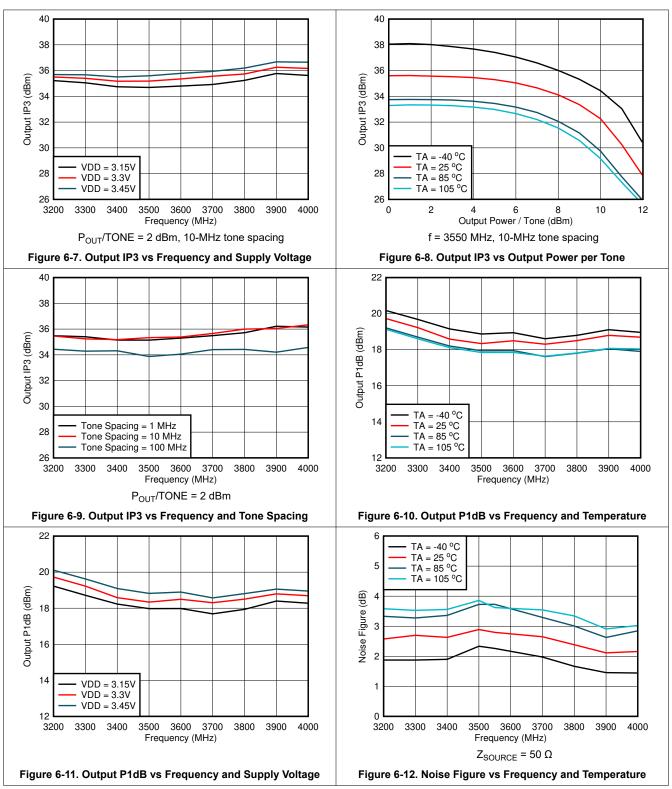
<sup>(2)</sup> CMRR is calculated using  $(S_{21}-S_{31})/(S_{21}+S_{31})$  for Receive (1 is input port, 2 & 3 are differential output ports)



### 6.6 Typical Characteristics

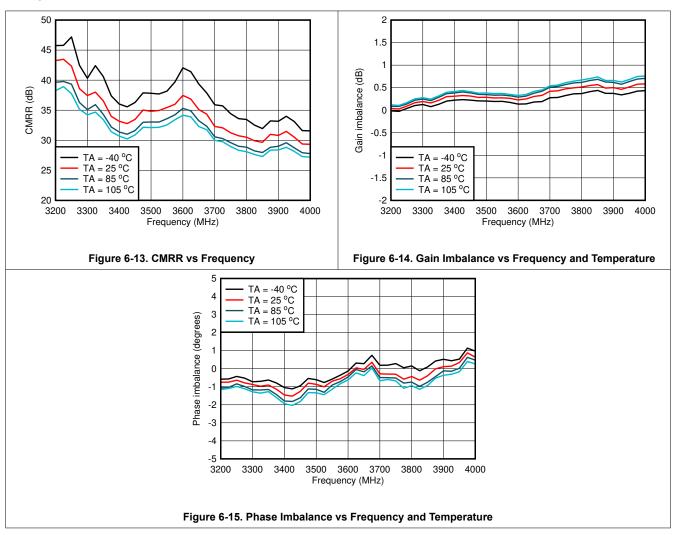


# **6.6 Typical Characteristics (continued)**





## 6.6 Typical Characteristics (continued)



## 7 Detailed Description

#### 7.1 Overview

The LMH9235 device is a single-ended input to differential output narrow-band RF amplifier that is used in receiver applications. The LMH9235 provides  $\approx$  17 dB fixed power gain with excellent linearity and noise performance across 1 dB bandwidth of the 3.55 GHz center frequency. The device is internally matched for 50  $\Omega$  impedance at both the single-ended input as well as the differential output, as shown in Section 8.

The LMH9235 has on-chip active bias circuitry to maintain device performance over a wide temperature and supply voltage range. The included power down function allows the amplifier to shut down saving power when the amplifier is not needed. Fast shut down and start up enable the amplifier to be used in a host of TDD applications.

Operating on a single 3.3 V supply and consuming  $\approx$  80 mA of typical supply current, the device is available in a 2 mm x 2 mm 12-pin QFN package.

#### 7.2 Functional Block Diagram

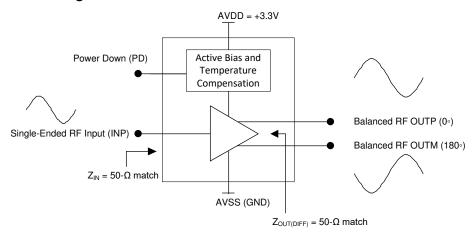


Figure 7-1. Functional Block Diagram

## 7.3 Feature Description

The LMH9235 device is single-ended to differential RF amplifier for narrow band active balun implementation. The device integrates the functionality of a single-ended RF amplifier and passive balun in traditional receive applications achieving small form factor with comparable linearity and noise performance, as shown in Figure 7-2.

The active balun implementation coupled with higher operating temperature of 105°C allows for more robust receiver system implementation compared to passive balun that is prone to reliability failures at high temperatures. The high temperature operation is achieved by the on-chip active bias circuitry which maintains device performance over a wide temperature and supply voltage range.

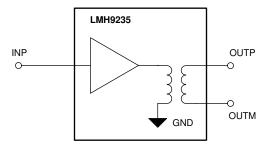


Figure 7-2. Single-Ended Input to Differential Output, Active Balun Implementation

#### 7.4 Device Functional Modes

The LMH9235 features a PD pin which should be connected to GND for normal operation. To power down the device, connect the PD pin to a logic high voltage of 1.8 V.

# 8 Application and Implementation

#### Note

Information in the following applications sections is not part of the TI component specification, and TI does not warrant its accuracy or completeness. TI's customers are responsible for determining suitability of components for their purposes, as well as validating and testing their design implementation to confirm system functionality.

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### 8.1 Application Information

The LMH9235 device is a single-ended,  $50~\Omega$  input to differential  $50~\Omega$  output RF gain block amplifier, used in the receive path of a 3.55~GHz center frequency, 5G, TDD m-MIMO or small cell base station. The device replaces the traditional single-ended RF amplifier and passive balun offering a smaller footprint solution to the customer. TI recommends following good RF layout and grounding techniques to maximize the device performance.

## 8.2 Typical Application

## 8.2.1 Matching to a 100 $\Omega$ AFE

A typical application of the LMH9235 device driving an AFE is shown in Figure 8-1.

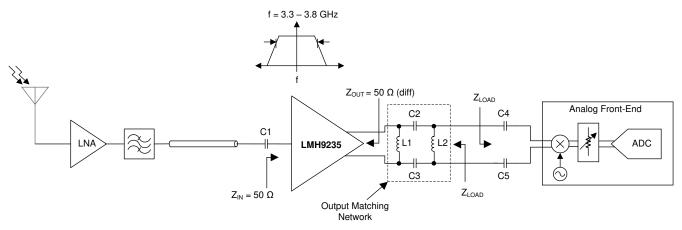


Figure 8-1. LMH9235 in Receive Chain Driving an Analog Front-End

#### 8.2.1.1 Design Requirements

 $Z_{\text{LOAD}}$  represents the impedance of the AFE. With a matching network comprising of L1, L2, C2, and C3 as shown, the LMH9235 is matched to the impedance of AFE. The capacitors C1, C4, and C5 are for dc-blocking purpose.

#### 8.2.1.2 Detailed Design Procedure

The table shows the matching network components for 50  $\Omega$  (differential) and 100  $\Omega$  (differential) AFE impedances.

Table 8-1. Matching Network Component Values

Value for Z<sub>LOA D</sub> = 50 Ω (differential)

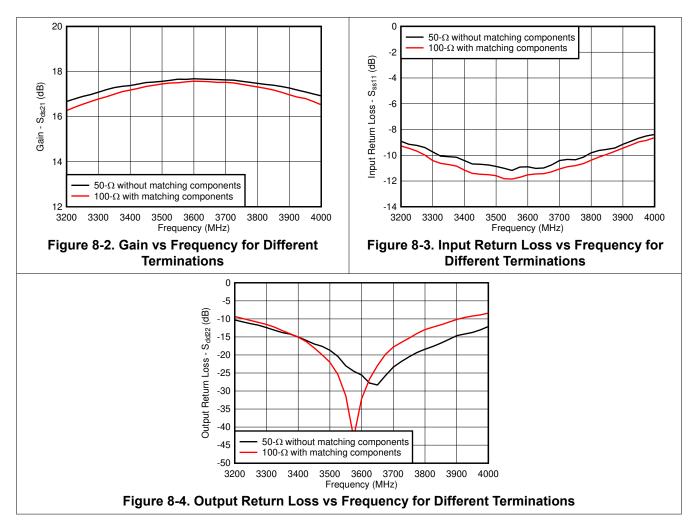
Value for Z<sub>DA D</sub> = 70 Ω (differential)

Component	Value for $Z_{LOA\ D}$ = 50 $\Omega$ (differential)	Value for $Z_{LOAD} = 100 \Omega$ (differential)
C1	22 pF	22 pF
C2, C3	SHORT	1.5 pF
L1	OPEN	OPEN
L2	OPEN	4.3 nH
C4, C5	22 pF	22 pF

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## 8.2.1.3 Application Curves

The graphs given below show the gain, input return loss and output return loss of the design with different AFE terminations.



### 8.2.2 Shifting the Operating Band

It is possible to tune the frequency band of operation of this chip by a simple external network at the input as shown in Figure 8-1. In this example, with the help of 2 components at the input, the frequency band is shifted to 3.7 - 4.2 GHz.

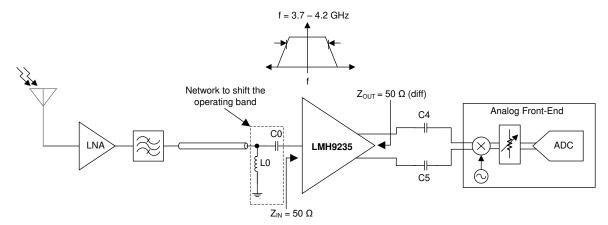


Figure 8-5. Shifting the Operating Band

#### 8.2.2.1 Design Requirements and Procedure

The components C0 and L0 are meant to shift the operating band from 3.3 - 3.8 GHz to 3.7 - 4.2 GHz. The capacitors C4, and C5 are for dc-blocking purpose. The values of these components are given in the table below.

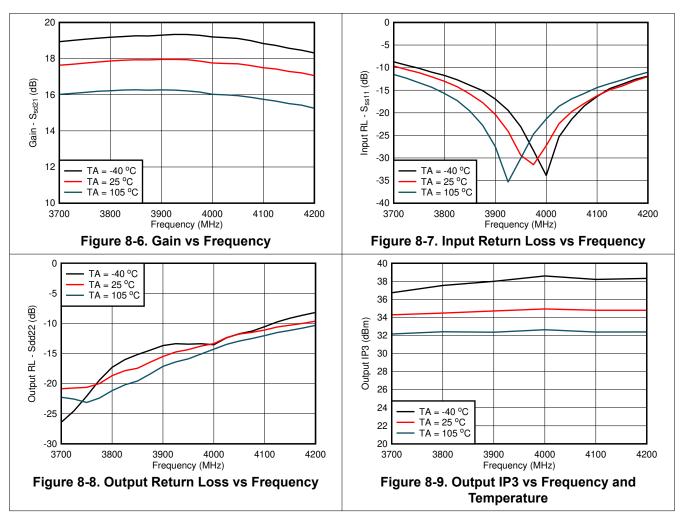
**Table 8-2. Matching Network Component Values** 

Component	Value
CO	2 pF
LO	2 nH
C4	22 pF
LC5	22 pF

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### 8.2.2.2 Application Curves

The graphs given below show the gain, input and output return loss and OIP3 of the design shown in Figure 8-1.



## 9 Power Supply Recommendations

The LMH9235 device operates on a common nominal 3.3-V supply voltage. It is recommended to isolate the supply voltage through decoupling capacitors placed close to the device. Select capacitors with self-resonant frequency above the application frequency. When multiple capacitors are used in parallel to create a broadband decoupling network, place the capacitor with the higher self-resonant frequency closer to the device.



# 10 Layout

# 10.1 Layout Guidelines

When designing with an RF amplifier operating in the frequency range 3.3 GHz to 3.8 GHz with relatively high gain, certain board layout precautions must be taken to ensure stability and optimum performance. TI recommends that the LMH9235 board be multi-layered to improve thermal performance, grounding, and power-supply decoupling. Figure 10-1 shows a good layout example. In this figure, only the top signal layer is shown.

- Excellent electrical connection from the thermal pad to the board ground is essential. Use the recommended footprint, solder the pad to the board, and do not include a solder mask under the pad.
- Connect the pad ground to the device terminal ground on the top board layer.
- · Ensure that ground planes on the top and any internal layers are well stitched with vias.
- Design the input and output RF traces for appropriate impedance. TI recommends grounded coplanar waveguide (GCPW) type transmission lines for the RF traces. Use a PCB trace width calculator tool to design the transmission lines.
- · Avoid routing clocks and digital control lines near RF signal lines.
- Do not route RF or DC signal lines over noisy power planes.
- Place supply decoupling caps close to the device.
- The differential output traces must be symmetrical in order to achieve the best differential balance and linearity performance.

See the LMH9235 Evaluation Module user's guide for more details on board layout and design.

### 10.2 Layout Example

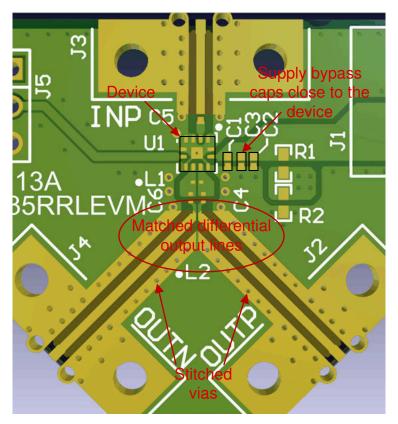


Figure 10-1. Layout Showing Matched Differential Traces and Supply Decoupling



# 11 Device and Documentation Support

### 11.1 Documentation Support

#### 11.1.1 Related Documentation

For related documentation see the following:

- Texas Instruments, LMH9235RRLEVM EU Declaration of Conformity (DoC).
- Texas Instruments, LMH9235 Evaluation Module User's Guide.

#### 11.2 Receiving Notification of Documentation Updates

To receive notification of documentation updates, navigate to the device product folder on ti.com. Click on *Subscribe to updates* to register and receive a weekly digest of any product information that has changed. For change details, review the revision history included in any revised document.

## 11.3 Support Resources

TI E2E<sup>™</sup> support forums are an engineer's go-to source for fast, verified answers and design help — straight from the experts. Search existing answers or ask your own question to get the quick design help you need.

Linked content is provided "AS IS" by the respective contributors. They do not constitute TI specifications and do not necessarily reflect TI's views; see TI's Terms of Use.

#### 11.4 Trademarks

TI E2E<sup>™</sup> is a trademark of Texas Instruments.

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#### 11.5 Electrostatic Discharge Caution



This integrated circuit can be damaged by ESD. Texas Instruments recommends that all integrated circuits be handled with appropriate precautions. Failure to observe proper handling and installation procedures can cause damage.

ESD damage can range from subtle performance degradation to complete device failure. Precision integrated circuits may be more susceptible to damage because very small parametric changes could cause the device not to meet its published specifications.

### 11.6 Glossary

TI Glossary

This glossary lists and explains terms, acronyms, and definitions.

#### 12 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information

The following pages include mechanical, packaging, and orderable information. This information is the most current data available for the designated devices. This data is subject to change without notice and revision of this document. For browser-based versions of this data sheet, refer to the left-hand navigation.

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#### PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable part number	Status (1)	Material type	Package   Pins	Package qty   Carrier	RoHS	Lead finish/ Ball material	MSL rating/ Peak reflow	Op temp (°C)	Part marking (6)
LMH9235IRRLR	Active	Production	WQFN (RRL)   12	3000   LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAUAG	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 105	35BO
LMH9235IRRLR.B	Active	Production	WQFN (RRL)   12	3000   LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAUAG	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 105	35BO

<sup>(1)</sup> Status: For more details on status, see our product life cycle.

Multiple part markings will be inside parentheses. Only one part marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a part. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire part marking for that device.

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In no event shall TI's liability arising out of such information exceed the total purchase price of the TI part(s) at issue in this document sold by TI to Customer on an annual basis.

<sup>(2)</sup> Material type: When designated, preproduction parts are prototypes/experimental devices, and are not yet approved or released for full production. Testing and final process, including without limitation quality assurance, reliability performance testing, and/or process qualification, may not yet be complete, and this item is subject to further changes or possible discontinuation. If available for ordering, purchases will be subject to an additional waiver at checkout, and are intended for early internal evaluation purposes only. These items are sold without warranties of any kind.

<sup>(3)</sup> RoHS values: Yes, No, RoHS Exempt. See the TI RoHS Statement for additional information and value definition.

<sup>(4)</sup> Lead finish/Ball material: Parts may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead finish/Ball material values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

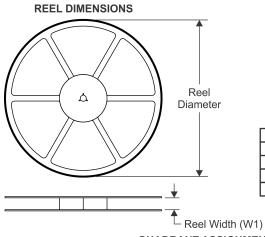
<sup>(5)</sup> MSL rating/Peak reflow: The moisture sensitivity level ratings and peak solder (reflow) temperatures. In the event that a part has multiple moisture sensitivity ratings, only the lowest level per JEDEC standards is shown. Refer to the shipping label for the actual reflow temperature that will be used to mount the part to the printed circuit board.

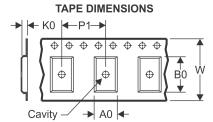
<sup>(6)</sup> Part marking: There may be an additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category of the part.

# PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

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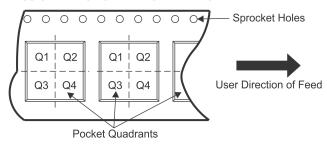
# TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION





	Dimension designed to accommodate the component width
B0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component length
K0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component thickness
W	Overall width of the carrier tape
P1	Pitch between successive cavity centers

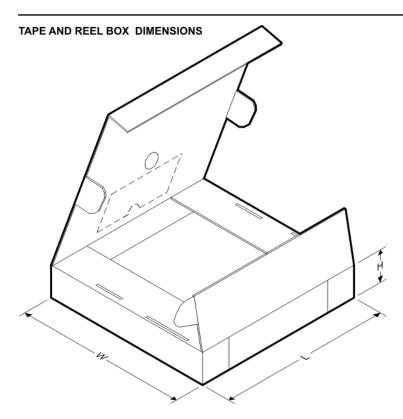
## QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



#### \*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing			Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
LMH9235IRRLR	WQFN	RRL	12	3000	180.0	8.4	2.2	2.2	1.2	4.0	8.0	Q2

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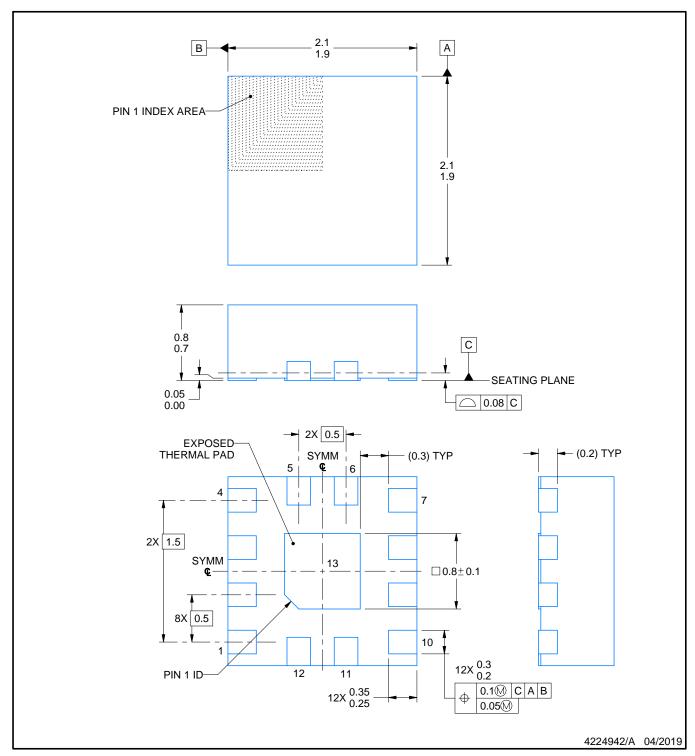


#### \*All dimensions are nominal

ĺ	Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
	LMH9235IRRLR	WQFN	RRL	12	3000	213.0	191.0	35.0



PLASTIC QUAD FLATPACK - NO LEAD

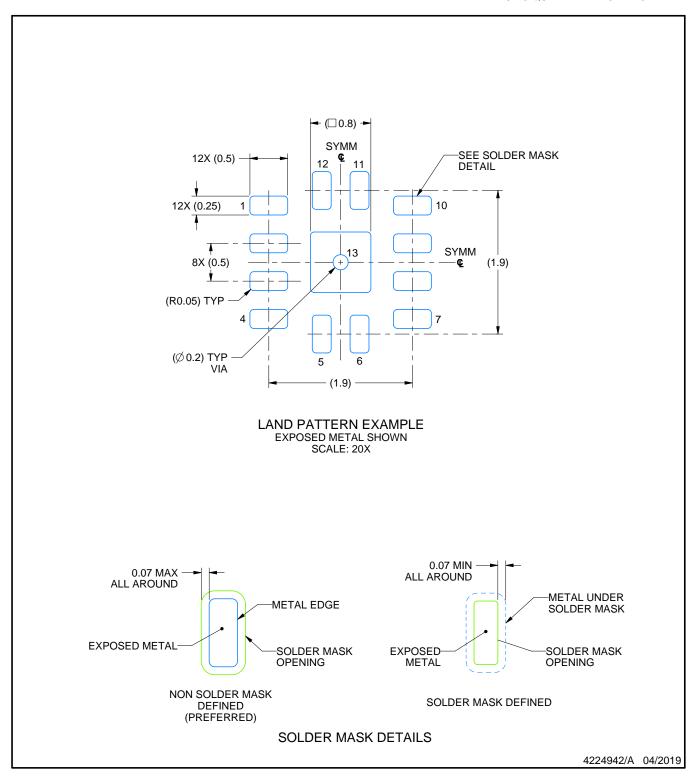


#### NOTES:

- 1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.
  2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- 3. The package thermal pad must be soldered to the printed circuit board for thermal and mechanical performance.



PLASTIC QUAD FLATPACK - NO LEAD

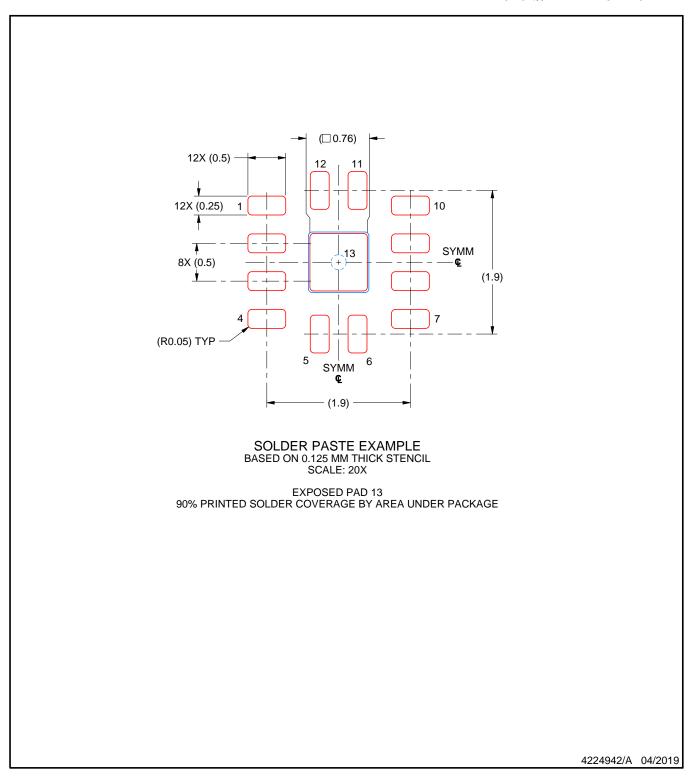


NOTES: (continued)

- 4. This package is designed to be soldered to a thermal pad on the board. For more information, see Texas Instruments literature number SLUA271 (www.ti.com/lit/slua271).
- 5. Vias are optional depending on application, refer to device data sheet. If any vias are implemented, refer to their locations shown on this view. It is recommended that vias under paste be filled, plugged or tented.



PLASTIC QUAD FLATPACK - NO LEAD



NOTES: (continued)

6. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.



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